| 1 | |
|----------|---------------------------------|
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | IEEE-ISTO |
| 5 | Printer Working Group |
| 6 | Portable Document Format: Image |
| 7 | Streamable |
| 8 | (PDF/is) |
| 9 | |
| 10 | Working Draft |
| 11 | Maturity: Prototype |
| 12 | eta.iji i i eta.jpe |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |
| 15 16 | |
| 16 17 | |
| 18 | |
| | A Program of the IEEE-ISTO |
| 19 | |
| 20 | |
| 21 22 | |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |

6 May 2003

26 **IEEE-ISTO** 27 **Printer Working Group** 28 Portable Document Format: Image-29 Streamable 30 (PDF/is) 31 32 Working Draft 33 Maturity Level: Prototype 34 35 6 May 2003 36 37 38 39 40 Abstract: This document specifies an application of PDF (Portable Document Format) 41 that has two important properties: First, it is an "image"-based format, and proper 42 rendering of the document is represented by (binary or color) images. Second, the 43 format is suitable for incremental generation and thus it is a "streaming" format. The subset is called "PDF/is", for "PDF Image-Streamable". 44 45 PDF/is is formally a subset of PDF 1.4, and is intended to be fully compatible with 46 47 software that reads PDF 1.4. There are "profiles" of PDF/is, which are distinguished 48 primarily by the methods if image compression and/or techniques employed. The 49 representations of image data employed are specified in the PDF 1.4 language 50 reference [pdf], which in turn describes the PDF representation of image data specified 51 by ITU-T recommendations for black-and-white facsimile ([t.4], [t.6]), ISO/IEG 52 specifications for digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images [jpeg], 53 and lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images [jbig2]. 54 55 PDF/is is intended to be useful within the IPPFAX protocol [reference], which is used to 56 provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between senders and 57 receivers. For this reason, PDF/is also includes an optional security features for digital 58 signaturing.

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 6 May 2003

59 This document is available electronically at: 60 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-20030506.pdf. 61 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-20030506.doc 62 63 A version showing the changes from the previous version is available at: 64 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-20030506-rev.pdf 65 The latest version of this specification is available at: ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-latest.pdf, 66 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-latest.doc 67 68 For a definition of "Maturity Level" used on the title page, along with any other questions about 69 the Printer Working Group's processes, please see the following document: 70 ftp://ftp.pwq.org/pub/pwg/standards/process/pwg-process20-20030414.pdf 71 Copyright (C) 2002-2003, IEEE ISTO. All rights reserved. 72 This document may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on, or otherwise 73 explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in 74 part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice, this paragraph and the title of 75 the Document as referenced below are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this 76 document itself may not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to 77 the IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO. 78 The IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, WHETHER 79 EXPRESS OR IMPLIED INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF 80 MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. 81 The Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO, reserves the right to make changes to the 82 document without further notice. The document may be updated, replaced or made obsolete by other 83 documents at any time. 84 The IEEE-ISTO takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights 85 that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document 86 or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent 87 that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. 88 The IEEE-ISTO invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents, or patent 89 applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to implement the 90 contents of this document. The IEEE-ISTO and its programs shall not be responsible for identifying patents 91 for which a license may be required by a document and/or IEEE-ISTO Industry Group Standard or for 92 conducting inquiries into the legal validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention. Inquiries 93 may be submitted to the IEEE-ISTO by e-mail at: 94 ieee-isto@ieee.org. 95 The Printer Working Group acknowledges that the IEEE-ISTO (acting itself or through its designees) is, and 96 shall at all times, be the sole entity that may authorize the use of certification marks, trademarks, or other 97 special designations to indicate compliance with these materials. 98 Use of this document is wholly voluntary. The existence of this document does not imply that there are no 99 other ways to produce, test, measure, purchase, market, or provide other goods and services related to its 100 scope.

101 **About the IEEE-ISTO** 102 103 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible 104 operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop 105 standards, but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of 106 standards in the marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (http://www.ieee.org/) and the IEEE Standards Association (http://standards.ieee.org/). 107 108 109 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit 110 http://www.ieee-isto.org. 111 112 113 About the IEEE-ISTO PWG 114 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and 115 Technology Organization (ISTO) with member organizations including printer manufacturers, print 116 server developers, operating system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print management application developers. The group is chartered to 117 118 make printers and the applications and operating systems supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The Printer Working Group, a 119 120 Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will document the results of 121 their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces, procedures and 122 conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from the 123 interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards. 124 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood, and is technically 125 competent, has multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial 126 operational experience, and enjoys significant public support. 127 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit: http://www.pwg.org 128 129 130 **Contact information:** 131 IFX Web Page: http://www.pwg.org/qualdocs 132 IFX Mailing List: ifx@pwg.org 133 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email: 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org 134 135 2) leave the subject line blank 136 3) put the following two lines in the message body: 137 subscribe ifx 138 139 Implementers of this specification are encouraged to join the IFX Mailing List in order to 140 participate in any discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional 141

names. Requests for additional media names, for inclusion in this specification, should be sent to

142

the IFX Mailing list for consideration.

Contents

| 144 | 1 | Intro | duction | 7 |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--------------|
| 145 | 2 | Term | ninology | 7 |
| 146 | | 2.1 | Conformance Terminology | 7 |
| 147 | | 2.2 | Other Terminology | 8 |
| 148 | 3 | PDF | Document Requirements | 9 |
| 149 | | 3.1 | File Layout | . 10 |
| 150 | 4 | PDF | Object Requirements | . 11 |
| 151 152 | | 4.1 4.1.1 | 'PDF/is' Dictionary 'Fis_PDFis' Key | |
| 153 | | 4.2 | 'CCITTFaxDecode' Filter | . 12 |
| 154 | | 4.3 | 'JBIG2Decode' Filter | . 13 |
| 155 | | 4.4 | 'DCTDecode' Filter | . 13 |
| 156 | | 4.5 | File Trailer | . 13 |
| 157 | | 4.6 | Encryption Dictionary | . 14 |
| 158 | | 4.7 | Document Catalog | . 14 |
| 159 | | 4.8 | Page Tree Nodes | . 15 |
| 160 161 | | 4.9 Page | Page Dictionarye Ordering | |
| 162 163 164 165 | | 4.10 4.10 4.10 4.10 | .2 'Do' Operator: | . 19 . 19 |
| 166 | | 4.11 | Resource Dictionaries | . 22 |
| 167 | | 4.12 | ICCBased Color Space | . 22 |
| 168 | | 4.13 | Image XObjects | . 23 |
| 169 | | 4.14 | Masked Images | . 24 |
| 170 | | 4.15 | Interactive Form Dictionary | . 25 |
| 171 | | 4.16 | Annotation Field Dictionary | . 25 |
| 172 | | 4.17 | Signature Dictionary | . 26 |
| 173 | | 4.18 | Document Information Dictionary | . 27 |
| 174 | 5 | Obje | ct Lifetime | . 27 |
| 175 | 6 | Cach | ned Objects | . 28 |
| 176 | 7 | Conf | formance Requirements | . 28 |
| 177 | | 7.1 | Producer conformance requirements | . 28 |
| 178 | | 7.2 | Consumer conformance requirements | |
| 179 | 8 | Issue | es | . 30 |

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 6 May 2003

| 180 | 9 Sample PDF/is PDFs | 30 |
|------------|--|-------|
| 181 | 10 Normative References | 31 |
| 182 | 11 Informative References | 32 |
| 183 | 12 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved) | 32 |
| 184 | 13 Contributors | 33 |
| 185 | 14 Acknowledgments | 33 |
| 186 | 15 Author's Address | 33 |
| 187 | 16 Appendix A | 34 |
| 188 | 16.1 Intellectual Property Statement – Adobe Systems Incorporate | ed 34 |
| 189 | | |
| 190 191 | | |
| 192 | | |
| 193 | , | |
| 194 | • | |
| 195 | , | |
| 196 197 | | |
| 197 | | |
| 199 | | |
| 200 | | |
| 201 | | |
| 202 | - | |
| 203 | <u> </u> | |
| 204 | | |
| 205 | | |
| 206 | | |
| 207 | | |
| 208 | | |
| 209 | | |
| 210 | · | |
| 211 | • | |
| 212 | , | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

1 Introduction

214

220

230

- This document specifies an application of PDF (Portable Document Format) that has two important properties: First, it is an "image"-based format, and proper rendering of the document is represented by (binary or color) images. Second, the format is suitable for incremental generation and thus it is a "streaming" format. The subset is called "PDF/is", for "PDF Image-Streamable".
- reads PDF 1.4. There are "profiles" of PDF/is, which are distinguished primarily by the methods if image compression and/or techniques employed. The representations of image data employed are specified in the PDF 1.4 language reference [pdf], which in turn describes the PDF representation of image data specified by ITU-T recommendations for black-and-white facsimile

PDF/is is formally a subset of PDF 1.4, and is intended to be fully compatible with software that

- ([t.4], [t.6]), ISO/IEG specifications for digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still
- images [jpeg], and lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images [jbig2].
- PDF/is is intended to be useful within the IPPFAX protocol [reference], which is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between senders and receivers. For this reason, PDF/is also includes an optional security features for digital signaturing.

