



A Project of the PWG IPPFAX Working Group

The IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group

Draft Standard 5102.1-D0.11

October 11, 2002

<ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/ifx-spec-11.pdf>, .doc, .rtf

Abstract

This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [get-method].

An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDFax F Profile as specified in [pdfax] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type [pdf] and MAY support additional PDFax Profiles. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

ISSUE 01: Need to add IPPFAX Printer Description attributes for Amount of Receiver memory for JBIG2; REQUIRE Sender to query Receiver if going to exceed the maximum specified in [pdfax], say around 2M.

31 ISSUE 02: Add: Senders MUST NOT use OPTIONAL features, unless they have queried the Receiver
32 using Get-Printer-Attributes and verified that the Receiver supports the OPTIONAL feature. Need to add
33 Printer Description attributes to describe these OPTIONAL features.

34 ISSUE 03: Add: Receivers MUST NOT support any OPTIONAL features, unless the protocol has a way to
35 indicate that support to the Sender.

36 ISSUE 04: Clarify that support of the 'pdfax-c' requires color, while the 'pdfax-cg' is just gray scale. Same
37 for 'pdfax-d'. What about 'pdfax-m'? A Sender MUST NOT send a color document to a 'pdfax-cg'
38 Receiver, unless the Sending User has been explicitly notified.

39 This document is a draft of an IEEE-ISTO PWG Proposed Standard and is in full conformance with all
40 provisions of the PWG Process (see: <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/general/pwg-process.pdf>). PWG Proposed
41 Standards are working documents of the IEEE-ISTO PWG and its working groups. The list of current
42 PWG projects and drafts can be obtained at <http://www.pwg.org>.

43 When approved as a PWG standard, this document will be available from:

44 <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/standards/pwg5102.1.pdf>, .doc, .rtf

45

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188 **1 Introduction**

189 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from
190 the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

191 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
192 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
193 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
194 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

195 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
196 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc. There
197 is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a requirement
198 that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those associated
199 with the exchange of data over the network.

200 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
201 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
202 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
203 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this
204 document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. Only the attributes
205 defined in this document that start with the "ippfax-" prefix MUST NOT be used in the IPP Protocol (see
206 section 1.3). In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism
207 [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [get-method]. See section 20 for a comparison of IPP
208 and IPPFAX.

209 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDFax F Profile
210 [pdfax] and MAY support additional PDFax Profiles. A Print System MAY be configured to support both
211 the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device (or multiple output devices), but each
212 protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It is assumed that the reader is familiar
213 with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis]. See section 23.

214 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
215 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the
216 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network
217 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

218 1.1 Operations used

219 For each IPPFAX Job, the Sender sends at least the following operations to the Receiver in the
220 following order:

- 221 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - Sender MUST verify that the Printer object is an (IPPFAX) Receiver
222 and SHOULD determine some of the Receiver's basic capabilities, such as PDFax profiles
223 supported.
- 224 2. Validate-Job - Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can support the Job attributes that the
225 Sender will send in the IPPFAX Job.
- 226 3. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (or MAY send
227 Create-Job & one or more Send-Document operations if the Receiver also supports these
228 operations)
- 229 4. Get-Notifications - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for
230 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise.

231 1.2 Typical exchange

232 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four
233 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 234 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the "printer-uri"
235 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does
236 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network
237 enumeration protocols such as SLP, etc. See section 22 for the Generic Directory Schema for
238 IPPFAX.
- 239 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to generate
240 the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver's network
241 location and starts the exchange.
- 242 3. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX-capable Printer and
243 SHOULD determine the basic capabilities of the Receiver, including document format, profiles, and
244 profile extensions – see section 7.1.
- 245 4. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's basic
246 capabilities. The PDFax data formats and profiles are described in detail in "The Printer Working
247 Group Standard for PDF FAX Format (PDFax)" specification [pdfax].
- 248 5. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver will accept all of the attributes of the
249 IPPFAX Job from this Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.2. If the
250 Receiver rejects the Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.

- 251 6. The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2)
252 generates or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format – see section 6.6.
- 253 7. As part of the Validation and Job Creation, the following identities are determined and exchanged:
254 Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and Receiving User – see section 8.
- 255 8. The Sender transmits the Document data to the Receiver – see section 9.
- 256 9. The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document data – see
257 section 9.4.
- 258 10. In addition the Sender **MUST** support and the Sending User **MAY** choose to receive an Event
259 Notification that the Document has been successfully Delivered – see sections 9.3 and 9.6
- 260 If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will perform
261 some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an implementer’s
262 choice and beyond the scope of this document.

263 1.3 Namespace used for attributes

264 Most of the new attributes defined in this document are intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX
265 protocols. As such, these attributes have neither the “ipp-” nor the “ippfax-” prefix in their names. The few
266 attributes that are intended only for use in the IPPFAX protocol start with the “ippfax-” prefix in order to
267 indicate their limited scope of usage. Such attributes (e.g., “ippfax-versions-supported”) **MUST NOT** be
268 supported by the IPP Protocol, i.e., **MUST NOT** be supported by IPP Printer objects.

269 On the other hand, unless explicitly specified otherwise, all existing IPP attributes, including future IPP
270 extensions, apply to the IPPFAX Protocol as well, including attributes which have an “ipp-” prefix. For
271 example, the IPP/1.1 “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2)
272 and the IPP/1.1 “ipp-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.14) are
273 also used in the IPPFAX protocol, even though they have the “ipp-” prefix.
274

275 2 Terminology

276 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

277 2.1 Conformance Terminology

278 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
279 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
280 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
281 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,
282 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements for

283 IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
284 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

285 **2.2 Other Terminology**

286 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
287 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

288 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
289 document (see section 18). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL
290 scheme.

291 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
292 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request **MUST** use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see
293 section 4.1 and 16). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,
294 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

295 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
296 returns protocol responses. A Printer object **MAY** be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer
297 object, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION** (see section 3.3), but **MUST NOT** be both (since they
298 support some different operations and attributes and are really two different kinds of Print Services). A
299 Printer object **MAY** support multiple URLs with different security, authentication, and/or access control
300 (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each URL for a Printer object **MUST** support
301 the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as restricted depending on the security,
302 authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other words, each URL for a given Printer
303 object is offering the same Print Service.

304 Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.
305 This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to
306 apply to a Printer object that **MAY** support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

307 **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects **MAY**
308 offer the same Print Service.

309 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by
310 definition).

311 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
312 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).

313 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System **MAY**
314 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section 3.3) for a single output device (or multiple
315 output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

316 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
317 A client **MAY** be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the

318 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is
319 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

320 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

321 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
322 Receiver.

323 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
324 Receiver.

325 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.

326 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.

327 **Attribute Coloring** The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a Get-
328 Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically the
329 “document-format” (see section 5.1 and [RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1) and “pdfax-profile-requested”
330 operation attributes.

331 **Job Creation Operation** The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs, respectively,
332 i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).

333 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.

334 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.

335 **Portable Document Format (PDF)** The file format defined in [pdf].

336 **PDFax** A subset of PDF [pdf] and a set of PDF profiles that permit serialized generation of the PDF
337 document. This subset of PDF is defined in “The Printer Working Group Standard for PDF FAX Format
338 (PDFax)” (see [pdfax]).

339 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin or
340 has forwarded the Document to some other system.

341 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute, operation, request, response, operation**
342 **attribute, Printer Description attribute, Job Description attribute, integrity, and privacy** is also used
343 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

344 The terminology defined in the IPP “Event Notifications and Subscriptions” specification [ipp-ntfy] and
345 “The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for Event Notifications” specification [get-method], such as **Event**
346 **Notification, Event, Subscription Object, Per-Job Subscription, Per-Printer Subscription, Push**
347 **Delivery Method, and Pull Delivery Method** is also used in this document with the same capitalization
348 conventions and semantics.

