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2 **Printer Working Group**  
3 **IPP Fax Project**  
4 **Standard for IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol**  
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16 **Abstract:** This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for  
17 Internet Fax [RFC2542].  
18 In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The  
19 primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the  
20 Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.  
21 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations  
22 with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED  
23 attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the  
24 new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well  
25 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDF/is as specified in [PWG5102.3-2004] which  
26 is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and  
27 IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.  
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30 A version showing the changes from the previous version is available at: [wd-ifx10-20040204.rev.pdf](#)  
31 The latest version of this specification is available at: [ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-ifx10-latest.pdf, .doc](#)

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90 end

91

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93 discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional names.

94

95

**Contents**

96	1 Introduction .....	7
97	1.1 Operations Supported .....	7
98	1.2 Typical exchange .....	8
99	2 Terminology .....	9
100	2.1 Conformance Terminology .....	9
101	2.2 Other Terminology .....	9
102	3 IPPFAX Model .....	11
103	3.1 Printer Object Relationships .....	11
104	3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs .....	11
105	4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics .....	12
106	4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute .....	12
107	4.2 version-number parameter .....	12
108	4.3 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute .....	13
109	5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes .....	13
110	5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) .....	14
111	5.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	14
112	5.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	15
113	5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) .....	15
114	5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) .....	16
115	5.6 document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127)) .....	16
116	5.7 digital-signatures-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	16
117	5.8 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword) .....	16
118	6 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities .....	17
119	6.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities .....	17
120	7 Identity exchange .....	18
121	7.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute .....	19
122	7.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute .....	19
123	7.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute .....	20
124	8 Submission using Print-Job .....	20
125	8.1 IPP/1.1 Print-Job operation attributes .....	20
126	8.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute .....	21
127	8.1.2 document-format (mimeType) operation attribute .....	22
128	8.1.3 document-format-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute .....	22

129	8.2 Job Template Attributes (for Print-Job) .....	23
130	8.2.1 media (type2 keyword   name(MAX)) Job Template.....	24
131	8.3 Delivery Confirmation using the Print-job response.....	25
132	8.4 Originator identifier image .....	25
133	9 IPPFAX operations.....	26
134	9.1 Operation Conformance Requirements .....	26
135	9.2 Print-Job operation .....	27
136	9.3 Cancel-Job operation .....	27
137	9.4 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations .....	27
138	10 Security considerations.....	28
139	10.1 Data Integrity and authentication .....	28
140	10.2 Data Privacy (encryption) .....	29
141	10.3 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	29
142	10.4 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) .....	30
143	10.5 Using IPPFAX with TLS.....	31
144	10.6 Access control .....	32
145	10.7 Reduced feature set.....	32
146	11 Attribute Syntaxes .....	33
147	12 Status codes .....	33
148	13 Conformance Requirements .....	33
149	14 IPPFAX URL Scheme.....	34
150	14.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage.....	34
151	14.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port.....	<del>34</del>
152	14.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type .....	35
153	14.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding.....	35
154	14.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF .....	35
155	14.6 IPPFAX URL Examples.....	36
156	14.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons .....	37
157	15 IANA Considerations .....	37
158	16 References .....	37
159	16.1 Normative.....	37
160	16.2 Informative .....	38
161	17 Authors' addresses.....	41

162	18 Appendix B: vCard Example.....	43
163	19 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved) .....	43

164  
165

### Table of Tables

166	Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements .....	14
167	Table 2 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes.....	18
168	Table 3 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes .....	19
169	Table 4 - [RFC 2911] Print-Job operation attributes.....	21
170	Table 5 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes .....	24
171	Table 6 - Conformance for IPPFax/1.0 Operations.....	27
172	Table 8 - Authentication Requirements.....	29
173	Table 9 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements .....	30
174	Table 10 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements.....	30
175	Table 11 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements.....	31

176

## 177 1 Introduction

178 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from  
179 the requirements for Internet Fax [RFC2542].

180 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between  
181 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image  
182 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]  
183 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

184 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document  
185 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.  
186 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents come from actual paper nor is there a  
187 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those  
188 associated with the exchange of data over the network.

189 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a  
190 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in  
191 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL  
192 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations.

193 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least PDF/is [PWG5102.3-  
194 2004] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY be  
195 configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device (or  
196 multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It  
197 is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis].