2 Terminology

This section defines terminology used throughout this document.

232 **2.1 Conformance Terminology**

- 233 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY,
- NEED NOT, OPTIONAL, and PROHIBITED, have special meaning relating to conformance as
- defined in RFC 2119 [rfc2119] and [rfc2911] section 12.1. If an implementation supports the
- extension defined in this document, then these terms apply; otherwise, they do not. These terms
- define conformance to this document (and [rfc2911]) only; they do not affect conformance to
- other documents, unless explicitly stated otherwise. To be more specific:
- 239 **REQUIRED (REQ)** an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or
- 240 Consumer's implementation MUST support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or attribute
- value. See [rfc2911] "Appendix A Terminology for a definition of "support".
- 242 **RECOMMENDED (REC)** an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or
- 243 Consumer's implementation SHOULD support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or
- 244 attribute value.
- 245 **OPTIONAL (OPT)** an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or
- 246 Consumer's implementation MAY support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or attribute
- 247 value.
- 248 **PROHIBITED (PROH)** an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or
- 249 Consumer's implementation MUST NOT support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or
- attribute value.

- 251 AS SPECIFIED is used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or Render
- implementation MUST, MAY, or MUST NOT support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or
- attribute value as is defined in the indicated specification.
- 254 **OR** a conjunction that specifies a logical 'or', implying that a choice of one or more of the
- 255 choices specified.

2.2 Other Terminology

- 257 The following terms are introduced and capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:
- 258

- 259 **Implement** The specified feature is present in the Document.
- 260
- Support A Producer has the capability of Implementing the feature specified, or the Consumer has the capability of understanding and acting on the Implementation.
- 263
- Document The PDF/is-formatted electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that
 the Sender sends to the Receiver.
- 266
- 267 **Consumer** This is the agent (software, hardware or some combination) that converts the
- 268 Document into a displayed or printed form.
- 269 **Producer** -- This is the agent (software, hardware or some combination) that creates the
- 270 Document.
- 271 Forward-Reference In indirect object reference (See [pdf] Section 3.2.9) or a Resource Name
- (See Section 4.10) that refers to an object that appears later in the Document.
- 273 Cache Consumer's storage, either memory, disk, or the like, to hold Document data as it's
- 274 received from the Producer.
- 275 **Page-Relative Objects** Objects that are indirectly referenced (See [pdf] Section 3.2.9) by either
- a 'Page' Dictionary or through a chain of object references that start with a reference from a
- 277 'Page' Dictionary.
- 278 **Discarded** An adjective that describes a PDF object. An object is 'Discarded' when the
- 279 Consumer no longer has access to the data within the object in question.
- 280 **Object Size** The number of bytes required to represent an object in the Document. The size is
- 281 calculated by subtracting the offset of the first byte of the line following the "endobj" of the object
- in question, from the offset of the first byte of the *object number* (See [pdf] Section 3.2.9).
- 283 Imaging Area For the Producer, the Imaging Area of a page is the area specified by the Page
- 284 Dictionary's 'MediaBox'. The Producer should use the actual area images from the source media
- for the 'MediaBox'. This would be the size of the input media for an edge-to-edge scan, for
- 286 example. For the Consumer, the Imaging Area is an area on the output media that will contain all
- 287 of the page's image content (the "inking" area). The Consumer usually uses the output media's
- 288 printable area as the Imaging Area but may constrain it further to match the Producer's Imaging
- 289 Area.
- 290 Scaled Page When the Consumer's Imaging Area does not match the Producer's Imaging Area
- within 1/72 of an inch in either height OR width, the page is considered to be a Scaled Page.

- 292 Horizontal Scaling Factor The Horizontal Scaling Factor is equal to the Consumer's Imaging
- 293 Area width divided by the Producer's Imaging Area width, but MUST be 1.0 for a non-Scaled
- 294 Page.
- Vertical Scaling Factor The Vertical Scaling Factor is equal to the Consumer's Imaging Area height divided by the Producer's Imaging Area height, but MUST be 1.0 for a non-Scaled Page.
- 297 Originator Identifier An Image XObject that indicates information about the originator of the
- 298 Document. See the protocol spec referencing this specification for details on what the 'Originator
- 299 Identifier' MUST contain.

3 PDF Document Requirements

The following table specifies the required (REQ), prohibited (PROH), and optionally (OPT)
Supported PDF objects/filters for a Producer and Consumer to be considered compliant with
this specification. Requirements for a specific object/filter to be considered Supported can be
found in the 'PDF Object Requirements' section of this specification.

306

305

Table 3-1: PDF Object Requirements

| PDF Object/Filter | Producer | Consumer | Reference |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------------------|
| 'ASCIIHexDecode' Filter | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.3.1) |
| 'ASCII85Decode' Filter | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.3.2) |
| 'LZWDecode' Filter | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.3.3) |
| 'RunLengthDecode' Filter | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.3.4) |
| Incremental Updates | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.4.5) |
| Functions | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.9) |
| File specification | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.10) |
| Graphics State Parameter Dictionaries | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.3.4) |
| Path objects | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.4) |
| 'DeviceGray' Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.5.3) |
| 'DeviceRGB' Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.5.3) |
| 'DeviceCMYK' Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.5.3) |
| Pattern Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.5.5) |
| Separation Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.5.5) |
| DeviceN Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.5.5) |
| Pattern Objects | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.6) |
| Inline Image Objects | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.8.6) |
| Form Xobjects | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.9) |
| Postscript Xobjects | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (4.10) |
| Font Objects | OPT | OPT | [pdf] Section (5) |
| Transparency | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (7) |
| Name Tree | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.8.4) |
| Number Tree | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.8.5) |
| 'FlateDecode' Filter | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.3.3) |
| 'CCITTFaxDecode' Filter | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.3.5) |
| File Header | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.4.1) |
| Cross-Reference Table | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.4.3) |
| File Trailer | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.4.4) |
| Document Catalog | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.6.1) |

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 6 May 2003

| | 550 | 550 | F 10 0 (1 (0 0 0) |
|--|------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| Page Tree Nodes | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.6.2) |
| Page Dictionary | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.6.2) |
| Content Streams | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.7.1) |
| Resource Dictionaries | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.7.2) |
| Image XObjects | REQ | REQ | [pdf] Section (4.7) |
| <u>'JBIG2Decode' Filter</u> | OPT | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.3.6) |
| 'DCTDecode' Filter | OPT | REQ | [pdf] Section (3.3.7) |
| Encryption Dictionary | PROH | PROH | [pdf] Section (3.5) |
| 'DeviceGray' Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] pg. 182, See |
| | | | "ICCBased Color Space" |
| | | | section of this specification. |
| 'DeviceRGB' Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] pg. 184, See |
| | | | "ICCBased Color Space" |
| | | | section of this specification. |
| 'Lab' Color Space | PROH | PROH | [pdf] pg. 187 |
| 'ICCBased' Color Space | REQ | OPT, See | [pdf] pg. 189 |
| | | 'ICCBased Color | |
| | | Space' Section. | |
| 'Indexed' Color Space | OPT | REQ | [pdf] pg. 199 |
| Masked Images | OPT | REQ | [pdf] Section (4.8.5) |
| Interactive Form Dictionary and Annotation | OPT | OPT | [pdf] Section (8.6.1-3) [pdf- |
| Field Dictionary and Signature Dictionary | | | ppk] Section (2) |
| (Security Profile <dig-sig>)</dig-sig> | | | ' ' |
| Cached Objects | REQ | REQ | Section 3.4 |
| Banding | OPT | REQ | Section 3.3.11.3 |
| Document Information Dictionary | OPT | OPT | [pdf] Section 9.2.1 |

311

308 3.1 File Layout (Informative)

Given that a Document is fully compliant with this specification, the Document will, nominally, have the following layout:

Table 3-2: File Layout

| | Object |
|---|---|
| Α | 'PDF/is' Dictionary. |
| В | Page Dictionary for page 'n' |
| С | Content Stream 'a' for page 'n' |
| D | Image XObject 'x' for page 'n', stream 'a' |
| Е | Color Space for image 'x' (cached), if not already loaded |
| F | Image Mask for image 'x', stream 'a', page 'n', if image is masked |
| G | [Repeat D-F for next Image 'x+1', stream 'a', page 'n', if present] |
| Н | [Repeat C-G for next stream 'a+1' on page 'n', if present] |
| | Content Stream Array for page 'n' (See Page Dictionary) |
| J | Resource Dictionary for page 'n'. |
| K | [Repeat B-J for next page 'n+1', if present] |
| L | Document Catalog |
| M | Page Tree Node(s) |
| Ν | Interactive Form Dictionary (If digitally signed) |
| 0 | Annotation Field Dictionary (If digitally signed) |
| Р | Signature Dictionary (If digitally signed) |

| Q | Cross-Reference Table (See [pdf] Section 3.4.3) |
|---|---|
| R | File Trailer |

313

4 PDF Object Requirements

- The following sub-sections describe the object field values of the REQUIRED and OPTIONAL
 PDF objects in PDF/is. The numbers in '()'s refer to section numbers in the PDF Specifications
 [pdf], unless otherwise noted. 'AS SPECIFIED' refers to the PDF Specification [pdf] unless
 otherwise noted.
- All 'Required' and 'Optional' fields of a Document object (either specified here or referred to as 'Required' or 'Optional' in [pdf] or [pdf-ppk]) MUST be Supported if the object in question is to be considered 'Supported by the Consumer'. This rule does not apply if the definition of an object specifically states the requirements for the Consumer.
- 322 Support for all 'Required' fields of a Document object (either specified here or referred to as
- 323 'Required' in [pdf] or [pdf-ppk]) is REQUIRED if the object in question is to be considered 324 'Supported by the Producer'. Support for all 'Optional' fields of a Document object is OPTIONAL
- 324 Supported by the Producer. Support for all Optional fields of a Document object is OP HONAL
- for the Producer. This rule does not apply if the definition of an object specifically states the requirements for the Producer.

4.1 'PDF/is' Dictionary

- 328 The 'PDF/is' Dictionary is a new Dictionary object that is REQUIRED for a PDF/is document.
- The existence of this dictionary object is the one and only way to determine if the PDF in question is a PDF/is Document. The references in this object to items referred to in the Document Trailer are necessary to satisfy 'Producer Requirement' #6, see Section 4.1.

332

Table 4-1: PDF/is Dictionary

| Field | Туре | Specification |
|----------------|------------|--|
| 'Type' | Name | MUST have a value of '/Fis_PDFis'. |
| 'Fis_Version' | Number | REQUIRED: A Real number of the format MAJ_VER.MIN_VER. |
| | | (See below) |
| 'Encrypt' | Dictionary | MUST have same value as 'Encrypt' field in the 'Document Trailer'. |
| | | See [pdf] table 3.12 for specification. |
| 'Info' | Dictionary | MUST have same value as 'Info' field in the 'Document Trailer'. |
| | | See [pdf] Table 3.12 for specification. |
| 'ID' | Array | MUST have same value as 'ID' field in the 'Document Trailer'. See |
| | | [pdf] Table 3.12 for specification. |
| 'Fis_NextPage' | Dictionary | REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the first |
| | | 'Page Dictionary'. |
| 'Fis_DSig' | Dictionary | OPTIONAL: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the |
| | | 'Signature Dictionary', if present. |
| 'Fis_OrigID' | Dictionary | REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the |
| | | 'Originator Identifier' Image XObject. |
| 'Fis_Duplex' | Boolean | REQUIRED: MUST be 'false' unless the Document is known to be |
| | | duplex and all odd numbered pages precede all even numbered |
| | | pages (1, 3, 5,, n*2 - 1, 2, 4, 6,, n*2) – note that the last page |

| (n*2) is optional since the Document may have an odd number of |
|--|
| pages. See 'Page Ordering'. |

See [pdf] Section 3.2.5 for definition of an 'Array Object'. See [pdf] Section 3.2.2 for definition of a 'Numeric Object'.

4.1.1 'Fis_PDFis' Key

4.1.1.1 MAJ_VER:

333

336

337

338

339

340

341342

343 344

345346

347

360

361

362

363

364

The 'major' version number of this PDF/is specification to which the Producer conforms to at the time the Document was created. The 'major' version of this specification is currently '1'.

4.1.1.2 MIN_VER:

The 'minor' version number of this PDF/is specification to which the Producer conforms to at the time the Document was created. The 'minor' version of this specification is currently '0'.

4.1.1.3 Example

An example of the PDF/is Dictionary for an encrypted, digitally signed, Document that needs a 4 Megabyte cache might look like this:

```
348
                       1 0 obj
349
                        <<
350
                               /Type /Fis PDFis
                               /Fis_Version 1.0
351
352
                               /Encrypt 2 0 R
                               /Root 3 0 R
353
354
                               /Info 4 0 R
                               /ID [<8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114><8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114>]
355
356
                               /Fis_NextPage 5 0 R
                               /Fis_DSig 6 0 R
357
358
                       >>
359
                       endobj
```

4.2 'CCITTFaxDecode' Filter

See [pdf] Section 3.3.5, [t.4], and [t.6]. Note that only 'Group 4' images are Supported by PDF/is, see 'K', below.

Table 4-2: CCITTFaxDecode Filter

| Field | Specification |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 'K' | MUST have a value of -1. |
| 'EndOfLine' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'EncodedByteAlign' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Columns' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Rows' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'EndOfBlock' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'BlackIs1' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'DamagedRowsBeforeError' | AS SPECIFIED |

366

4.3 'JBIG2Decode' Filter

See [pdf] Section 3.3.6, [jbig2], and [t.89]. 367

368

Table 4-3: JBIG2Decode Filter

| Field | Specification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <all details=""></all> | AS SPECIFIED, except as noted below. |

369

371

- 370 Support for JBIG2 is OPTIONAL for the Producer. Consumers MUST support Profile 1 (0x00000101 BASE), Profile 3 (0x00000103 Lower Arithmetic) and Profile 4 372 (0x00000104 Medium lossy/lossless arithmetic) as defined in [t.89].
- 373 All Consumers MUST support at least "Level 2" Memory (See [t.89], Table 1, Item 18).
- The Producer MUST adhere to the Function and Memory constraints as specified in 374 375 [t.89].

376

377

4.4 'DCTDecode' Filter

- See [pdf] Section 3.3.7, [ps-jpeg], [ps], and [jpeg]. 378
- PDF/is supports both the JPEG Baseline DCT and Extended sequential DCT compressed image 379 380 formats.

381

Table 4-4: DCTDecode Filter

| Field | Specification |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <all details=""></all> | AS SPECIFIED, except as noted below. |

- 382 383
- Images MUST NOT be encoded using 'Progressive JPEG'.
- 384 Images MUST have either 1 or 3 color components.
- 385 All 3 component images (RGB, or YUV) MUST have their component data 'interleaved'. See [jpeg] Section 4.8.1. 386
- 387 The Consumer MUST adhere to the Memory requirements specified in Section 11 "RAM Requirements" of [ps-jpeg] for the Consumers Supported image resolution(s). 388
- 389 4.5 File Trailer
- 390 See [pdf] Table 3.12.

Table 4-5: File Trailer

| Fiel | a . | Spec | NITI OO | tion |
|------|-----|------|---------|------|
| | | OUGL | шис | |

| 'Size' | AS SPECIFIED |
|-----------|--|
| 'Prev' | PROHIBITED |
| 'Root' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Encrypt' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Info' | REQUIRED. |
| 'ID' | REQUIRED. MUST use a pseudo-random number in place of 'File Size' when generating this value. See [pdf] Section 9.3 for guidelines on how to generate this value. Rationale: Using a random number in place of file size is due to the requirements of using this field in generating the encryption key for the 'standard encryption' algorithm ([pdf] Step 5 of Algorithm 3.2, pg. 78): file size will not be known at the time this field is needed. Support for 'standard encryption' may be added to a future version of this specification. |

393 **4.6**

392

394

395

396 397

398

399

400

401

4.6 Document Catalog

See [pdf] Table 3.16.

It should be noted that Page Attributes MUST NOT be Inherited (See [pdf] pg. 91) due to the nature of the ordering of the objects in this format. Rationale: Since the parent object (a Page Tree Node) of a Page Dictionary will not appear in the Document until after the page, streaming of the data for a page that has an inherited attribute would not be possible.