349 **3 IPPFAX Model**

350 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

351 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

352 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
353 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]
354 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
355 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
356 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

357 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

358 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer object,
359 not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and attributes
360 accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security, authentication,
361 and/or access control depending on the URL used.

362 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2
363 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
364 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
365 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object. See also the OPTIONAL “printer-xri-supported”
366 (collection) Printer Description attribute [RFC3380], which, if supported, MUST be used to set these three
367 parallel attributes using the protocol.

368 Note: For a Printer object that supports multiple URLs, neither the IPP/1.1 protocol nor the IPPFAX/1.0
369 protocol provides a way for the administrator to Set or Get the values of Printer attributes whose values
370 MAY depend on the URL used and/or MAY depend on the authenticated role of the requesting user. So,
371 for example, there is no way to set the differing values of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute (see
372 section 6.5) that depend on the URL using the IPP or IPPFAX protocol. Providing such means is left for
373 future work as a single specification for use by both IPP and IPPFAX.

374 **3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols**

375 From section 3.2, if a Print System supports both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST do so with separate Printer
376 objects, not with a single Printer object with IPP and IPPFAX URLs. Each such Printer object MUST
377 support either IPP or IPPFAX, but not both. In other words, each URL for a Printer object MUST have the
378 same scheme, namely, ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’, i.e., MUST NOT have some URLs with the ‘ipp’ scheme and other
379 URLs with the ‘ippfax’ scheme. The reason for this requirement for separate Printer objects for IPP and
380 IPPFAX is because a URL and its Printer object is intended to represent a network resource offering a
381 particular type of service, not several different types of services.

382 Note: it is possible to support IPP and IPPFAX Printer objects with a single piece of code in a Print System
383 with conditional branching to handle the differences in conformance requirements between IPP and
384 IPPFAX. For example, such conditional branching could depend on the “printer-uri” operation attribute
385 supplied by the client in each request to the Print System. See section 20 for a comparison of IPP/1.1 and
386 IPPFAX/1.0.

387 **4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics**

388 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
389 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using
390 existing IPP operations [RFC2911], [ipp-ntfy], [get-method], [RFC3380], etc. with increased conformance
391 requirements as specified in this document.

392 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)**

393 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the
394 client **MUST** supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section
395 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value **MUST** be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 16)
396 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

397 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”
398 Printer Description attribute:

399 `ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5`

400 As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and
401 IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies
402 indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Print System to use IPP or IPPFAX
403 semantics. Similarly, if a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme
404 in the target “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies **MUST** determine the protocol, the
405 Printer object, and the semantics that the Print System performs.

406 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver **NEED NOT** validate that the “printer-uri”
407 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s
408 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 6.1). For URI matching rules see section
409 16.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not
410 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver **MUST**
411 reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return the
412 attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

413 **4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)**

414 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number
415 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender **MUST** supply
416 this parameter in every request and the Receiver **MUST** return this parameter in every response.

417 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the IPP “version-number” parameter
418 **MUST** be ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number. The value is represented as 0x0101 (see [RFC2910])
419 where the major version number comes first (so-called “network byte order”).

420 If the Receiver does not support the supplied IPP major version *as part of the IPPFAX protocol*, the
421 Receiver **MUST** respond as specified in [RFC2911] section 3.1.8 with the ‘server-error-version-not-
422 supported’ status code. As in IPP/1.1, if the major version number is supported, but the minor version
423 number is not, the Receiver **SHOULD** accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the
424 operation is not supported), else the Receiver **MUST** reject the request and returns the ‘server-error-version-
425 not-supported’ status code. In all cases as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver **MUST** return the “version-number”
426 parameter with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client in the
427 “version-number” parameter in the request.

428 **4.3 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

429 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the
430 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender **MUST** supply this operation attribute in
431 every request and the Receiver **MUST** return this operation attribute in every response. This operation
432 attribute **MUST** be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes
433 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version-number” operation
434 attribute serves the same purpose for the IPPFAX Protocol as the IPP/1.1 “version-number” parameter
435 serves for the IPP Protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).

436 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver **MUST** reject the operation, **MUST** return the
437 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and **SHOULD** return the ‘ippfax-version-number’ attribute name
438 keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

439 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the “ippfax-version-number” operation
440 attribute **MUST** be ‘1.0’ keyword value. By including an IPPFAX version number in the client request, it
441 allows the Sender to identify which version of IPPFAX the Sender is requesting to be used, i.e., the version
442 whose conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.

443 The Receiver **MUST** indicate the IPPFAX versions supported using the “ippfax-versions-supported”
444 (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.3).

445 As in IPP/1.1, if the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the
446 major version field of the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute does not match any of the values of
447 the Printer’s “ippfax-versions-supported” (see section 6.3), the Receiver **MUST** respond with a status code
448 of ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ along with the closest version number that is supported (see
449 [RFC2911] section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is

450 not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation
451 is not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ status code.
452 In all cases, the Receiver MUST return the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute in the response
453 with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the Sender in the request.

454 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a ‘server-error-version-not-supported’
455 status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number. A Sender MAY
456 also determine the versions supported either from a directory (see section 22) or by querying the Printer
457 object’s “ipp-versions-supported” (see section 6.2) and “ippfax-versions-supported” attributes (see section
458 6.3) to determine which IPP and IPPFAX versions are supported, respectively, as part of IPPFAX.

459 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
460 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

461 **5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics**

462 The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by
463 the semantics defined in this section.

464 **5.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)**

465 This operation attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver MUST return the supported
466 values of the requested attributes. The semantics of this Get-Printer-Attributes operation attribute is the
467 same as for IPP ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5), with the following conformance requirement changes:

- 468 1. The Sender SHOULD supply the “document-format” operation attribute (IPP client may).
- 469 2. The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the requested (or defaulted) document
470 format (IPP Printer may).
- 471 3. Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.6.

472 **5.2 pdfax-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

473 This operation attribute specifies one PDFax Profile (see [pdfax]). The Sender SHOULD supply the
474 “pdfax-profile-requested” operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format
475 supplied is ‘application/pdf’ [pdf]. The Receiver MUST support this operation attribute in a Get-Printer-
476 Attributes operation.

477 If the PDFax Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver’s “pdfax-
478 profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute - see section 6.7), the Receiver MUST reject the operation
479 and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code.

480 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and
481 Table 2 depending on the value of the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-requested” operation
482 attributes supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.

483 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the PDFax F Profile
484 (keyword value ‘pdfax-f’) that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute Coloring
485 for that profile. Note: There is no “pdfax-profile-default” attribute defined for Get-Printer-Attributes (or for
486 Job Creation operations).

487 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

488 **6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

489 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
490 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

491 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
492 whose semantics are defined in this document. The Receiver conformance requirements for Attribute
493 Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-
494 requested” operation attribute values supplied by the client is indicated in the column labeled “Attribute
495 Coloring”.

496 Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications
497 [ipp-ntfy] that are not in Table 1. The Printer Description attributes in Table 2 have the same conformance
498 requirements as in [RFC2911] and [ipp-ntfy], as shown in Table 2. Any other Printer Description attributes
499 defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

500 See section 9.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
501 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

502

Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.1, 8.4
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	must	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.3
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.4
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.5
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.6
pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.7
pdfax-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	may	MUST	MUST	6.8

503
504
505
506
507
508
509

* These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this document.

** A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST NOT support IPP as well, but MUST support the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute to indicate the version(s) of IPP that are supported *as part of IPPFAX operations*. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them as separate Printer objects (see section 3.3).