198 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending  
199 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the  
200 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network  
201 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

202 The target market for an IPPFAX receiver is a midrange imaging device that can support the minimum  
203 memory requirements that are required by the data format PDF/is, but the image format is structured in  
204 such a way that the Receiver is not required to include a disk or other permanent storage.

### 205 1.1 Operations Supported

206 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST support the following operations:

207

- 208 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - If the document-format-version is not PDF/is or the media is not  
209 iso\_a4\_210x297mm or na\_letter\_8.5x11in, then the Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can  
210 support the alternate attributes. Rational: Using Get-Printer-Attributes would avoid rejection of  
211 the job which is important if the document data is very large.
- 212 2. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (Create-Job, Send-  
213 document and Send-URI and Print-URI MUST NOT be supported by Senders or Receivers).
- 214 3. Get-Job-Attributes - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for  
215 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise. Job-History MUST be  
216 retained by the Receiver for at least 5 minutes after job completion. See 4.3.7.2 of RFC2911 for  
217 printer object Job-History discussion.
- 218 4. Job-Cancel – Receivers MUST support this operation but only for authenticated Administrators  
219 or Operators.
- 220 All IPPFax Senders and Receivers MUST NOT support any other IPP operations including job  
221 operations and administrative operation.

## 222 1.2 Typical exchange

223 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four  
224 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 225 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the “printer-uri”  
226 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does  
227 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network discovery  
228 protocols such as SLP, etc. See Appendix E Generic Directory Schema of IPP/1.1 [RFC 2911].
- 229 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to  
230 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver’s  
231 network location and starts the exchange.
- 232 3. The Sender MAY determine other PDF versions supported by the Receiver and the Sender MAY  
233 discover “media-supported” and “media-ready”.
- 234 4. The Sender converts the document, if necessary, into PDF/is or another PDF subset depending on  
235 the Receiver’s capabilities. The PDF/is data format is described in detail in the “PDF Image-  
236 Streamable (PDF/is)” specification [PWG5102.3-2004].



- 237 5. The Sender submits the document in a Print-Job request to the Receiver. The Sender SHOULD  
238 include the sending user vCard[RFC2426, RFC2425] and receiving user vCard in the Print-Job  
239 operations.
- 240 6. The Receiver returns a Print-Job response to the Sender. The Sender in turn MUST inform the  
241 Sending-User.
- 242 7. The Sender MUST use Get-Job-Attributes to check for successful job completion unless the  
243 Sending User requests otherwise.

## 244 2 Terminology

245 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

### 246 2.1 Conformance Terminology

247 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,  
248 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These  
249 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from  
250 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,  
251 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements  
252 for IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document  
253 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

### 254 2.2 Other Terminology

255 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and  
256 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

257 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension  
258 document (see section 16). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL  
259 scheme.

260 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension  
261 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request MUST use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see  
262 section 4.1 and 14). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,  
263 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

264 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and  
265 returns protocol responses. A Printer object MAY be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer

266 | object, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**), but  
267 | MUST NOT be both (since they support some different operations and attributes and are really two  
268 | different kinds of Print Services). A Printer object MAY support multiple URLs with different security,  
269 | authentication, and/or access control (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each  
270 | URL for a Printer object MUST support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as  
271 | restricted depending on the security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other  
272 | words, each URL for a given Printer object is offering the same Print Service.

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273 | Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.  
274 | This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to  
275 | apply to a Printer object that MAY support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

276 | **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects MAY  
277 | offer the same Print Service. A Print Service MUST support only one printer object.

278 | **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by  
279 | definition).

280 | **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by  
281 | the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).

282 | **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY  
283 | support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**) for a  
284 | single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with  
285 | distinct URLs.

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286 | **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.  
287 | A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the  
288 | term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is  
289 | intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

290 | **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.

291 | **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that  
292 | Receiver.

293 | **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the  
294 | Receiver.

295 | **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.

296 | **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.

297 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.

298 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.

299 **PDF/iso** The file format defined by [PWG5102.3-2004].

300 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute, operation, request, response, operation**  
301 **attribute, Printer Description attribute, Job Description attribute, integrity, and privacy** is also used  
302 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

### 303 **3 IPPFAX Model**

304 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

#### 305 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

306 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]  
307 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]  
308 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be  
309 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that  
310 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

#### 311 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

312 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer  
313 object, not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and  
314 attributes accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security,  
315 authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used.

316 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2  
317 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see  
318 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and  
319 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object.

320

## 321 4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics

322 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.  
323 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using  
324 existing IPP operations in [RFC2911], with increased conformance requirements as specified in this  
325 document.