402 Table 4-6: Document Catalog

| Field | Specification |
|---------------------|---|
| 'Type' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Version' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Pages' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'PageLabels' | PROHIBITED |
| 'Names' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Dests' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'ViewerPreferences' | OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer. |
| 'PageLayout' | OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer. |
| 'PageMode' | OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer. |
| 'Outlines' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Threads' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'OpenAction' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AA' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'URI' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AcroForm' | REQ if <dig-sig>, PROH otherwise. MUST point to a 'Interactive Form</dig-sig> |
| | <u>Dictionary</u> ' |
| 'Metadata' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'StructTreeRoot' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'MarkInfo' | AS SPECIFIED., See below. |
| 'Lang' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'SpiderInfo' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'OutputIntents' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Fis_header | MUST be an indirect object reference to the 'PDF/is Dictionary'. |

4.7 Page Tree Nodes

406 See [pdf] Table 3.17.

407 Table 4-7: Page Tree Nodes

| Field | Specification |
|---|---------------|
| 'Type' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Parent' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Kids' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Count' | AS SPECIFIED |
| <all 'page="" 3.18="" [pdf]="" dictionary'="" fields,="" see="" table=""></all> | PROHIBITED |

408 409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

404

405

If the Producer of a Document knows that the Document is being generated in some non sequential order, this fact SHOULD be conveyed by reordering the 'Kids' objects from the order in which they appear in the Document. Rationale: If the Producing device were scanning the pages of a duplexed document by scanning the fronts of all pages first (as an example), reordering the 'Kids' objects in this way would allow a Consumer that has random access to the Document (i.e. does not need to stream the data) the ability to display the pages in the proper order. If reordering is to be accomplished, the Page Dictionary of the front and back of the same page must have the same 'Parent' (Page Tree Node) entry in order to facilitate reorder, since all 'Kids' of a particular Page Tree Node have sequential page numbers.

417418

419

4.8 Page Dictionary

420 See [pdf] Table 3.18.

Table 4-8: Page Dictionary

| E'-1-1 | O The state of the state |
|----------------|---|
| Field | Specification |
| 'Type' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Parent' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'LastModified' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Resources' | MUST NOT be inherited, otherwise AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'MediaBox' | MUST NOT be inherited, otherwise AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'CropBox' | PROHIBITED: Same as 'MediaBox'. |
| 'BleedBox' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'TrimBox' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'ArtBox' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'BoxColorInfo' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Contents' | REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to an Array Object that |
| | contains Indirect Object References to all Content Streams on the page. The |
| | Array Object MUST be placed immediately before the Resource Dictionary for |
| | the page. |
| 'Rotate' | MUST NOT be inherited |
| 'Group' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Thumb' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'B' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Dur' | PROHIBITED. |

| 'Trans' | PROHIBITED. |
|------------------|---|
| 'Annots' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AA' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Metadata' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'PieceInfo' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'StructParents' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'ID' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'PZ' | OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer. |
| 'SeparationInfo' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Fis_NextPage' | REQUIRED: An Indirect Object Reference to either: the next 'Page Dictionary'; |
| | or, if this is the last page in the Document, to the 'Document Catalog'. |
| 'Fis_Duplex' | OPTIONAL: A 'boolean' object that defaults to 'false' and MUST be 'false' |
| | unless 'Fis_Duplex' in the 'PDF/is Dictionary' is 'true' and this is the first even |
| | numbered page in the Document. |
| 'Fis_NextCS' | REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the first 'Content |
| | Stream' on the page. |

Page Ordering

The Producer SHOULD order the pages in the Document sequentially from 1 to 'n'. For example, if the original document is duplex, the Producer SHOULD attempt to place the content from the back of page 1 (page 2) immediately after the content from page 1. This is preferable to placing content from all page fronts (odd number pages) followed by the content from all page backs (even numbered pages).

If the Producer chooses not to follow this page ordering guideline, the Producer MUST place all of the page fronts in the Document before all of the page backs – all odd numbered pages MUST precede all even numbered pages. In addition, the Producer MUST indicate this fact by specifying '/Fis_Duplex true' boolean object in the PDF/is Dictionary. The point at which the pages are flipped MUST be indicated by placing the '/Fis_Duplex true' boolean object in the Page Dictionary of the first even numbered page.

4.9 Content Streams

437 See [pdf] Table 3.4.

Table 4-9: Content Streams

| Field | Specification |
|----------------|--|
| 'Length' | REQUIRED: MUST not be an Indirect Object Reference. |
| 'Filter' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'DecodeParms' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'F' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FFilter' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FDecodeParms' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Fis_NextCS' | REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the next Content |
| | Stream for the current page or the 'Resource Dictionary' if this is the last |
| | Content Stream on the page. |

 The dictionary mapping of Resource Names to indirect object numbers used in the Content Streams and Resource Dictionary MUST follow the following rule:

All Resource Names (See [pdf] Section 3.7.2) MUST have their indirect object ID's as the trailing part of the Resource Name. Resource Names MUST NOT have any digits (0-9) anywhere else in their name. Names MUST start with a letter. Consumers SHOULD use this convention to avoid having to cache the entire page in order to gain access to the Resource Dictionary at the end of the page data. For example, a page with two images that are overlapping and masked, might look like this:

442

443

444

445

446

```
448
            3 0 obj %Page dictionary for page 1
449
450
                   /Type /Page
451
                   /Resources 4 0 R
452
                   /Contents 5 0 R
453
454
            >>
455
            endobj
456
457
            6 0 obj
                         %Content for page 1
458
            <</Length 45>>
459
            stream
460
461
                   /Im7 Do
                                % Image object at object number 7
462
                                % Image object at object number 8
463
                   /Fis NextCS 4 0 R %Points to Res. Dict. - only one CS.
464
            endstream
465
            endobj
466
467
            7 0 R
468
            <<
469
                   /Type /XObject
470
                   /Colorspace /Cs9 % Color space at object number 9.
471
472
            >>
473
            stream
474
475
            endstream
476
            endobj
477
478
            10 0 R
479
            <<
480
                   /Type /XObject
481
                   /Mask 8 0 R
482
                   /Colorspace /Cs7
483
484
            >>
485
            stream
486
487
            endstream
488
            endobj
489
490
            7 0 obj
                          %Color Space
491
            <</Length 3450>>
492
            stream
493
494
            endstream
495
            endobj
496
497
            8 0 obj
                         %Mask for image object 10.
498
499
            endobj
500
501
            5 0 obj
502
            [6 0 R]
                         %Array of Content Streams.
```

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 6 May 2003

```
503
            endobj
504
505
            4 0 obj
                         %Resources for page 1
506
            <<
507
                   /XObject << /Im9 9 0 R
                                /Im10 10 0 R >>
508
                   /ColorSpace << /Cs7 7 0 R >>
509
510
511
            endobj
512
            //Page 2 would begin here...
513
```

Rational: Since Indirect Object References from within Resource Dictionaries are prohibited (See [pdf] Section 3.7.2) we need a way to refer to these objects without requiring full buffering of a page. By requiring the objects to be written this way, the Consumer can process the Content Stream(s) and their associated Images and Color Spaces without requiring the Resource Dictionary. The Resource Dictionary must be written at the end of the page since it must refer to all objects that were used on the page.

See [pdf] Table 4.1:

514

515

516

517 518

519

520

521

522523

524

Table 4-10: Content Stream Operators

| Operators | Specification | Reference |
|--|--|------------------|
| q | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 4.7 |
| Q | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 4.7 |
| cm | MUST be [Sx 0 0 Sy Tx Ty], See Below | [pdf] Table 4.7 |
| Do | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 4.34 |
| DP | PROHIBITED except for 'Banding operator' and | [pdf] Table 9.8 |
| | 'Cache operator', see below | |
| BX | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 3.20 |
| EX | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 3.20 |
| BT | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.4 |
| ET | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.4 |
| • | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.6 |
| " | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.4 |
| T* | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.5 |
| Tc | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| Td | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.5 |
| TD | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.5 |
| Tf | AS SPECIFIED, also see Font Objects | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| Tj | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.6 |
| TL | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| Tm | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.5 |
| Tr | REQUIRED, and MUST be '3' | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| Ts | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| Tw | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| Tz | AS SPECIFIED | [pdf] Table 5.2 |
| <all other<="" td=""><td>PROHIBITED</td><td>[pdf] Table A.1</td></all> | PROHIBITED | [pdf] Table A.1 |
| Operators> | | |

Support for text operators (all operators beginning with the letter 'T', as well as the BT, ET, ', and " operators) are OPTIONAL for both the Producer and the Consumer. If text operators

Page 18 of 35 Copyright © 2002-2003 IEEE-ISTO. All rights reserved.