510

Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Spec
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]

511

512 **6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)**

513 This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e., the URI values that a client can
514 supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver
515 MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1). However, a single Printer
516 object MUST NOT support both ‘ipp’ and ‘ippfax’ schemed URIs. Therefore, the schemes MUST all be
517 ‘ipp’ or all ‘ippfax’. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate
518 Printer objects (see section 3.3).

519 If a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, it is RECOMMENDED that the Print
520 System support Printer objects whose target URIs differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the
521 “printer-uri-supported” attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can query the
522 same Print System with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to see if the other protocol is
523 supported (as a separate Printer object).

524 The Receiver MUST support the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see section 16) and only the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme
525 for this attribute (see section 3.3).

526 **6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)**

527 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPP Protocol that this Receiver supports as part of the
528 IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the IPP Protocol), including major and
529 minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the conformance requirements. The
530 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The Receiver MUST compare the “version-
531 number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the
532 Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*.

533 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

534 ‘1.1’: The “IPP part” of the IPPFAX operations meets the protocol and encoding conformance
535 requirements of IPP version 1.1 as specified in [RFC2911], [RFC2910], and IPP extensions.
536

537 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for keywords,
538 by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter.

539 **6.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

540 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,
541 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the
542 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as
543 opposed to an IPP Printer object. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. An IPP
544 Printer object MUST NOT support this attribute, since a Printer object MUST NOT support both IPP and
545 IPPFAX (see section 3.3).

546 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by
547 the Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver
548 supports the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

549 Since a Printer object MUST NOT support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, there is no ambiguity with
550 requiring a Receiver to support both the “ipp-versions-supported” and “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer
551 Description attributes (see sections 6.2 and 6.3). If a Printer object supports the “ipp-versions-supported”
552 attribute, but not the “ippfax-versions-supported” attribute, then by definition that Printer object supports
553 the IPP Protocol. If a Printer object supports the “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute,
554 then by definition that Printer object is a Receiver and supports the IPPFAX Protocol and not the IPP
555 Protocol. For such a Printer object, the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute indicates the versions of IPP that
556 it supports *as part of IPPFAX operations*, rather than indicating that it supports the IPP Protocol (by itself).

557 Standard keyword values are:

558 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.
559

560 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for keywords,
561 by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter. However, for consistency with
562 IPP, these IPPFAX version keyword values are defined compatibly with the IPP version keyword
563 values.

564 **6.4 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)**

565 This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver is currently accepting (IPPFAX) Job Creation requests.
566 As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
567 4.4.23).

568 See section 10.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative operations, if
569 implemented, affect the value of this attribute.

570 **6.5 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)**

571 This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver and contained Job objects. As in
572 IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.15).

573 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute and/or
574 MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver the supports
575 administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but such a
576 Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. For example, if an end user queries
577 a Printer that supports the Disable-Printer administrative operation, it MAY either (1) return the Disable-
578 Printer enum or (2) use Attribute Coloring and not return the Disable-Printer enum to the end user. In
579 either case, if an administrator queries the same Printer, it MUST return the Disable-Printer enum.

580 **6.6 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)**

581 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST
 582 support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

583 Since most document formats don't give the "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation
 584 fidelity for all implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a
 585 subset of the IPP document formats supported.

586 Standard mimeType values for IPPFAX jobs include:

587 **Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types**

mimeType	Description	Sender support	Receiver support
application/pdf [pdf]	Portable Document Format, PDFax subset	MUST	MUST
application/octet-stream	auto-sensing ([RFC2911] section 4.1.9.1)	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
any other MIME types	such as 'application/pdf'** (see [IANA-MT])	MUST NOT	MUST NOT

588 ** Note: The recent ANSI and ISO PDF/X-1:1999, PDF/X:2001, and PDF/X-1a formats and under
 589 development PDF/X-2 and PDF/X-3 formats which are specializations of 'application/pdf' MIME
 590 type do not have registered MIME types, though some of these have the same "blind interchange"
 591 guarantee of document presentation fidelity as 'application/pdf' MIME type.

592 **6.7 pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

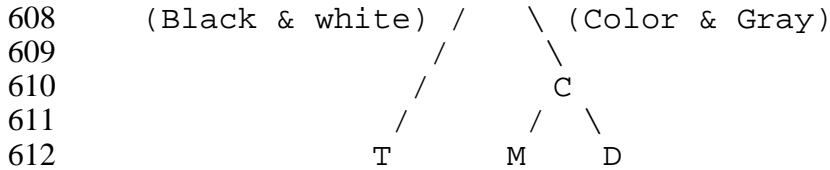
593 This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color PDFax Profiles the Receiver supports. A
 594 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

595 This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the PDFax Profiles
 596 [pdfax] of the 'application/pdf' [pdf] document format. Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT be returned if
 597 the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request does
 598 not support PDFax Profiles.

599 See [pdfax] Appendix A for the definition of each of these PDFax Profiles and the inter-dependency
 600 requirements for PDFax Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the inter-
 601 dependency requirements in [pdfax] for PDFax Profile support (for example, PDFax Profile F MUST be
 602 supported and PDFax Profile C MUST be supported if PDFax Profile L is supported, so the 'pdfax-f'
 603 keyword MUST always be present and the 'pdfax-c' keyword MUST be present if the 'pdfax-l' keyword is
 604 present).

605 The following tree diagram shows the relationship among PDFax Imaging Profiles:





614 Standard keyword values are shown in Table 4 along with the IANA registered MIME Media Type and File
 615 Name Extension Suffix:

616 **Table 4 - PDFax Profile keywords**

Keyword	MIME Type	File name suffix	Description (see [pdfax])	Sender support	Receiver support
pdfax-f	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile F	MUST	MUST
pdfax-t	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile T	MAY	MAY
pdfax-c	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile C	MAY, MUST if pdfax-d or pdfax-m supported	MAY, MUST if pdfax-d or pdfax-m supported
pdfax-cg	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile C with gray-scale subset	MAY, MUST if pdfax-dg or pdfax-m supported	MAY, MUST if pdfax-dg or pdfax-m supported
pdfax-d	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile D	MAY	MAY
pdfax-dg	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile D with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY
pdfax-m	application/pdf	.pdf	PDFax Profile M	MAY	MAY

617

618 **6.8 pdfax-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))**

619 This attribute contains a CONNEG capability string expression as defined in [pdfax] Appendix A for
 620 PDFax Profiles. A Receiver MAY support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute is intended to
 621 convey the capabilities of the Receiver that exceed the minimum requirements, if any, for each supported
 622 PDFax Profile.

623 This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the PDFax Profiles of the
 624 ‘application/pdf’ document formats. Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT be returned if the “document-

625 format” operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request does not support
626 PDFax Profiles.

627 Each value MUST end with explicit White Space where CONNEG allows White Space to occur. However,
628 there is no need to break a CONNEG expression into more than one value if it all fits into 1023 octets of a
629 single text value (MAX = 1023).

630 The values taken together MUST conform to the minimum value in [pdfax], plus any additional capabilities
631 that the Receiver supports. Thus a Sender can determine additional capabilities above the minimum for the
632 PDFax Profiles that the Receiver supports (see section 6.7).

633 **7 Sender Validation of the Receiver’s Capabilities**

634 This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its
635 basic capabilities (section 7.1) and then validate the IPPFAX Job (section 7.2).