### 326 4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute

327 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the  
328 client MUST supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section  
329 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value MUST be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 14)  
330 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

331 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”  
332 Printer Description attribute:

333       ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5

334 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver NEED NOT validate that the “printer-uri”  
335 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s  
336 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 5.1). For URI matching rules see section  
337 14.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not  
338 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver  
339 MUST reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return  
340 the attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

### 341 4.2 version-number parameter

342 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number  
343 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply  
344 this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response.

345 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender MUST supply the IPP version number  
346 parameter with a value of ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number.

347

### 348 4.3 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute

349 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the  
350 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in  
351 every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation  
352 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes  
353 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version” operation attribute  
354 are the same for the IPPFAX Protocol as the “version-number” parameter for IPP 1.1(see [RFC2911]  
355 section 3.1.8).

356 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the Sender MUST supply the IPPFax version  
357 operation attribute with the keyword value of ‘1.0’.

358 The Receiver MUST list the IPPFAX versions supported in the “ippfax-versions-supported” (1setOf type2  
359 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 5.3).

360 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version  
361 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

## 362 5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes

363 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes  
364 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

365 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes  
366 whose semantics are defined in this document.

367 All Printer Description attributes not listed in Table 1 have the same conformance requirements as defined  
368 in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or other IETF or PWG standards track IPP documents.

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369 See section 8.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and  
370 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

371

**Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Fax Receiver support	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	MUST	5.1
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	5.3
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	MUST	5.4
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	MUST	5.5
document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127)) **	MUST	5.6
digital-signature-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) **	MUST	5.7
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword) *	MUST	5.8

372 \* These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this  
373 document.

374 \*\* These IPP attributes are defined in [PWG 5100.7], but have enhanced or constrained semantics defined  
375 in this document.

### 376 5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)

377 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e.,  
378 the URI values that a client can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests.  
379 A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute MUST only contain URIs  
380 using the ‘ippfax’ scheme.

### 381 5.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

382 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1.4) identifies the version or versions of the IPP encoding that  
383 this Receiver supports as part of the IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the  
384 IPP Protocol), including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets  
385 the conformance requirements. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The  
386 Receiver MUST compare the “version-number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this  
387 attribute in order to determine whether the Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender as part  
388 of the IPPFAX Protocol.

389 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

390 ‘1.1’: The IPPFAX operations meets encoding conformance requirements of IPP version 1/1 as specified  
391 in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910].  
392

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Deleted: ?JobX extensions?

Deleted: \*\*\* A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST NOT support IPP as well, but MUST support the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute to indicate the version(s) of IPP that are supported as part of IPPFAX operations. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them as separate Printer objects (see section 0).

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Deleted: ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)

Deleted: As in IPP/1.1, t

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Deleted: (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1)

Deleted: However, a single Printer object MUST NOT support both ‘ipp’ and ‘ippfax’ schemes URIs. Therefore, the schemes MUST all be ‘ipp’ or all ‘ippfax’. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate Printer objects (see section 0).

If a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, it is RECOMMENDED that the Print System support Printer objects whose target URIs differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the “printer-uri-supported” attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can qu... [1]

Deleted: ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)

Deleted: Protocol

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Deleted: the

Deleted: protocol and

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Deleted: , and IPP extensions

### 393 5.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

394 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,  
 395 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the  
 396 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as  
 397 opposed to a regular IPP Printer object.

398 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by the  
 399 Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver supports  
 400 the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

401 Standard keyword values are:

402 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX 1.0 as specified in this document.  
 403

### 404 5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)

405 This attribute (see [RFC 2911 section 4.4.15](#)) identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver  
 406 and contained Job objects. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

407 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute  
 408 and/or MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver that  
 409 supports administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but  
 410 such a Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. [See section 9 for](#)  
 411 [conformance requirements for these operations.](#)

412 **A receiver MUST only support the following operations:**

- 413 • **get-printer-attributes**
- 414 • **print-job**
- 415 • **cancel-job**
- 416 • **get-jobs**
- 417 • **get-job-attributes**

418 **A receiver MUST NOT support any other operation.**

**Deleted:** Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for keywords, by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter. ¶

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**Deleted:** . The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. An IPP Printer object MUST NOT support this attribute, since a Printer object MUST NOT support both IPP and IPPFAX (see section 0).