This is an unapproved IEEE-ISTO PWG Working Draft, subject to change.

525 are found in a Document, the Consumer MAY ignore them as they do not affect the rendering 526 of the page content since all text MUST be 'invisible' (Text Mode (Tr) == 3). 4.9.1 527 'cm' Operator: 528 See [pdf] Table 4.7 for definition of 'cm' operator. Note that all coordinates in PDF/is are 529 in the 'default user space' (See [pdf] pg. 138). 530 Given: 531 Wi = Width (X-direction) of the Image in inches. 532 Hi = Height (Y-direction) of the Image in inches. 533 Xi = Horizontal translation, in inches, from the left edge of the page to the left edge of the 534 image. 535 Yi = Vertical translation, in inches, from the bottom edge of the page to the bottom of the 536 image. 537 538 The Producer MUST ensure that the following is true: 539 Sx = Wi * 72540 **Sy** = Hi * 72 541 Tx = Xi * 72Ty = Yi * 72542 543 544 4.9.2 'Do' Operator: 545 See [pdf] Table 4.34 for definition of 'Do' operator. 546 547 **Image Resolution Calculations** Given: 548 549 Img = The 'Image XObject' associated with the 'Do' operator. 550 Cm = The current 'cm' operation in effect for 'lmg'. Wp = 'Width' field of 'Img'. 551 552 Hp = 'Height' field of 'Img'. 553 Sx = 'Sx' value of 'Cm'. Sy = 'Sy' value of 'Cm'. 554 555 556 The following must be assumed by the Producer and the Consumer: 557 (Wp * 72 / Sx) = The resolution, in the X-direction, of 'Img', in dots per inch.(Hp * 72 / Sy) = The resolution, in the Y-direction, of 'Img', in dots per inch. 558 'DP' Operators: 559 4.9.3 560 See [pdf] Table 9.8 for a definition of the 'DP' Operator.

Only the 'Marked Content' flags 'Banding Operator' and the 'Cache operator' are permitted in PDF/is, all other flags are PROHIBTED.

4.9.3.1 'Banding' Operator:

Banding facilitates the creation of a complex series of images on a PDF/is page to a Consumer that may be memory constrained and unable to otherwise display the page. If the Producer of the Document is able to determine that the current page's image layering (or "masking") will violate the <u>cache memory</u> constraints of the Consumer; the Consumer MUST break up the current page into non-overlapping regions to be displayed ('Banding') or free up resources using the 'Cache Operator' (see below). Banding is specified in one of the <u>content streams</u> of the page.

All images or masks in the content stream in a particular 'Band' do not overlay, and are not overlaid by, any images or masks in any other 'Band'.

To indicate that a new 'Band' is beginning, the content stream MUST contain the following operator syntax, exactly as shown:

/Fis_band<</Fis_band [Y]>> DP

Where:

Y: A 'Real Numeric Object' (See [pdf] Section 3.2.2) of the minimum Y-coordinate value that this band will contain.

And:

All coordinate values are in the 'default user space' (See [pdf] pg. 138) coordinate system (0,0 is lower left), at 72 units per inch, relative to the Page Dictionary's 'MediaBox'.

- Bands may only progress from top to bottom (highest to lowest Y coordinate).
- The last Band on the page MUST not have a Banding operator since the close of the Content Stream will indicate that the last band is to be rendered.
- The extent of an image within a particular Band MUST meet the following requirements:
 - Its top edge MUST have a y-coordinate value less than the Y value of the previous Band.
 - Its bottom edge MUST have a y-coordinate greater than, or equal to the
 Y value of the current Band, or '0' if this is the last band.

See the following examples to help illustrate this feature.

For the examples, below:

N: [Y]

Where 'N' is the order in which the band appears in the Content Stream.

'Y' is the 'Y' value of the Band operator.

Example #1: an 8.5" X 11" page (612x792 units), divided into 3 equal sized Bands:

1: [528]
2: [264]
3: (No operator)

Example #2: and 11" X 17" page (792x1224 units), divided into 4 "bands":

| 1: [918] | |
|------------------|--|
| 2: [612] | |
| 3: [306] | |
| 4: (No operator) | |

611

612 613 614

615 616

617

618

619 620

621

622 623

624 625

626

627 628 629

630

631

632 633 634

635

A 'Band Operator' MAY occur in any Content Stream for that page. If the page has more than one Content Stream it MUST be considered as described in [pdf] page 89, under 'Contents'.

To illustrate what a 'Banded' content stream might look like; here is the content stream for Example #2, above:

```
stream
792 0 0 306 0 1224 cm
                        % region of first 'band'. 792 units
wide, 306 units high,
                        % Display image in first band.
/Fis band <</Fis band [918] >> DP
                                    % 'Band Operator'
792 0 0 306 0 918 cm
/Im2 Do
                        % Display image in second band.
/Fis band <</Fis band [612]>> DP
792 0 0 306 0 612 cm
/Im3 Do
                        % Display image in third band.
/Fis_band <</Fis_band [306] >> DP
792 0 0 306 0 306 cm
                        % Display image in last band.
/Im4 Do
endstream
```

636 637 638

639

640

641

642

643

4.9.3.2 'Cache' Operator:

The 'Cache Operator' allows the Producer of the Document to specify that certain 'cached' objects (See 'Cached Objects' section in this specification) may be released from the cache at a certain point in the content stream. See 'Cache Release' section in this document for use of this operation. This operation would allow a Consumer to Discard specified objects to free resources for image operations. This operator has the following syntax:

```
/Fis cache <</Fis cache [OBJECTS] >> DP
```

644 645 646

Where 'OBJECTS' is an array of object ID references. For example:

```
/Fis_cache <</Fis_cache [23 0 R 34 0 R]>> DP
```

...will release objects 23 and 34 from the cache.

4.10 Resource Dictionaries

See [pdf] Table 3.21.

651 652 653

654

650

The Resource Dictionary MUST reference all Image XObjects and ColorSpaces that are used on the current page. The position of the image objects, their masks, and color spaces with respect to each other is defined in the Image XObject section of this specification.

655 656 657

658

The 'Resource Dictionary' MUST be the last object for any given page. This is an indicator to the Consumer that the current page is complete.

659

Table 4-11: Resource Dictionaries

| Field | Specification |
|--------------|---------------|
| 'ExtGState' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'ColorSpace' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Pattern' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Shading' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'XObject' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Font' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'ProcSet' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Properties' | PROHIBITED. |

660

661

4.11 ICCBased Color Space

662 See [pdf] Table 4.16 & Table 3.4.

663

Table 4-12: ICCBased Color Space

| Field | Specification |
|----------------|---|
| 'N' | MUST have a value of '3'. |
| 'Alternate' | PROHIBITED, Implies '/DeviceRGB' (See [pdf]). |
| 'Range' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Metadata' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Length' | REQUIRED. MUST NOT be an indirect object reference. |
| 'Filter' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'DecodeParms' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'F' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FFilter' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FDecodeParms' | PROHIBITED. |

664 665

The following rules MUST be adhered to:

666 667 All color image data MUST be 'sRGB' color data (See [srgb]). Color images MUST use the 'sRGB' standard ICC profile [srgb-icc].

668 669 The [srgb-icc] profile MUST be Implemented in the Document, unmodified.

670 671 The profile MUST be Implemented after its first reference (See <u>Producer Conformance</u> <u>Requirement</u> #6) and SHOULD be cached (See '<u>Cached Objects</u>') for further references.