636 **7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities**

637 The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is a valid Receiver using the Get-Printer-Attributes
638 operation as indicated in Table 5. The Sender SHOULD determine the Receiver’s basic capabilities before
639 generating the document data in order to ensure the best rendering the document as intended by the Sender
640 before submitting an IPPFAX job as indicated in Table 5. The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the
641 IPPFAX Validate-Job operation followed by the IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 (or
642 IPP/1.0) Printer MAY accept both IPPFAX operations (but not perform IPPFAX semantics).

643 If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned, then
644 the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept IPPFAX
645 Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see
646 section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it OK to use the IPP Protocol.

647 The order of presentation in Table 5 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the
648 Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Receiver MAY
649 return them in any order as specified in [RFC2911]).

650

Table 5 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes

Attribute	Ref.	Sender action
operation attributes:		
printer-uri	4.1	Sender MUST validate whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme locates a valid Receiver destination.
Printer Description attributes:		
ippfax-versions-supported	6.3	Sender MUST check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX Protocol on the target URL by checking whether or not the Printer supports this attribute, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver.
operations-supported	6.5	If the Sender is going to use any operations that are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support (such as Create-Job, Send-Document), the Sender SHOULD validate that the Receiver supports such operations (though the Printer MUST return an error if the client attempts to use an operation that the Printer doesn’t support).
document-format-supported	6.6	Sender SHOULD** check which document formats the Receiver supports.
pdfax-profiles-supported	6.7	Sender SHOULD** check which PDFax Profiles of the ‘image/tiff’ and ‘image/tiff-fx’ document formats the Receiver supports, if the Sender uses any PDFax profiles other than ‘pdfax-f’.
pdfax-profile-capabilities	6.8	Sender MUST check which OPTIONAL capabilities of each PDFax Profile the Receiver supports if the Sender uses any feature that is OPTIONAL for a PDFax Profile. The Sender MUST make this check, since profile capabilities are represented as CONNEG expressions (see [ifs-pdfax]) which the Validate-Job operation cannot check.
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD** check which media is supported, if the Sender specifies a particular media.
media-ready	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD check which media is ready (loaded, i.e., needs no human intervention to use).
printer-resolutions-supported	9.2.2.1	Sender SHOULD** check which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.

651 ** SHOULD** indicates that the Sender SHOULD check, but that if the Sender doesn’t, then the Validate-
 652 Job operation will catch any unsupported attributes or values and reject the operation.

653 **7.2 Validating the Printer’s IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation**

654 After validating that the Printer is a Receiver (section 7.1), the Sender MUST validate the job attributes
 655 using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn’t include any Document data) before sending the IPPFAX Job
 656 with the same attributes using an IPPFAX Job Creation operation that includes the Document data. The

657 Sender **MUST** supply all the same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job request as it
 658 will supply in the subsequent Job Creation request (see section 9).

659 The Sender **MUST** supply the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with a ‘true’ value (see [RFC2911]
 660 section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then the Receiver will
 661 reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported, thereby ensuring that
 662 the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the lack of support of one or
 663 more Job Template attributes, the Sender **MUST** query the user in order to proceed without these attributes.
 664 If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as ‘server-error-not-accepting-jobs ([RFC2911]
 665 section 13.1.5.7), the Sender **MUST** inform the Sending User so that person has the opportunity to choose
 666 to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it is OK
 667 to use the IPP Protocol. The main IPPFAX features that **MAY** be missing in the IPP Protocol are:

- 668 - Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the
 669 Sender **MAY** not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer support.
- 670 - Identity exchange (section 8): IPP need not provide the definitive identity exchange that
 671 IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.

672 **8 Identity exchange**

673 This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver use to identify each to the other and to
 674 identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 6 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and
 675 Receiver conformance requirements.

676 **Table 6 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes**

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY *	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD *	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST *	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST **	MUST

677 * Sender supplies in a Validate-Job and Job Creation operations.

678 ** Sender supplies in a Get-Printer-Attributes request.

679 **8.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

680 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.
 681 The Sender **MAY** send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation. The Receiver **MUST**
 682 support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification and
 683 **MUST** populate the job’s corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver **MUST** support **MAX**
 684 (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver **MAY** ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case
 685 it **MUST** still accept the Job Creation request and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-

686 attributes' status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored
687 values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

688 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
689 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

690 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
691 As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the "job-sheets" Job
692 Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the
693 Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other
694 than 'none'. The Sender can suppress the Receiver's separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-
695 supported" Printer attribute contains the 'none' value. If the Sender omits the "job-sheets" Job Template
696 attribute, the Receiver's "job-sheets-default" value will be used.

697 **8.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

698 This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426,
699 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job
700 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
701 corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.
702 However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept
703 the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see
704 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported
705 Attributes Group.

706 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
707 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

708 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
709 See discussion under section 8.1.

710 **8.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

711 This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in
712 a GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely
713 identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure
714 that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI
715 before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

716 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
717 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
718 corresponding Job Description attribute.

719 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of
720 the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes

721 and has nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 11). This attribute is more akin to an email
722 'Reply-To' field.

723 **8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)**

724 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device, so
725 that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. See section 6.1 for additional IPPFAX
726 semantics for this attribute. The Sender **MUST** query this attribute using the Get-Printer-Attributes
727 operation as specified in section 7.1 while supplying a target "printer-uri" operation attribute with the
728 'ippfax' scheme.

729 **9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations**

730 The Sender and Receiver **MUST** support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and **MAY**
731 support creating IPPFAX Jobs using Create-Job and Send-Document, as well. The Sender and Receiver
732 **MUST NOT** support print by reference, i.e., **MUST NOT** support the Print-URI and Send-URI operations,
733 since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the document data
734 does.

735 **9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes**

736 Table 7 lists the operation attributes for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations for Senders, IPP/1.1
737 Printers, and Receivers. Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with
738 footnotes. Any other IPP operation attributes defined in other documents are **OPTIONAL** for IPPFAX.

739

Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	IPP/1.1 Printer supports	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	must	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	must	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	must	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	must	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	must	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	9.1.1	MUST with 'true' value ¹	must	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	must	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	must	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	9.1.2	MUST ²	must	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	may	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	8.1	MAY	may	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	8.2	SHOULD	may	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	8.3	MUST	may	MUST
pdfax-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) *	9.1.3	MUST	may	MUST

740 * As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for Job
741 Creation and Validate-Job operations.
742

743 9.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

744 In IPP/1.1, this operation attribute indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job
745 Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-
746 Job and Job Creation operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support
747 this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation
748 attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

749 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the 'false' value, the Receiver MUST reject the
750 operation, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ipp-attribute-
751 fidelity' attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

752 9.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

753 This operation attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The
754 Sender **MUST** supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations. A Receiver
755 **MUST** validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not **REQUIRE** the IPP Client
756 to supply this operation attribute.

757 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver **MUST** reject the operation, **MUST** return the
758 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and **SHOULD** return the ‘document-format’ attribute name keyword
759 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

760 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s
761 “document-format-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver **MUST** reject the operation and
762 return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance).

763 Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.6.

764 9.1.3 pdfax-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute

765 This attribute identifies the PDFax Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender
766 **SHOULD** supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to the
767 Receiver as to what the PDFax Profiles [pdfax] are when the document format is ‘application/pdf’ [pdf]. A
768 Receiver **MUST** validate and support this operation attribute.

769 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s “pdfax-
770 profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver **MUST** reject the operation and return the
771 ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance extended to PDFax profiles -
772 see section 14.2).

773 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver **MUST** accept the job anyway and validate as soon
774 as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is
775 **RECOMMENDED** that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning the
776 Job Creation response. Note: there is no “pdfax-profiles-default” attribute defined.

777 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document
778 data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered profile,
779 **MUST** the Receiver abort the job.