**Deleted:** ¶  
 Since a Printer object MUST NOT support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, there is no ambiguity with requiring a Receiver to support both the “ipp-versions-supported” and “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer Description attributes (see sections 5.2 and 5.3). If a Printer object supports the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute, but not the “ippfax-versions-supported” attribute, then by definition that Printer object supports the IPP Protocol. If a Printer object supports the “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute, then by definition that Printer object is a Receiver and supports the IPPFAX Protocol and not the IPP Protocol. For such a Printer object, the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute indicates the versions of IPP that it supports *as part of IPPFAX operations*, rather than indicating that it supports the IPP Protocol (by itself).

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**Deleted:** Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for keyw... [2]

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### 419 5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType)

420 This attribute (see [RFC 2911] section 4.4.22) identifies which document formats the Receiver supports.  
 421 As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section  
 422 4.4.22).

Deleted: The list of operations is restricted! This section should list all the operations that we allow/disallow.

Deleted: ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)

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423 Since most document formats don't give the "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation  
 424 fidelity for all implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a  
 425 subset of the IPP document formats supported.

426 Both the Sender and Receiver MUST only support application/pdf.

### 427 5.6 document-format-version-supported (1setOf text(127))

428 CHANGE: Reference the "Job X extensions" Specification.

429 This attribute identifies which PDF formats the Receiver supports. A Receiver MUST support this  
 430 attribute, a Sender MAY support this attribute.

431 Both the Sender and Receiver MUST support "PDF/is-1.0". The Receiver MAY support other versions of  
 432 PDF and if it does then the Receiver MUST only list formats that it fully supports.

### 433 5.7 digital-signatures-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

434 This attribute identifies which digital signature technologies are supported by the Receiver. A Receiver  
 435 MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

436 Digital-signature and digital-signature-supported will move to [jobX] specification. Reference them from  
 437 that specification

438 If the Receiver cannot validate the digital signature or if the digital signature fails to verify, then the  
 439 Receiver MUST notify the Receiving User using an implementation specific method.

### 440 5.8 pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)

441 This attribute expresses the ability for a particular Receiver implementation to either attempt to override  
 442 document data instructions with IPPFAX attributes or not.

443  
 444 This attribute MUST have the value 'attempted' or a higher quality IANA-registered value (such as a  
 445 hypothetical 'guaranteed' value), and the Receiver MUST attempt to override at least the media.



446  
447 NOTE: RFC2911 only requires that the attribute be supported but the supported may be not-attempted

## 448 **6 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities**

449 This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its  
450 basic capabilities (section 6.1) and then validate the IPPFAX Job (section **Error! Reference source not**  
451 **found.**).

452 **NOTE: This WHOLE section needs revision and possible wholesale deletion**

### 453 **6.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities**

454 The order of presentation in Table 2 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the  
455 Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Receiver MAY  
456 return them in any order as specified in [RFC2911]).

457

**Table 2 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes**

Attribute	Ref.	Sender action
Operation attributes:		
printer-uri	4.1	Sender MUST validate whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme locates a valid Receiver destination.
Printer Description attributes:		
ippfax-versions-supported	5.3	Sender MUST check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX Protocol on the target URL by checking whether or not the Printer supports this attribute, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver.
document-format-version-supported	5.6	If the Sender would like to use a document format other than PDF/is, then the Sender MUST verify that the desired version of PDF is supported by the Receiver..
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported	8.2.1.1	If the Sending user requests a paper size other than iso_a4_210x297mm or na_letter_8.5x11in then the Sender MUST verify that the requested paper size is supported by the receiver
printer-resolutions-supported	<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>	Sender SHOULD check which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.

458

Table needs review

459

**7 Identity exchange**

460

Need to move these in with the other operation attributes (section 9)and remove section 8

461

This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver can use to identify each to the other and to identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 3 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and Receiver conformance requirements.

462

463

Table 3 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes

Attribute	Sender supplies *	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST	MUST

\* Sender supplies in a Print-Job,operation.

### 7.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format. The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Print-Job operation. The Receiver MUST support this Print-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification and MUST populate the job's corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

For a sample vCard see section 1. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job. As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the "job-sheets" Job Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other than 'none'. The Sender can suppress the Receiver's separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute contains the 'none' value. If the Sender omits the "job-sheets" Job Template attribute, the Receiver's "job-sheets-default" value will be used.

### 7.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format [RFC2426, RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Print-Job operation. The Receiver MUST support this Print-Job operation attribute and MUST populate the job's corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept the Print-Job request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

492 For a sample vCard see section 1. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its  
493 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

494 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.  
495 See discussion under section 7.1.