671 672

673

Since the color image data meets the 'sRGB' specification, the Consumer has the following two options:

- 674 Tune the output device to use 'sRGB' image data. This would allow the Consumer to avoid having to implement a full ICC profile engine. The image data would 675 be used directly which could greatly simplify the image data processing. 676 677 Support ICC profiles. In this case, the Consumer does not need to know that the 678 image data conforms to 'sRGB'; instead, the Consumer can process the data using an entirely ICC based color management approach (See [icc]). This method would be the 679 680 choice for the Consumer that supports the full PDF specification [pdf]. 681 682 4.12 Indexed Color Space 683 See [pdf] Page 199. 684 685 An Indexed color space MAY be used for grayscale or color images, as necessary. 686 687 An Indexed Color Space object MUST take the following form: 688 689 [/Indexed base hival lookup] 690 691 Where: 692 'base' MUST be an array of the form: 693 694 [/ICCBased X] Where 'X' is an indirect object reference to an ICCBased 'sRGB' color space (See 695 ICCBased Color Space). 696 'hival' MUST be as defined on page 200 in [pdf]. 697 698 'lookup' MUST be as defined on page 200 in [pdf] but MUST be a stream. 699 700 Example: 701 702 10 0 obi 703 [/Indexed [/ICCBased 12 0 R] 255 11 0 R]] 704 endobj 705 706 11 0 obi 707 <</Length 768>> 708 stream 709%256 color lookup table values in R-G-B order... 710 endstream 711 endobj 712 713 12 0 obi 714 %ICCBased 'sRGB' color space 715 716
 - 4.13 Image XObjects

718

720

719 See [pdf] Table 4.35 & Table 3.4 for description of the following table.

Table 4-13: Image XObjects

Field Specification

| 'Type' | MUST be 'XObject' |
|--------------------|--|
| 'Subtype' | MUST be 'Image' |
| 'Width' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Height' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'ColorSpace' | AS SPECIFIED. Only 'ICCBased' or 'Indexed' color spaces are permitted. |
| 'BitsPerComponent' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Intent' | REQUIRED. 'Perceptual' is RECOMMENDED. |
| 'ImageMask' | AS SPECIFIED |
| 'Mask' | AS SPECIFIED, see below. |
| 'SMask' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Decode' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Interpolate' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Alternates' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Name' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'StructParent' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'ID' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'OPI' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Metadata' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Length' | REQUIRED: MAY be an indirect object reference to a numeric object that |
| | MUST be the next object in the Document, See below. |
| 'Filter' | REQUIRED: MUST be one of: 'DCTDecode', 'CCITTFaxDecode', or |
| | 'JBIG2Decode'. No other filters are allowed. |
| 'DecodeParms' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'F' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FFilter' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FDecodeParms' | PROHIBITED. |

724

725 726

727

728

729

730 731

732

733

734

735

736

737

738

739 740

- An 'ImageMask', if indicated in an Image XObject, MUST appear in the Document before
 the Image XObject that references it.
 - All image data, regardless of compress method (Filter), MUST be ordered as specified in Section 4.8.3 and in Figure 4.26 of [pdf], contrary to the 'Note' at the bottom of page 265 of [pdf].
 - Grayscale images MUST use an Indexed Color Space.
 - If the 'Length' specifier for a stream is an indirect object reference to a numeric object, the Producer MUST place the following comment on the line after the 'endstream' keyword:
 - %ID['ID' field value from 'PDF/is Dictionary']

Using Section 4.1.1.3 as an example, we would have:

endstream

%ID[<8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114><8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114>]

Rationale: By placing this 'ID' at the end of the stream object a Consumer does not have to understand the format of the stream in order to find its end. The Consumer can simply search for the 'ID' string to determine where the stream ends. This is mainly useful when the Consumer is reading a newer version of the PDF/is document format that it does not understand.

4.14 Masked Images

742 See [pdf] Section 4.8.5.

Table 4-14: Masked Images

| Field | Specification |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| <all fields=""></all> | AS SPECIFIED |

744

745

743

4.15 Interactive Form Dictionary

746 See [pdf] Table 8.47.

747

Table 4-15: Interactive Form Dictionary

| Field | Specification | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 'Fields' | MUST be an Array of indirect object reference(s) to 'Annotation Field | |
| | Dictionary'(s). | |
| 'NeedAppearances' | PROHIBITED | |
| 'SigFlags' | MUST be '3' | |
| 'CO' | PROHIBITED | |
| 'DR' | PROHIBITED | |
| 'DA' | PROHIBITED | |
| 'Q' | PROHIBITED | |

748

749

4.16 Font Objects

- 'Font Objects' (See [pdf] Section 5.4) include both 'Font Dictionaries' ([pdf] Table 5.8) and 'Font Descriptors' ([pdf] Table 5.18).
- Fonts can be used in PDF/is Documents only for text searching and extraction capabilities. All
- 753 text MUST be invisible (See 'Tr' in Content Streams). As such, support for Font Objects is
- 754 OPTIONAL for both the Producer and the Consumer. Since text is invisible, the Consumer need
- not Support Text Operators (in <u>Content Streams</u>) or Font Objects as they do not affect the
- 756 rendered output.
- 757 Font Objects, if present, MUST follow the following rules:
 - Embedded font programs ([pdf] Section 5.8) are PROHIBITED.
- All font 'SubTypes' ([pdf] Table 5.7) except 'TrueType' ([pdf] Section 5.5.2) and 'Type1' ([pdf] Section 5.5.1) are PROHIBITED.
 - 'Font Dictionaries' MUST be implemented AS SPECIFIED in [pdf].
- "Font Descriptors" MUST be Implemented AS SPECIFIED in [pdf].

763

764

761

758

4.17 Annotation Field Dictionary

- 765 See [pdf] Tables 8.10 & 8.49. This dictionary consists of entries from both a 'Annotation
- 766 Dictionary (Table 8.10) and a 'Field Dictionary' (Table 8.49).
- 767 Only Digital Signature Annotations are allowed in PDF/is.

| Field | Specification |
|----------------|---|
| 'Type' | MUST be 'Annot' |
| 'Subtype' | MUST be 'Widget' |
| 'Contents' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'P' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Rect' | MUST be '[0 0 0 0]' |
| 'NM' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'F' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'BS' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Border' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AP' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AS' | PROHIBITED. |
| ,C, | PROHIBITED. |
| 'CA' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'T' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Popup' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'A' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AA' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'StructParent' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'FT' | MUST be 'Sig' |
| 'Parent' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Kids' | PROHIBTED. |
| 'T' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'TU' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'TM' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'Ff' | MUST be '1'. |
| 'V' | MUST be an indirect object reference to a 'Signature Dictionary'. |
| 'DV' | PROHIBITED. |
| 'AA' | PROHIBITED. |

771 4.18 Signature Dictionary

772 See [pdf] Table 8.60 and [pdf-ppk] Table 2.

The Digital Signature format MUST only be in the 'Raw Format', see [pdf-ppk] Section 2.2.

774 Table 4-17: Signature Dictionary

| Field | Specification |
|-------------|---|
| 'Type' | MUST be 'Sig' |
| 'Filter' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'SubFilter' | MUST be 'adbe.x509.rsa_sha1' |
| 'Name' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Reason' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'Location' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'M' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'ByteRange' | PROHIBITED (Implies all bytes in the Document with the exclusion of the |
| | bytes represented by the value of the 'Cert' field. See [pdf] for this field) |
| 'Contents' | AS SPECIFIED. |

Page 26 of 35 Copyright © 2002-2003 IEEE-ISTO. All rights reserved. This is an unapproved IEEE-ISTO PWG Working Draft, subject to change.

| 'Cert' | AS SPECIFIED. |
|-----------------|---------------|
| 'R' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'V' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'ADBE_Build' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'ADBE_AuthType' | AS SPECIFIED. |
| 'ADBE_PwdTime' | AS SPECIFIED. |

777 5 Object Lifetime

Some Consumer's may be limited in the amount of storage they may have to cache the Document as it's received from the Producer. This storage limitation may prohibit the Consumer from holding the entire Document before beginning to render the first page. To facilitate this storage constraint, PDF/is has a mechanism of "object lifetime". This mechanism defines how long an object must be held in storage before it is no longer needed.

If a Document can be fully maintained in the Consumer's storage, i.e. the Consumer is a PC or some other device with large quantities of storage; the Document's Cross-Reference table should be used to access objects as they are needed. In this case, the Consumer should follow the parsing model as spelled out in the PDF Reference [pdf].

If a Document cannot be fully maintained within the Consumers storage or if it is uncertain if it will be able to do so, the Document MUST be linearly parsed and the following parsing rules MUST be adhered to:

- Documents MUST be parsed in order, from beginning to end.
- All Consumer's MUST have the ability to cache at least 4 Megabytes (4,194,304 bytes) of PDF/is Document data. This memory is in addition to any memory required for JBIG2 image processing (2 Megabytes, See '<u>JBIG2Decode</u>' Section) and for raster image buffers on the Consuming device.

At the end of generation of each Dictionary Object (See [pdf] Section 3.2.6), the Producer MUST ensure that 4 Megabyte cache memory limit will not been exceeded when the Consumer reads the Document. If the Producer exceeds the limit as calculated using the formula shown below, the Document is Invalid. If the limit will be exceeded, the Producer MUST either reorganize the current page by using either "Banding", freeing up some "cached" objects, reducing the use of masked images (or lowering their resolution), or by using some other process in order to avoid breaking the cache buffer limit.