780 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

781 9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)

782 Table 8 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents for use in Validate-Job and
783 Job Creation operations and shows their conformance for IPPFAX Jobs. As in [RFC2911], the term “Job
784 Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-

785 supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any other IPP Job Template attributes defined
 786 in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

787 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
 788 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
 789 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

790 In Table 8, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the
 791 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, but
 792 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for the
 793 attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these
 794 attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation
 795 operation (since the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). If the Receiver
 796 supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-Printer-Attributes
 797 response for the corresponding “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default” Printer attributes. Note: These are
 798 attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly non-FAX feature
 799 if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-priority” = 100,
 800 respectively.

801 In Table 8, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender
 802 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.
 803 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation operation
 804 (since the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the
 805 Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported”
 806 MUST NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document
 807 or provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the
 808 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |
 809 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

810 In Table 8, the “Receiver Attribute Coloring” column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for
 811 Attribute Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and
 812 “pdfax-profile-requested” operation attribute values supplied by the Sender. The ‘n/a’ value indicates not
 813 applicable, since the attribute either MUST NOT be supported or MUST have only the indicated single
 814 value.

815 **Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes**

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
cover-back (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC3382]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
finishings-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
force-front-side (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
imposition-template (type2 keyword name(MAX))	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
insert-sheet (1setOf collection)	'insert-count' = 0	'insert-count' = 0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
job-account-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-user-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-error-sheet (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	'no-hold'	'no-hold'	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-message-to-operator (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	50	50	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-sheet-message (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-sheets-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MAY	[RFC2911]
media-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	1	1	n/a	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	'portrait'	'portrait'	n/a	[RFC2911]
output-bin (type2 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]
page-delivery (type2 keyword)	'system-specified'	'system-specified'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-order-received (type2 keyword)	'1-to-n-order'	'1-to-n-order'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-overrides (1setOf collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC3382]
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	1:MAX	1:MAX	n/a	[RFC2911]
pages-per-subset (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
presentation-direction-number-up (type2 keyword)	'toright-tobottom'	'toright-tobottom'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
print-quality (type2 enum)	'high'	'high'	n/a	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MAY (see section 9.2.2)	MUST (see section 9.2.2)	MUST	[RFC2911]
separator-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
sheet-collate (type2 keyword)	'collated'	'collated'	n/a	[RFC3381]
sides (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
x-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
x-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

816 * If a single value is indicated, then a Receiver MAY support the indicated Job Template attribute, but
817 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for the
818 attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all.

819 **9.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section** 820 **4.2.11)**

821 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of
822 the job. The Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation
823 requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the “media-default”, “media-ready”, and “media-
824 supported” Printer attributes.

825 The PDFax Profiles standard [pdfax] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to
826 determine the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media Size
827 Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

828 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:

829 'na_letter_8.5x11in'
830 'iso_a4_210x297mm'

831 **9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes**

832 The Sender MUST query the values of the “media-supported” and “media-ready” attributes ([RFC2911]
833 section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Job Creation
834 operation. The “media-ready” attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and will not require
835 human intervention in order to be used.

836 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.

837 **9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)**

838 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
839 resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the “printer-resolution” Job Template

840 attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the
841 “printer-resolution-default”, and “printer-resolution-supported” Printer attributes.

842 For PDFax Documents, if the Sender supplies the “printer-resolution” (resolution) Job Template attribute,
843 the value MUST agree with the resolution of each of the pages of the PDFax Document. If the supplied
844 value disagrees with the resolution of any of the pages of the PDFax Document, the Receiver MUST obey
845 the resolution in the PDFax document, on a page by page basis.

846 Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the “printer-resolution” Job Template
847 attribute is so that the Sender can query the corresponding “printer-resolution-supported” (1setOf
848 resolution) Printer attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED for
849 the PDFax Profiles supported. See section 9.2.2.1.

850 **9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute**

851 If the Sender is using a resolution for a PDFax Profile that is not one of the REQUIRED resolutions for the
852 PDFax Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the “printer-resolution-supported” Printer
853 attribute. The Receiver MUST support Attribute Coloring (by document format and by PDFax profile) for
854 the ‘application/pdf’ [pdf] document-formats. Thus this attribute allows the Sender to determine the
855 additional resolutions supported in addition to the resolutions required for support of each of the PDFax
856 Profiles without having to interpret the CONNEG expression values of the “pdfax-profile-capabilities”
857 Printer Description attribute (see section 6.8).

858 **9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements**

859 Table 9 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-Job
860 requests. The attributes in Subscription Objects are shown immediately followed (indented) by their
861 corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes.

862

Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax) Attribute in Subscription Object Default and Supported Printer Attributes	Sender Conformance in Job Creation operations	Receiver Conformance	Reference
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-pull-method (type2 keyword)	MUST **	MUST	section 9.3.1
notify-pull-method-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	section 9.3.2
notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863)) notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0: 67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]

863 * The Sender MUST supply at least the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute for any Push Delivery Method.

864 ** The Sender MUST supply at least the “notify-pull-method” attribute for any Pull Delivery Method,
865 such as the REQUIRED ‘ippget’ Delivery Method.
866

867 **9.3.1 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) Subscription Template attribute [ipp-ntfy]**

868 This Subscription Template attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy] indicates the Pull Delivery Method. A Sender
869 MUST supply this attribute with the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method keyword value [get-method] in order to
870 determine when the Document has been Delivered so that the Sender can give a positive acknowledgement
871 to the Sending User. A Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP Notification specification [ipp-ntfy]
872 indicated in this document and the ‘ippget’ Notification Delivery Method [get-method].

873 **9.3.2 Notification Event Conformance Requirements**

874 Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

875 The Receiver **MUST** support the ‘job-progress’ event (which is **OPTIONAL** in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of
 876 the **REQUIRED** events in [ipp-ntfy] (‘none’, ‘printer-state-change’, ‘printer-stopped’, ‘job-state-change’,
 877 ‘job-created’, and ‘job-completed’). However, the Receiver **MUST NOT** support any Printer Events in Per-
 878 Job Subscriptions, since that would give an IPPFAX Sender information about the Printer while the Printer
 879 was printing other IPPFAX Jobs. If the Sender subscribes to the ‘job-progress’ event, the Receiver **MUST**
 880 generate an event for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer’s “notify-time-interval” attribute [ipp-ntfy],
 881 which the Sender can obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

882 For the purposes of IPPFAX, the ‘job-completed’ event notifications means that the Receiver has delivered
 883 the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or forwarded the job
 884 and document to some other system.

885 **Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements**

Event	IPP/1.1 Printer Conformance	Sender Conformance for Job Creation support	Sender Use	Receiver Conformance per-Job	Receiver Conformance Per-Printer	Section
none	must	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
Job Events:						
job-state-changed	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-created	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-completed	must	MUST	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
job-stopped	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	
job-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	
job-progress	may	MAY	MAY	MUST	MAY	9.3.2
Printer Events:						
printer-state-changed	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-restarted	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-shutdown	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-stopped	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-media- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-finishings- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-queue-order- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	

886

887 **9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response**

888 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
 889 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job, or Send-Document. The Sender **MUST** then inform

890 the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been
891 received. See section 9.3.2 for informing the Sending User when the document has been successfully
892 printed.