### 496 **7.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

497 This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in  
498 a GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely  
499 identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure  
500 that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI  
501 before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

502 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Print-Job  
503 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Print-Job operation attribute and MUST populate the job's  
504 corresponding Job Description attribute.

505 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of  
506 the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes  
507 and has nothing to do with authentication (for which, see section 10). This attribute is more akin to an  
508 email 'Reply-To' field.

## 509 **8 Submission using Print-Job**

510 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job. The Sender and  
511 Receiver MUST NOT support print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support the Print-URI and Send-URI  
512 operations, since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the  
513 document data does.

### 514 **8.1 IPP/1.1 Print-Job operation attributes**

515 Table 4 lists the operation attributes for Print-Job operations for Senders, IPP/1.1 Printers, and Receivers.  
516 Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with footnotes. Any other IPP  
517 operation attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

518

Table 4 - [RFC 2911] Print-Job operation attributes

Formatted Table

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	8.1.1	MUST with 'true' value <sup>1</sup>	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	8.1.2	MUST <sup>2</sup>	MUST
document-format-version (type2 keyword)	8.1.3	MUST <sup>3</sup>	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	7.1	MAY <sup>3</sup>	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	7.2	SHOULD <sup>3</sup>	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	7.3	MUST <sup>3</sup>	MUST

\* As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes.

519

520

Deleted: ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

521

### 8.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute

522

523

524

525

526

This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

Deleted: In IPP/1.1, t

<sup>1</sup> [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

<sup>2</sup> The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

<sup>3</sup> These attributes were not defined in [RFC2911].

527 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the ‘false’ value, the Receiver MUST reject the  
 528 operation, MUST return the ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘ipp-attribute-  
 529 fidelity’ attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section **Error! Reference  
 530 source not found.**)

Deleted: ([RFC2911] section  
 3.2.1.1)

### 531 8.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute

532 This operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) identifies the MIME Media Type of the document  
 533 that the Sender is sending. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation and  
 534 the value MUST be “application/PDF”. A Receiver MUST validate that the value of attribute is  
 535 “application/pdf”. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation attribute.

536 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the  
 537 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘document-format’ attribute name keyword  
 538 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section **Error! Reference source not found.**)

539 Because only one document-format MAY be supported, attribute coloring is not relevant for IPPFax. If the  
 540 Sender desires to send a different format, then it should use a different transmission protocol than IPPFax.

Deleted: ([RFC2911] section  
 3.2.1.1)

### 541 8.1.3 document-format-version (type2 keyword) operation attribute

542 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1) should be taken from the JobX specification. **Revise this**  
 543 **section. Reference the JobX spec.**

544 **(Add somewhere a mention that Sender must support generating and transmitting PDF/is-1.0. Maybe in**  
 545 **section 1 to make it clear that it is a basic part of IPPFAX?)**

546 This operation attribute identifies the type2 keyword of the pdf document that the Sender is sending. The  
 547 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Print-Job operation. A Receiver MUST validate and  
 548 support this operation attribute.

549 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s  
 550 “document-format-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the  
 551 operation and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code.

552 Standard keyword values are defined in section 5.6.

## 553 8.2 Job Template Attributes (for Print-Job)

554 Table 5 lists all of the Job Template attributes that have enhanced or constrained semantics for IPP Fax.  
555 IPP Fax Senders SHOULD NOT supply Job Template attributes except Media[RFC2911].

556 As in [RFC2911], the term “Job Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job  
557 attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any  
558 other IPP Job Template attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

559 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the  
560 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support  
561 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

562 In Table 5, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the  
563 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job. When  
564 supported, the Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST support only the indicated value; that is, there  
565 is only one allowed value. Each such single value has been selected as the value for the attribute that would  
566 correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these attributes are  
567 supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since  
568 the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’).

569 If the Receiver supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-  
570 Printer-Attributes response for the corresponding “xxx-supported” and “xxx-default” Printer attributes.  
571 Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly  
572 non-FAX feature if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-  
573 priority” = 100, respectively.