Calculation of the current cache buffer size MUST follow the following formula:

- 1) The current total Document size (in bytes) that has been created up to the point at which this calculation is being made.
- 2) Minus the 'Object Size' of all released 'Cached' objects (See "<u>Cached Objects</u>" Section of this specification), up to that point.
- 3) Minus the 'Object Size' of all non-cached 'Page-Relative Objects' for previous pages, not already accounted for by #2.
- 4) Minus the 'Object Size' of all non-cached 'Image XObjects' data for any previous 'Bands' on the current page; if the page is "Banded".
- 5) Minus the 'Object Size' of the last 'Image XObject' in the current 'Band', if the page is "Banded".

6 May 2003 817 6) Minus the 'Object Size' of the 'Image XObject' for the current page, if the page is not 818 "Banded". 819 Rationale: The last two items assume that the Consumer will process image data as it is received and will not need to cache these objects before rendering. 820 821 **Cached Objects** 822 823 If a 'Page-Relative' object MAY be used on more than one page or in more than one 'Band', it will 824 be necessary to specify the object as 'Cached'. This will allow an object to be used throughout 825 the Document that otherwise would be discarded. This caching mechanism only applies to 826 'Page-Relative' 'Dictionary Objects'; see [pdf] Section 3.2.6. 827 An object that is held in the Consumers cache by the 'Cache Hold' mechanism MUST be 828 maintained in the cache until one of the following conditions is met: 829 The 'Cache Operator' is invoked on this object in a page's Content Stream. 830 The 'Document Catalog' is reached. 831 To specify that a particular object should be 'cached', add the following Name Object (See [pdf] Section 3.2.4) to the Dictionary Object (See [pdf] Section 3.2.6) to be cached: 832 833 /Fis_Cache **Conformance Requirements** 834 835 This section specifies the conformance requirements for Consumers and Producers. 7.1 **Producer conformance requirements** 836 837 In order to conform to this specification, a Document Producer: 1. MUST specify the version of PDF (See [pdf] Section 3.4.1) as being 'PDF 1.4'. 838 2. MUST place the 'PDF/is Dictionary' as the first object in the PDF. 839 840 3. MUST NOT include any private 'PDF Name Registry' values/objects (See [pdf] – Appendix E) that affect printed output. 841 842 4. MUST place the objects: 'Interactive Form Dictionary', 'Annotation Field Dictionary' and 843 'Digital Signature' objects as the last three objects (in that order) in the Document, if the Document is Digitally Signed. Note that in a situation where the Consumer cannot cache 844 the entire document before rendering, the detection of a valid or invalid Digital Signature 845 846 will only occur after rendering of the entire Document.

- 5. MUST ensure that there is at least one Forward-Reference to each object. The only object that does not have to follow this rule is the 'PDF/is Dictionary'. Rationale: This will aid the Consumer with identifying objects as they are encountered in the data stream.
- MUST ensure that all objects appear in the PDF AFTER the object in which they are first referenced (Satisfied by Requirement 6) and BEFORE the next 'Page Dictionary' unless the object is a Cached Object (See Section 3.4).

847

848 849

850

851

- 7. MUST ensure that all object identifiers ([pdf] Section 3.2.9) start at the beginning of a line.
- 854 8. MUST ensure that all 'endobj' keywords ([pdf] Section 3.2.9) start at the beginning of a line.
- 9. MUST NOT Linearize the Document. See [pdf] Appendix F.
- 10. MUST NOT Incrementally Update the Document. See [pdf] Section 3.4.5.
- 858 11. MUST only encoded images with resolutions of at least 300 but not more than 1200 dots per inch (dpi). It is RECOMMENDED that the Producer place images in the Document in the images original resolution, i.e. not scaled.
- MUST include an 'Originator Identifier' image that MUST be displayed on, at least, the
 first page. The image MUST be referenced by the 'Fis_OrigID' field in the 'PDF/is
 Dictionary' and MUST be 'cached' if displayed on more than the first page.
- 13. MUST end all text lines with a carriage-return (0x0D), line-feed (0x0A) combination 'EOL Marker' (See [pdf] pg. 26). MUST NOT use a single carriage-return nor a single line-feed to signify the end of a line.
- 14. MUST not use multiple, sequential 'EOL Markers', i.e. there should be no blank lines in the Document.
- 15. MUST only use either a space or a horizontal tab character as white space ([pdf] Table 3.1).
- 16. MUST keep white-spaces to a single instance. Runs of multiple white-space characters are PROHIBITED.
- 17. MUST place the following five characters as the second line in the Document: %âãÏÓ (Hex values 0x25, 0xE2, 0xE3, 0xCF, 0xD3)
- 18. MUST separate the 'xfer' keyword from the cross reference subsection header by a single EOL Marker (See [pdf] Section 3.4.3).
- 877 19. MUST NOT place any data following the '%%EOF' at the end of the Document.
- 20. MUST NOT place any data between the end of one Dictionary object and the beginning of the next Dictionary object.
- 880 21. MUST place an 'EOL Marker' after all 'stream' keywords.
- 22. MUST place an 'EOL Marker' before all 'endstream' keywords.
- 23. MUST place an 'EOL Marker' after all 'obj' keywords.
- 24. MUST place an 'EOL Marker' after all 'endobj' keywords.
- 884 25. MUST place all *object numbers*, *generation numbers*, and 'obj' keywords (See [pdf] 885 Section 3.2.9) together on a single line and the individual items are each to be separated by a single white space character.

7.2 Consumer conformance requirements

887

898 899

901

902

903

904

905

906

907

908

909

910

911

912

913

914

915

916

917

- In order to conform to this specification, a Document Consumer:
- 1. MUST Support all of the REQUIRED objects.
- 890 2. MUST Interpolate images up or down in resolution, as required, to properly match the Document's image resolution(s) to the Consumer's device capabilities.
- 892 3. MUST abide by the "Object Lifetime" rules in Section 3.4 if unable to Cache the entire Document.
- 4. MUST terminate processing of the Document if it is detected that the Document has been incrementally updated (See [pdf] Section 3.4.5) as these Documents are PROHIBITED.
- 8965. MUST have a Horizontal Scaling Factor that is within 0.3% of the Vertical Scaling Factor for all pages.
 - MUST have all Vertical and Horizontal Scaling Factors within the range of 0.9 and 1.1, inclusive for all pages.
- 900 7. MUST display the Originator Identifier where specified in a page's Content Stream.
 - 8. MUST attempt to recover from an invalid Document. Any Document that does not conform to this specification is considered to be 'Invalid'. If a formatting error is encountered in a Document, the Consumer MUST attempt to recover from the error by following the rules shown below.
 - a. If the error was encountered in a stream, the Consumer MUST skip to the end of the stream ignoring all remaining data in the stream.
 - b. If the error was encountered in an object outside of a stream, the Consumer SHOULD skip to the end of the current object, if possible. If not possible, the Consumer MUST skip to the next Page Object.

It should be noted that skipping objects in this way will cause the current page to be invalid. The details of handling invalid pages is outside the scope of this specification. In addition, If some of the skipped objects were 'Cached' additional pages may also be invalid.

8 Issues

 JBIG2Decode Filter may be made OPTIONAL for the Consumer in a later revision of this specification if it is determined that decoding of JBIG2 images is burdened by Intellectual Property.

918 9 Sample PDF/is PDFs

- The 'source' of the sample document in this section can be viewed with any text editor but should only be modified with a binary editor, as the stream data contained therein is not compatible with
- 921 text editors. Comments on the format of the documents are contained within the documents
- 922 themselves.

923 924 This sample is an unencrypted, unsigned, one page document. The page contains a 925 'CCITTFaxDecode' masked, 'DCTDecode' color foreground image with a 'DCTDecode' gray 926 scale background image. 927 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/SamplePDFax/sample.pdf 928 10 Normative References 929 930 [pdf] 931 Adobe Systems, "PDF Reference, third edition, Adobe Portable Document Format 932 Version 1.4", Addison-Wesley, December 2001, 933 http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/acrosdk/docs/filefmtspecs/PDFReference.pdf. 934 Also see errata: http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/acrosdk/docs/PDF14errata.txt. 935 [pdf-ppk] 936 Pravetz, J., "PDF Public-Key Digital Signature and Encryption Specification", Version 3.2, 937 Adobe Systems, September 2001, 938 http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/pdfs/tn/ppk_pdfspec.pdf 939 [ps-jpeg] Adobe Systems Incorporated, "Supporting the DCT Filters in PostScript Level 2", 940 941 November 1992, http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/pdfs/tn/5116.DCT_Filter.pdf 942 [ps] 943 Adobe Systems Incorporated, "PostScript Language Reference third edition", Addiseon-944 Wesley, 1999, http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/pdfs/tn/PLRM.pdf. Also see 945 errata: http://partners.adobe.com/asn/developer/pdfs/tn/PSerrata.txt. 946 [ifx] 947 Moore, Songer, Hastings, Seeler "IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol" PWG Proposed Standard, (Work in Progress), ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/pwg-ifx-ippfax-latest.pdf 948 949 [ifx-req] 950 Moore, P., "IPP Fax transport requirements", October 16, 2000, ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/requirements/ifx-transport-requirements-01.pdf 951 952 [t.4]953 ITU-T Recommendation T.4, "Standardization of group 3 facsimile apparatus for 954 document transmission". October 1997 955 [t.6] 956 ITU-T Recommendation T.6, "Facsimile coding schemes and coding control functions for 957 group 4 facsimile apparatus", November 1988 958 [t.89] 959 ITU-T Recommendation T.89, "Application profiles for Recommendation T.88 – 960 Lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images (JBIG2) for facsimile", September 2001 [rfc2119] 961 962 Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, September 2000, ftp://ftp.rfc-editor.org/in-notes/pdfrfc/rfc2911.txt.pdf. 963