893 **9.5 Sender URI Stamping**

894 The Sender **MUST** place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "sender-uri" attribute (see section 8.3),
895 along with the date and time, in one of the following places, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION**:

- 896 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the
897 document.
- 898 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 899 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

900 The Sender **MAY** include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it is
901 **RECOMMENDED** that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for it to
902 be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

903 **9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications**

904 The Sender **MUST** support the Get-Notifications operation with at least the 'job-completed' event (see
905 section 9.3.2). Furthermore, the Sender **MUST** use the Get-Notifications operations to get at least the 'job-
906 completed' event for any IPPFAX job it submits, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated otherwise
907 to the Sender (by means outside the scope of this document). The Receiver **MUST** support the Get-
908 Notifications operation as defined in [get-method]. See section 9.3.2 for the events that **MUST** be
909 supported, since the IPPFAX conformance requirements differ from those of [ipp-ntfy].

910 **10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations**

911 Section 5 defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, section 7 defined the
912 semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 9 defined the semantic requirements for Job Creation
913 operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX semantics and conformance requirements for the
914 other IPP operations.

915 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
916 option – see section 11.

917 The Receiver **MUST** fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Notifications
918 operations, as defined by this document. The following subsections define restrictions and conformance
919 requirements placed on the Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, Enable-Printer, Disable-Printer, Set-
920 Printer-Attributes, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver
921 implementation, the support for each of the IPP operations is indicated in Table 11 and Table 12.

922 There is no requirement for the Receiver to implement any of the OPTIONAL features of IPP unless
923 explicitly stated elsewhere in this document. If a Receiver implementation supports administrative
924 operations, such as Create-Printer-Subscriptions, Disable-Printer, etc., then it MUST provide a method of
925 restricting available operations for non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

926 **10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

927 Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL),
928 (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged
929 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
930 administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and authorization.

931 Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer
932 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was
933 created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an
934 IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other non-
935 privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an authenticated and authorized operator
936 or administrator.

937 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports, but
938 NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-Printer-
939 Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription, or Cancel-
940 Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.

941 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
942 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

943

Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer support	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator, if supported	Reference
Print-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 9
Print-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 7.2
Create-Job	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	must	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections 5, 6
Pause-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Create-Printer-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	may	MUST NOT	MAY **	MAY	[ipp-indp-method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Disable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Hold-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Deactivate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Activate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Restart-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Shutdown-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Startup-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Cancel-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-adm-ops]
Suspend-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]

944
945
946
947
948

Legend:

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.

MAY** - For Send-Notifications, the Receiver *sends to* a User or Operator (rather than *receives from*).

949

Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer support	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from Owner***	IPPFAX Receiver from Other User	IPPFAX Receiver from Operator, if supported	Reference
Send-Document	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	section 10.2
Get-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Set-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC3380]
Hold-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY***	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	may	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MAY	section 9.6
Reprocess-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ipp-adm-ops]
Resume-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Promote-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-adm-ops]
Schedule-Job-After	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-adm-ops]

950

Legend:

951

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.

952

953

MAY** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make additional copies.

954

955

MAY*** - Operators MAY cancel their own subscriptions, but MUST NOT cancel subscriptions belonging to others.

956

Owner refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

957

10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)

958

It is inappropriate for a Sender or an operator to Cancel an IPPFAX Job, i.e., to transmit a Document as an IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:

959

960

The Sender MUST NOT attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.

961

The Receiver MUST reject Cancel-Job operations whether issued by a user or an administrator targeted at IPPFAX Jobs. The Cancel-Job operation therefore MUST be an unsupported operation for a Receiver and

962

MUST be reflected in the value of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute (see section 6.5). Note:

963

964

Non-support of the Cancel-Job operation is a change from the IPP behavior where Cancel-Job is required.

965 **10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)**

966 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
967 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

968 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
969 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
970 MAY return only the following Job attributes:

971 job-id, job-uri
972 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
973 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
974 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
975 job-state, job-state-reasons
976 number-of-intervening-jobs
977

978 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
979 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
980 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

981 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
982 destination or warn the Sending User).

983 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it
984 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

985 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

986 **10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-adm-ops]**

987 The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-adm-ops] allow a remote operator to change the
988 value of the Receiver's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.4)
989 to 'true' or 'false', respectively. These operations are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support.

990 These operations affect all jobs that can be submitted to the Printer object. If a Print System supports both
991 IPP and IPPFAX, then it MUST support them with separate Printer objects (see section 3.3). Therefore, a
992 client MUST issue separate operations to each Printer object in order to affect both IPP and IPPFAX jobs
993 on the same Print System, the 'ipp' URL scheme or the 'ippfax' URL scheme in the "printer-uri" target
994 operation attribute for the IPP Printer object or the Receiver (IPPFAX Printer object), respectively.

995 **10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [RFC3380]**

996 The Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [RFC3380] are OPTIONAL
997 administrative operation for IPPFAX, as for IPP. If a Receiver supports these operations, then the
998 "document-format" and "pdfax-profile-requested" operation attributes MUST be supported for these

999 operations as well so that the administrator can set values that require Attribute Coloring (by document
1000 format and PDFax profile). See the description of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in section 5 which
1001 also REQUIRES these operation attributes to be supported.

1002 **11 Security considerations**

1003 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses
1004 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
1005 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
1006 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling
1007 IPPFAX Jobs.

1008 **11.1 Privacy**

1009 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver **MUST** be carried using the privacy mechanism specified in
1010 IPP/1.1 namely TLS [RFC2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication of the Sender
1011 and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates).

1012 The Receiver **MUST** have a TLS certificate.

1013 The Sender **MAY** have a certificate. A Receiver **MAY** decide to reject requests that come from Senders
1014 that do not have a certificate and return the ‘client-error-not-authenticated’ status code.

1015 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

1016 Senders and Receivers **SHOULD** do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public keys of
1017 a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it doesn’t
1018 recognize, the Sender **MUST** query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the Receiver before
1019 sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.

1020 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is done
1021 over the network, it **MUST** be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

1022 **11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)**

1023 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated with
 1024 each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 6.1).

1025 **Table 13 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests.

1026 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

1027 Table 14 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 1028 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1029 **Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

1030

1031 **11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)**

1032 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms used
 1033 for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 6.1).

1034 **Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

1035

1036 Table 16 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 1037 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1038 **Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

1039 * The ‘certificate’ keyword value for the “uri-authentication-supported” attribute [RFC2911].

1040 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1041 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as
 1042 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites
 1043 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

1044 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
1045 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
1046 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

1047 **11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS**

1048 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start
1049 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]
1050 further explains:

1051 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a
1052 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS
1053 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP
1054 request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS “application data”. Normal HTTP behavior,
1055 including retained connections should be followed.

1056 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following
1057 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client’s point of view:

1058 IPP/1.1 sequence:

- 1059 1. Start TCP connection
- 1060 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
- 1061 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
- 1062 4. TLS handshake
- 1063 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
- 1064 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

1065

1066 IPPFAX sequence:

- 1067 1. Start TCP connection
- 1068 2. Send TLS ClientHello
- 1069 3. rest of TLS handshake
- 1070 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
1071 followed by Validate-Job and Print-Job operations).

1072

1073 **11.5 Access control**

1074 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the
1075 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
1076 (corresponding to the ‘none’ value for the “uri-authentication-supported” attribute - see section 11.2).
1077 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]
1078 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

1079 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
1080 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

1081 **11.6 Reduced feature set**

1082 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as a
1083 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no ‘native’ IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
1084 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

1085 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a
1086 ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an
1087 unsupported value of the “printer-uri” operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,
1088 the Receiver MUST return the ‘client-error-not-authorized’ error status code, unless the Sender is
1089 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

1090 **12 Gateways to other systems**

1091 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document transmission
1092 systems.