574 In Table 5, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender  
575 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.  
576 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Print-Job operation (since  
577 the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the Receiver  
578 with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported” MUST  
579 NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or  
580 provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the  
581 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |  
582 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

583

584

585

Table 5 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply /Receiver support	IPP Fax behavior	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1 copy	[RFC2911]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword   name(MAX))	MUST NOT	'no-hold'	[RFC2911]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	MUST NOT	50	[RFC2911]
job-sheets (type3 keyword   name(MAX))	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
media (type3 keyword   name(MAX))	MUST (see section 8.2.1)		[RFC2911]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	No multiple document jobs	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	MUST NOT		[RFC2911]
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	1:MAX	[RFC2911]
print-quality (type2 enum)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MUST NOT (see section <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b> )		[RFC2911]
sides (type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	Administrator's choice	[RFC2911]

Deleted: attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11)

586

**8.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template**

587

This Job Template attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of the job. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the “media” Job Template attribute in the Print-Job requests. The Receiver MUST support the “media-default”, and “media-supported” Printer attributes and SHOULD support the “media-ready” Printer attribute.

588

589

590

591

The keyword values MUST be Media Size Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

592



593 At a minimum, an IPPFAX receiver MUST be able to render the sizes ‘na\_letter\_8.5x11in’  
594 ‘iso\_a4\_210x297mm’ and be able to print on at least one of those two sizes. The Receiver MAY  
595 scale down at most 10% (PDF/is directives may prohibit this scaling), overflow to another page, or  
596 truncate. If the Receiver does truncate then it MUST notify the Receiving User. Any scaling  
597 performed MUST be isomorphic.  
598 PDF Crop boxes SHOULD be used when the Sender knows that the imageable region is less than the  
599 media size. If the crop box is the union of the lesser size of iso\_a4\_210x297mm and na\_letter\_8.5x11in  
600 minus ¼ of an inch, then the Sender can be sure that the majority of Receivers can print the complete image  
601 without loss of data. However, this does mean that there is the possibility that data may be lost.  
602

603 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.1.

#### 604 **8.2.1.1 media-supported Job Template Printer attributes**

605 The following standard keywords MUST be supported. Any other paper sizes supported MUST use the  
606 self-describing names as defined in ([5101.1]):

607 ‘na\_letter\_8.5x11in’  
608 ‘iso\_a4\_210x297mm’  
609 ‘choice\_iso\_a4\_210x297mm\_na\_letter\_8.5x11in’ - represents both ‘na\_letter\_8.5x11in’ and  
610 ‘iso\_a4\_210x297mm’ and indicates that either is acceptable. See [jobx].

#### 611 **8.3 Delivery Confirmation using the Print-job response**

612 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver  
613 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job Response. The Sender MUST then inform the  
614 Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been  
615 received, unless the Sending User requests otherwise.

#### 616 **8.4 Originator identifier image**

617 The Sender MUST place an originator identifier, i.e., the value of the “sender-uri” attribute (see section  
618 7.3), along with the date and time, in one of the following places, DEPENDING ON  
619 IMPLEMENTATION:

- 620 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is pre-pended before the first page  
621 of user data in the PDF document.
- 622 2. Merged with the first page of the document.

623 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

624 The Sender MAY include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.).

625 Reference PDF/is method.

## 626 9 IPPFAX operations

627 Other IPP operations? I think not!

628 Section **Error! Reference source not found**, defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-  
629 Attributes operation, section 6 defined the semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 8 defined  
630 the semantic requirements for Print-Job operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX  
631 semantics and conformance requirements for the other IPP operations.

632 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe  
633 option – see section 10.

634 The Receiver MUST fully support the Print-Job, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations, as defined by this  
635 document. The following subsections define restrictions and conformance requirements placed on the  
636 Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, and Get-Jobs, operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver  
637 implementation, the support for each of the IPP operations is indicated in Table 6 and .

638 An IPPFax receiver MUST NOT support any optional features of IPP unless explicitly stated in this  
639 document.

### 640 9.1 Operation Conformance Requirements

641 Table 6 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL), (2)  
642 the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged  
643 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or  
644 administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and authorization.

645 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp')  
646 URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was created (the  
647 target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an IPPFAX  
648 Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other non-  
649 privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an authenticated and authorized operator  
650 or administrator.

Deleted: Implementation of other  
IPP

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651

Table 6 - Conformance for **IPPFax/1.0** Operations

Operation Name	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator	Reference
Print-Job	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 9.4
Get-Jobs	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	section 9.4
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections 9.3 and 9.4
<u>Cancel-Job</u>				
<u>Get-Job-Attributes</u>				

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652 Legend:

653

655 Legend:

656 **MAY\*** - Get-Job-Attributes restricts certain. See section 9.4.657 **Owner** refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

Deleted: Table 7 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations! Operation Name ... [3]

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658 **9.2 Print-Job operation**

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659 **9.3 Cancel-Job operation**

660 Only Operators/Administrators can cancel IPPFax jobs.

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661 **9.4 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations**

662 Separate into two sections! Get-Jobs is Operator/Admin only operation

663 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

665 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver MAY return only the following Job attributes:

668 job-id, job-uri

669 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed

670 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,  
671 time-at-creation, time-at-processing  
672 job-state, job-state-reasons  
673 number-of-intervening-jobs – NOT!!!!  
674

675 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,  
676 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this  
677 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

678 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative  
679 destination or warn the Sending User).

680 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it  
681 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

682 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

## 683 10 Security considerations

684 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses  
685 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior  
686 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based  
687 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restrictions placed on querying and canceling  
688 IPPFAX Jobs.

### 689 10.1 Data Integrity and authentication

690 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the data integrity mechanism  
691 specified in IPP/1.1 namely TLS/1.0 [RFC2246] or later versions of TLS.

692 A Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate and be authenticated by the sender.

693 A Sender MAY have a TLS certificate for client authentication. A Receiver MAY decide to reject  
694 requests that come from Senders that do not have a TLS certificate and return the 'client-error-not-  
695 authenticated' status code.

696 A Sender MAY use its own TLS certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

697 A Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate, and the Send MUST have the public keys of the top level public  
698 key Certificate Authorities (as current browsers do). If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that is

699 doesn't recognize, the Sender MUST resolve the unrecognized key or inform the Sending User that data  
700 integrity has been lost and MUST abort the job.

701 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but if it is  
702 done over the network, it MUST be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

### 703 **10.2 Data Privacy (encryption)**

704 A Sender MAY chose use data privacy (encryption) as defined in TLS/1.0 [RFC2246].

705 **10.3 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

Deleted: ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)

706 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated  
 707 with each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

708 **Table 7 - Authentication Requirements**

Deleted: 8

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests

709 \* TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

710 | [Table 8](#) compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX  
711 | Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

Deleted: Table 9

712 | **Table 8 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Deleted: 9

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

713

Deleted: ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)

714 | **10.4 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

715 | This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms  
716 | used for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 5.1).

717 | **Table 9 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

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uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

718

719 | [Table 10](#) compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX  
720 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

Deleted: Table 11

721 | **Table 10 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

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TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

722 \* The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

723 \*\* The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

724 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS\_DHE\_DSS\_WITH\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA cipher suite as  
725 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites  
726 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

727 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client  
728 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite  
729 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

## 730 10.5 Using IPPFAX with TLS

731 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start  
732 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]  
733 further explains:

734 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a  
735 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS  
736 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP  
737 request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior,  
738 including retained connections should be followed.

739 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following  
740 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:



- 741 IPP/1.1 sequence:  
742 1. Start TCP connection  
743 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests  
744 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header  
745 4. TLS handshake  
746 5. Finish the HTTP/IPP request securely  
747 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...  
748

- 749 IPPFAX sequence:  
750 1. Start TCP connection  
751 2. Send TLS ClientHello  
752 3. Rest of TLS handshake  
753 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,  
754 followed by the Print-Job operation).  
755

## 756 10.6 Access control

### 757 Needs re-writing

758 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the  
759 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication  
760 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute - see section 10.3).  
761 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]  
762 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

763 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not  
764 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

## 765 10.7 Reduced feature set

### 766 Needs re-writing

767 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as an  
768 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it  
769 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

770 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a  
771 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an  
772 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,

773 the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is  
774 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

## 775 11 Attribute Syntaxes

776 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

## 777 12 Status codes

778 No new Status codes are defined and semantics for existing status codes have not been modified.

779 .

## 780 13 Conformance Requirements

781 **Need to be re-worked.**

782 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined  
783 elsewhere in this document.

784 1. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section  
785 **Error! Reference source not found.**

786 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the "printer-uri" operation attribute  
787 with the 'ippfax' scheme, (2) the "version-number" parameter with the IPP/1.1 '1.1' (or higher  
788 minor version) value, and (3) the "ippfax-version" operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0 '1.0'  
789 keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.

790 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections **Error!**  
791 **Reference source not found.**

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792 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 5.

793 5. **The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-**  
794 **Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation**  
795 **as specified in section 6.**

796 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes  
797 for Identify Exchange as described in section 7.

- 798 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in  
799 section 8.
- 800 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section **Error!**  
801 **Reference source not found.**
- 802 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 9.
- 803 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 10, including  
804 TLS.
- 805 The [set-ops], enable-printer and disable-printer operations MUST only be preformed on a connection that  
806 has been authenticated by TLS and the user has the rights to perform them.