1093 **12.1 Off-Ramps**

1094 In the IPPFAX ‘Off-ramp’ scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to transmit a
1095 Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other destination, i.e.
1096 GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a future IPPFAX
1097 extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1098 **12.2 On-Ramps**

1099 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism to
1100 some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the IPPFAX
1101 Protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or an Off-Ramp.
1102 IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

1103 **13 Attribute Syntaxes**

1104 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

1105 **14 Status codes**

1106 In addition to the semantics of the status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [get-method], the following
1107 additional semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes:

1108 14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]

1109 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.
1110 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other attributes
1111 that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request'
1112 status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the missing
1113 attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

1114 14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]

1115 The concept of a document format is extended to include the PDFax Profile. This status code is returned if
1116 the document format is not supported, including the indicated PDFax Profile.

1117 15 Conformance Requirements

1118 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined
1119 elsewhere in this document.

- 1120 1. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section
1121 1.3.
- 1122 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the "printer-uri" operation attribute
1123 with the 'ippfax' scheme, (2) the "version-number" parameter with the IPP/1.1 '1.1' (or higher
1124 minor version) value, and (3) the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0
1125 '1.0' keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.
- 1126 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 5.
- 1127 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 6.
- 1128 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-
1129 Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation
1130 as specified in section 7.
- 1131 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
1132 for Identify Exchange as described in section 8.
- 1133 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in
1134 section 9.
- 1135 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section 9.5.
- 1136 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the
1137 'ippget' Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections 9.6,
1138 9.3, and 9.3.2, respectively.

1139 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 10.

1140 11. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 11, including
1141 TLS.

1142 **16 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

1143 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to
1144 the requirements in [RFC2717].

1145 **16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

1146 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
1147 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

1148 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
1149 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
1150 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;
1151 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex
1152 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

1153 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

1154 **16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

1155 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
1156 known port **xxx [TBA by IANA]** for the IPPFAX Protocol.

1157 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1158 **16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

1159 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp'
1160 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
1161 Receivers which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.

1162 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

1163 **16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

1164 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
1165 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
1166 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-

1167 insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs_path' part is case-
1168 sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the mechanism
1169 specified in [RFC2396].

1170 **16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF**

1171 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5
1172 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see section
1173 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

1174 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
1175 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

1176 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
1177 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource
1178 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
1179 "port", "host", "abs_path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
1180 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

1181 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
1182     ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]  
1183
```

1184 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 16.2 is assumed. The
1185 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX
1186 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for the
1187 identified resource is 'abs_path'.

1188 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1189 If the 'abs_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a
1190 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
1191 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
1192 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1193 **16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples**

1194 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
1195 names):

```
1196     ippfax://abc.com  
1197     ippfax://abc.com/listener  
1198
```

1199 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1200 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

1201 192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
 1202 186.7.8.9 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style

1203

1204 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1205 ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
 1206 ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom

1207

1208 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

1209 ::192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
 1210 ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
 1211 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373

1212

1213 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1214 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener
 1215 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener
 1216 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom

1217

1218 16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

1219 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer **MUST** use the same
 1220 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 1221 • A port that is empty or not given **MUST** be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section
 1222 16.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

1223 17 IANA Considerations

1224 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 16 according to the procedures of
 1225 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

1226 Operation Attributes:

1227 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 4.3
1228 pdfax-profile-requested (type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 5.2
1229 pdfax-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1
1230 9.1.3	

1231

1232 Operation/Job Description attributes:

1233 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 8.1
1234 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 8.2
1235 sender-uri (uri)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 8.3

1236

1237 Printer Description Attributes:

1238 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.3
1239 pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.7

1240 pdfax-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 6.8

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1366

1367 Contact Information:

1368

1369 IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>1370 IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org

1371

1372 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

1373 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org

1374 2) leave the subject line blank

1375 3) put the following two lines in the message body:

1376 subscribe ipp

1377 end

1378

1379 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to
 1380 participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional
 1381 attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so
 1382 you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.
 1383

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1385 20 Appendix A: Comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 (Informative)

1386 This informative appendix compares IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 with references to the appropriate sections
 1387 for details. If this appendix contradicts or omits any differences, it is a mistake and the body of this
 1388 document still prevails. Most of the differences are in conformance requirements only. Therefore, for most
 1389 of the differences, it is possible to implement both with the same code (without conditional branches).

1390 Legend:

1391 ** Where IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 have a real difference, such as IPP/1.1 must and IPPFAX/1.0
 1392 MUST NOT, (indicated below by leading **), would a conditional branch be needed in the
 1393 implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0.

1394 * Where IPP/1.1 is a may and IPPFAX/1.0 is a MUST NOT (indicated below by a leading *), would
 1395 a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and
 1396 IPPFAX/1.0, *but only if the IPP/1.1 part supports the feature.*

1397 Differences between the IPP/1.1 protocol and the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol:

- 1398 1. ** IPP uses the 'ipp' URL scheme with a default port of 631, while IPPFAX uses the 'ippfax' URL
 1399 scheme with a default port of xxx [TBA by IANA] (section 4.1 and 16).
- 1400 2. ** IPP has only one version number parameter, while IPPFAX has two version numbers: the
 1401 "version-number" parameter for IPP (section 4.2) and the "ippfax-version-number" operation
 1402 attribute for IPPFAX (section 4.3).

1403 Differences between an IPP client and a Sender:

- 1404 1. An IPP Client may use any IPP operation, while a Sender MUST use at least Get-Printer-Attributes
1405 (sections 5 and 7.1), Validate-Job (section 7.2), and Print-Job operations (section 9). A Sender
1406 MUST use the Get-Notifications operation, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated
1407 otherwise (section 9.6).
- 1408 2. In the Get-Printer-Attributes request, an IPP Client may supply the “document-format” and “pdfax-
1409 profile-requested” operation attributes, while a Sender SHOULD (sections 5.1 and 5.2) in order to
1410 get Attribute Coloring.
- 1411 3. ** In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1412 “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with either the ‘true’ or ‘false’ value or may omit the
1413 attribute entirely, while the Sender MUST always supply the attribute and with the ‘true’ value
1414 (sections 7.2 and 9.1.1).
- 1415 4. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1416 “document-format” operation attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.1.2).
- 1417 5. * An IPP Client may support any MIME Media Type as the value of the “document-format”
1418 operation attribute, while the Sender MUST support at least the ‘image/tiff’ MIME Media Type,
1419 MAY support the ‘image/tiff-fx’ MIME Media Type, and MUST NOT support any MIME Media
1420 Type unless it has the same “blind interchange” guarantee of document presentation fidelity as
1421 TIFF-FX [tiff-fx] (section 6.6).
- 1422 6. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1423 “media” Job Template attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.2.1).
- 1424 7. * An IPP Client may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
1425 “media” Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined in
1426 the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 “Media Standardized Names” [pwg-media], while the Sender MUST use
1427 the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1428 8. There are no requirements for an IPP Client to indicate the client or the client user in the document,
1429 while the Sender MUST supply the “sender-uri” value along with a date and time, on at least the
1430 cover page (section 9.5).
- 1431 9. An IPP Client need not support Event Notification, while the Sender MUST support at least the
1432 ‘ippget’ Pull Delivery Method (section 9.3), which REQUIRES using the Get-Notifications
1433 operation (section 9.6).
- 1434 10. An IPP Client may support any events, while a Sender MUST NOT support the ‘job-config-
1435 changed’ event and MUST NOT support any Printer events (section 9.3.2).
- 1436 11. An IPP Client may support Client Authentication, while a Sender MUST support at least ‘digest’
1437 and ‘certificate’ (section 11.2).

1438 12. An IPP Client may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy, while a Sender MUST support Data
1439 Integrity and may use Data Privacy with at least the
1440 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

1441 Differences between an IPP Printer and a Receiver:

- 1442 1. In the Get-Printer-Attributes response, an IPP Printer may color the attribute values returned
1443 according to the “document-format” supplied, while a Receiver MUST color the values returned
1444 according to both the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-requested” operation attributes
1445 supplied (sections 5 and 6), including the “printer-resolutions-supported” attribute (section 9.2.2.1).
- 1446 2. * An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular document formats, while a Receiver
1447 MUST support the PDFax ‘image/tiff’ format with profile pdfax-f, MAY support ‘image/tiff-fx’,
1448 and MUST NOT support any others, unless they have the same level of “blind interchange”
1449 guarantee for document presentation fidelity as TIFF-FX (section 6.6) .
- 1450 3. * An IPP Printer may support ‘application/octet-stream’ (auto-sensing - [RFC2911] 4.1.9.1), while
1451 a Receiver MUST NOT (section 6.6).
- 1452 4. An IPP Printer may support the IPPFAX attributes: “pdfax-profile-requested”, “pdfax-profiles-
1453 supported”, “sending-user-vcard”, “receiving-user-vcard”, “sender-uri”, and “pdfax-profiles”, while
1454 a Receiver MUST (sections 5.2, 6, 8, and 9.1.3).
- 1455 5. ** An IPP Printer MUST NOT support the “ippfax-versions” and “ippfax-versions-supported”
1456 attributes, while a Receiver MUST (sections 4.3 and 6.3).
- 1457 6. ** An IPP Printer must support both values of the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute, while
1458 the Receiver MUST only support the ‘true’ value (section 9.1.1).
- 1459 7. ** An IPP Printer must assume a value of ‘false’ if the IPP Client omits the “ipp-attribute-fidelity”
1460 operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST reject the request with the ‘client-error-bad-request’
1461 status code (section 9.1.1).
- 1462 8. An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular Job Template attributes, while a Receiver
1463 MUST support at least the “media” and “printer-resolution” Job Template attributes, including the
1464 “media-ready” Printer attribute (section 9.2).
- 1465 9. * An IPP Printer may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
1466 “media” Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined in
1467 the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 “Media Standardized Names” [pwg-media], while the Receiver MUST
1468 support a subset of the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1469 10. * An IPP Printer may support any Job Template attribute values, while a Receiver is restricted to a
1470 single value for many Job Template attributes for which other values would alter the appearance of
1471 the document or provide a non-FAX-like feature (section 9.2).

- 1472 11. * An IPP Printer may support Print-URI and Send-URI operations, while a Receiver MUST NOT
1473 (section 10.1).
- 1474 12. An IPP Printer must support Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes operations, while a Receiver NEED
1475 NOT (section 10.1).
- 1476 13. ** An IPP Printer must support Cancel-Job operation, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 10.2).
- 1477 14. An IPP Printer may support administrative operations without authentication, while a Receiver
1478 MUST authenticate administrative operations, if administrative operations are supported (section
1479 10.1).
- 1480 15. * An IPP Printer may support the following operations from an authenticated operator or
1481 administrator: Purge-Jobs, Cancel-Current-Job, Cancel-Job, and Schedule-Job-After, while a
1482 Receiver MUST reject such operations from an authenticated operator or administrator.
- 1483 16. An IPP Printer may support Event Notification, while a Receiver MUST support Event Notification
1484 (sections 9.3 and 10.1) and at least the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method (section 9.6), which REQUIRES
1485 support for the Get-Notifications operation.
- 1486 17. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it must support the ‘job-state-changed’ and ‘job-
1487 created’ events for Per-Job Subscriptions, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 1488 18. ** If an IPP Printer supports Printer Events, then it MUST support them for both Per-Job and Per-
1489 Printer Subscriptions, while a Receiver MUST NOT support them for Per-Job Subscriptions
1490 (section 9.3.2).
- 1491 19. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the ‘job-progress’ event, while a
1492 Receiver MUST for Per-Job Subscriptions (section 9.3.2).
- 1493 20. * If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the ‘job-config-changed’ event,
1494 while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 1495 21. If an IPP Printer supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, then it may support setting the
1496 Attribute Coloring values according to the “document-format” operation attribute, while the
1497 Receiver, if it supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, MUST support setting the Attribute
1498 Coloring values according to the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-requested” operation
1499 attributes (section 10.5).
- 1500 22. An IPP Printer should support and may use TLS, while a Receiver MUST support and MUST use
1501 TLS (section 11.3).
- 1502 23. An IPP Printer may support Client Authentication, while a Receiver MUST support at least ‘digest’
1503 and ‘certificate’ (section 11.2).

1504 24. An IPP Printer may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy and support them with any cipher
1505 suite, while a Receiver MUST support both Data Integrity and Data Privacy with at least the
1506 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

1507 **21 Appendix B: vCard Example**

1508 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```
1509 BEGIN:VCARD
1510 VERSION:3.0
1511 N:Moore;Paul
1512 FN:Paul Moore
1513 ORG:Netreon
1514 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1515 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1516 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1517 REV:19991207T215341Z
1518 END:VCARD
1519
```

1520 **22 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver**

1521 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
1522 which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that Receivers
1523 (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of
1524 type PRINTER in the directory using an IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC mechanism such as entry
1525 attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of type
1526 PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or
1527 filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the “Local
1528 Department” context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an
1529 administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have
1530 certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

1531 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of “aliasing”. That is, one directory entry object
1532 can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case, each alias
1533 refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.

1534 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes (Table
1535 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
1536 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
1537 same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance labeling
1538 in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to Receivers that subscribe by adding one
1539 or more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory
1540 entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In
1541 addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding
1542 IPPFAX Printer object.

1543 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer
 1544 attribute names as shown, as much as possible.

1545 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
 1546 RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object’s “printer-uri-supported” attribute. The
 1547 directory client queries the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and
 1548 then the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The “uri-security-
 1549 supported” attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object supports
 1550 both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent these two
 1551 services.

1552 Table 17 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
 1553 schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be IPPFAX. If
 1554 a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to
 1555 represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete type IPPFAX,
 1556 respectively.

1557 **Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries**

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16 Appendix E Generic Directory Schema (including “ipp-versions-supported” - see section 6.2), plus:	As stated in [RFC2911] section 16	[RFC2911]
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.3
pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.7

1558

1559 **23 Appendix D: Summary of other IPP documents**

1560 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 1561 1. Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
 1562 2. Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
 1563 3. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
 1564 4. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]
 1565 5. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer’s Guide [RFC3196] and [ipp-iig-bis]
 1566 6. Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
 1567

1568 The “Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol” document takes a broad look at distributed printing
 1569 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
 1570 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
 1571 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
 1572 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

1573 The “Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol” document
 1574 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of

1575 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
1576 decisions.

1577 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
1578 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
1579 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
1580 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
1581 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

1582 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
1583 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
1584 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
1585 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
1586 the specification decisions is also included.

1587 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
1588 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

1589 **24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology** 1590 **(ISTO)**

1591 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible
1592 operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards,
1593 but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the
1594 marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (<http://www.ieee.org/>) and the IEEE Standards
1595 Association (<http://standards.ieee.org/>).

1596 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit:

1597 <http://www.ieee-isto.org>.

1598 **25 Appendix F: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG**

1599 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology
1600 Organization (ISTO) and is an alliance among printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating
1601 system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print
1602 management application developers chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems
1603 supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The
1604 Printer Working Group, a Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will
1605 document the results of their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces,
1606 procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from
1607 the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.

1608 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood and is technically competent,
1609 has multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and
1610 enjoys significant public support.

1611 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit:

1612 <http://www.pwg.org>

1613 **26 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Netreon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with pdfax. Replaced profile S with F, J with T, and L with D.

1614