## 807 14 IPPFAX URL Scheme

808 Need to be re-worked to be consistent RFC 3510

809 Need to register a port with IANA for IPPFax.

810 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to  
811 the requirements in [RFC2717].

### 812 14.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage

813 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of  
814 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

815 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL  
816 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an  
817 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;  
818 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex  
819 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

820 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

### 821 14.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port

822 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-  
823 known port xxx [TBA by IANA] for the IPPFAX Protocol.

824 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

### 825 14.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type

826 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp'  
827 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX  
828 Receivers which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.

829 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

### 830 14.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding

831 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme  
832 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further  
833 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-  
834 insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs\_path' part is  
835 case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the  
836 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

### 837 14.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF

838 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5  
839 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see section  
840 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

841 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because  
842 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

843 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name  
844 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource  
845 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of  
846 "port", "host", "abs\_path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for  
847 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

848 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
849   ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]
```

850

851 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 14.2 is assumed. The  
852 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX

853 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for  
854 the identified resource is 'abs\_path'.

855 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

856 If the 'abs\_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a  
857 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified  
858 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified  
859 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

## 860 14.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

861 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host  
862 names):

```
863     ippfax://abc.com  
864     ippfax://abc.com/listener
```

865 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

867 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

```
868     192.9.5.5           ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style  
869     186.7.8.9          ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
```

870 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

```
872     ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener  
873     ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom
```

875 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

```
876     ::192.9.5.5        ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style  
877     ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style  
878     2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373
```

879 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

```
881     ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener  
882     ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener  
883     ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom
```

884

885 **14.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons**

886 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same  
 887 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 888       • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section  
 889       14.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

890 **15 IANA Considerations**

891 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 14 according to the procedures of  
 892 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

## 893 Operation Attributes:

894 ippfax-version (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 4.3

895

## 896 Operation/Job Description attributes:

897 sending-user-vcard (text (MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 7.1

898 receiving-user-vcard (text (MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 7.2

899 sender-uri (uri) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 7.3

900

## 901 Printer Description Attributes:

902 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 5.3

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- 2) leave the subject line blank

- 1018 3) put the following two lines in the message body:  
 1019 subscribe ifx  
 1020 end  
 1021

1022 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPPFAX Mailing List in order  
 1023 to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for  
 1024 additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-  
 1025 subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the  
 1026 mailing list.  
 1027

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- 1029 1. Appendix A:  
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1031 **18 Appendix B: vCard Example**1032 **Update the example**

1033 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```

1034 BEGIN:VCARD
1035 VERSION:3.0
1036 N:Moore;Paul
1037 FN:Paul Moore
1038 ORG:Netreon
1039 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1040 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1041 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1042 REV:19991207T215341Z
1043 END:VCARD
1044
1045
```

1046 **19 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Netreon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in

			Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with PDFax.
12	10/16/02 10/24/02	Rick Seeler Gail Songer	Updated to reflect PDF/is as file format. Replace CONNEG with UPDF. Attributes for OPTIONAL PDF/is functionality.
13	11/22/02	Rick Seeler	Replaced 'PDFax' with 'PDF/is' or 'pdfis'. Updated spec to match 0.3 PDF/is specification.
14	03/18/03	Gail Songer	Removed pdfis-profile-requested and pdfis-profile-supported and pdfis-profiles; all image formats are required Removed pdfis-cache-size-k-octets (now fixed value) Removed pdfis-banding-direction-supported Started to split references into two sections, "normative" and "informative" and update descriptions to references Other editorial changes
15	03/24/03	Gail Songer	Added digital-signatures-supported. Added pdf-format and pdf-format supported. Put "coloring" back to optional. Removed PDF data encryption (leave for a future version of PDF/is and IPPFax)
16		Gail Songer Dennis Carney	Remove all references to coloring Changed pdf-format to document-format-version Remove the requirement that [set-ops] supports document-format coloring (we only allow document-format==PDF) ALL admin operations require TLS to have authenticated the user and the user has admin rights Other editorial changes
17	05/21/03	Dennis Carney	Editorial updates

	05/28/03	Tom Hastings	Added new 'choice_iso_a4_210x297mm_na_letter_8.5x11in' value for "media" and a reference to [jobx]. Fixed conformance for "media-ready".
18	10/03 11/03	Gail Songer	Reviewed in light of the Requirements specification. Noted lots of places in which the document MUST be changed.

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**Allow Cancel-job for Administrators.**