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 6 May 2003

| 964 965 966 | [rfc291 | 1] Hastings, Herriot, deBry, Isaacson, Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics", September 2000, ftp://ftp.rfc-editor.org/in-notes/pdfrfc/rfc2911.txt.pdf . |
|--------------------------|----------|---|
| 967 968 969 | [jpeg] | JTC 1/SC 29, "Information technology – Digital compression and coding of continuoustone images: Requirements and guidelines", ISO/IEC 10918-1:1994, 1994. |
| 970 971 972 | [jbig2] | JTC 1/SC 29, "Information technology – Lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images", ISO/IEC 14492:2001, December 2001. |
| 973 974 975 | [icc] | International Color Consortium (ICC), ICC.1:1998-09, "File Format for Color Profiles", 1998. http://www.color.org/ICC-1_1998-09.PDF |
| 976 977 978 | [icc-a] | International Color Consortium (ICC), ICC.1A:1999-04, "Addendum 2 to Spec. ICC.1:1998-09", 1999. http://www.color.org/ICC-1A_1999-04.PDF |
| 979 980 981 982 | [srgb] | International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC), IEC/3WD 61966-2.1, "Colour Measurement and Management in Multimedia Systems and Equipment, Part 2.1: Default RGB Colour Space—sRGB", 1999. |
| 983 984 985 | [srgb-id | sc] sRGB ICC Color Profile: "sRGB Color Space Profile.icm". http://www.srgb.com/usingsrgb.html |
| 986 | 11 Ir | nformative References |
| 987 988 989 | [rfc254 | 2] Masinter, "Terminology and Goals for Internet Fax", RFC2542, March 1999, ftp://ftp.rfc-editor.org/in-notes/pdfrfc/rfc2542.txt.pdf . |
| 990 991 992 | [ifx-goa | kls] Klyne, Shockey, "Additional Goals for Quality Document Transfer", October 1999, ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/Internet-Drafts/draft-klyne-qualdoc-goals-02.txt. |
| 993 994 | [pdf-a] | PDF-Archive Committee, "Document Management – Long-term electronic preservation – |

12 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)

Use of PDF (PDF/A)", May 2003, http://www.aiim.org/standards.asp?ID=25013.

| Date | Author | Notes |
|----------|----------------------------|--|
| 10/9/02 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.01 (never released) |
| 10/23/02 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.02 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/pwg-ifx-pdfax-P02-021023-rev.pdf |
| 11/19/02 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.03 |

995

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 6 May 2003

| | | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/p wg-ifx-pdfis-P03-021110-rev.pdf |
|----------|----------------------------|---|
| 11/22/02 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.04 |
| | - | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/p |
| | | wg-ifx-pdfis-P04-021122-rev.pdf |
| 12/19/02 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.05 |
| | | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/p |
| | | wg-ifx-pdfis-P05-021219-rev.pdf |
| 2/19/03 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.06 |
| | | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/p |
| | | wg-ifx-pdfis-P06-030219-rev.pdf |
| 3/14/03 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.50 |
| | | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/w |
| | | <u>d-pdfis10-20030314-rev.pdf</u> |
| 3/24/03 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Version 0.60 |
| | | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/w |
| | | <u>d-pdfis10-20030324-rev.pdf</u> |
| 5/6/03 | Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems | Maturity: Prototype |
| | | ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/w |
| | | <u>d-pdfis10-20030506-rev.pdf</u> |

997 **13 Contributors**

| 998 999 | Rick Seeler John Pulera | Adobe SystemsMinolta | mailto:rseeler@adobe.com mailto:ipulera@minolta-mil.com |
|------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| 1000 | Gail Songer | - Peerless | mailto:gsonger@peerless.com |
| 1001 | Tom Hastings | - Xerox | mailto:hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com |
| 1002 | Rob Buckley | - Xerox | mailto:rbuckley@crt.xerox.com |
| 1003 | Lloyd McIntyre | | mailto:lloyd10328@pacbell.net |
| 1004 | Ira McDonald | - High North | mailto:imcdonald@sharplabs.com |
| 1005 | | | |

14 Acknowledgments

1006

| 1007 | Kari Poysa | - Xerox | mailto:Kari.Poysa@usa.xerox.com |
|------|----------------|-------------------|---|
| 1008 | Jerry Thrasher | - Lexmark | mailto:thrasher@lexmark.com |
| 1009 | Don Wright | - Lexmark | mailto:don@lexmark.com |
| 1010 | Martin Bailey | - Global Graphics | mailto:martin.bailey@globalgraphics.com |

1011 15 Author's Address

| 1012 | Rick Seeler |
|------|---|
| 1013 | Adobe Systems Incorporated |
| 1014 | 321 Park Ave., E13 |
| 1015 | San Jose, CA 95110 |
| 1016 | Phone: 1+408 536-4393 |
| 1017 | Fax: 1+408 537-8077 |
| 1018 | e-mail: <u>mailto:rseeler@adobe.com</u> |

16 Appendix A

16.1 Intellectual Property Statement – Adobe Systems Incorporated

The following statement is in addition to the Intellectual Property Statement in the PDF Reference (See [pdf] Section 1.4).

Patent Clarification Notice Specific to Use of PDF for IPP FAX Protocol

Adobe has a number of patents covering technology that is disclosed in the Portable Document Format (PDF) Specification, version 1.4 and later, as documented in PDF Reference and associated Technical Notes (the "PDF Specification"). Adobe desires to promote the use of PDF as the file format for a future.

1030 IPP FAX Protocol to be proposed, recommended, finalized and published by the IEEE Printer1031 Working

Group (the "IPP FAX Standard").

This Patent Clarification Notice is in addition to the permissions statement set forth in Section 1.4 of the

1036 PDF Reference which shall also apply to Adobe's contribution to the IPP FAX Standard.

Accordingly, Adobe agrees to provide a Royalty Free License to all Essential Claims solely for the purpose of implementing the IPP FAX Standard. Adobe and the IEEE Printer Working Group will identify and establish, within the final, published release of the IPP FAX Standard, a process whereby implementers of the IPP FAX Standard can request and obtain the above license.

No license shall be extended to those implementing only draft versions of the IPP FAX Standard.

A "Royalty Free License" shall mean a license that:

- shall be available to all implementers of the IPP FAX Standard worldwide, whether or not members of the IEEE Printer Working Group;
- ii) shall extend to all Essential Claims owned or controlled by Adobe and its Affiliates;
- iii) shall not be conditioned on payment of royalties, fees or other consideration except as described in (iv) and (v) below;
- iv) may be conditioned on a grant of a reciprocal license on identical terms to all Essential Claims owned or controlled by the licensee and its Affiliates; and
- v) may include reasonable, customary terms relating to operation or maintenance of the license relationship including but not limited to the following: choice of law, dispute resolution, and patent notices.

"Essential Claims" shall mean all claims in any patent or patent application, in any jurisdiction in the world, that (A) Adobe and/or its Affiliates own and (B) that would be necessarily infringed by implementation of the IPP FAX Standard. A claim is necessarily infringed hereunder only when a licensee can prove that it is not possible to avoid infringing it because there is no non-infringing alternative for implementing the required portions of the IPP FAX Standard. Existence of a non-infringing alternative shall be judged based on the state of the art at the time a licensee implements the IPP FAX Standard.

The following are expressly excluded from and shall not be deemed to constitute Essential Claims:

 any claims other than as set forth above even if contained in the same patent as Essential Claims: and

1083 1084

1085 1086

- 2) claims that would be infringed only by
 - a) portions of an implementation that are not required by the IPP FAX Standard
 - b) enabling technologies that may be necessary to make or use any product or portion thereof that complies with the IPP FAX Standard but are not themselves expressly set forth in the IPP FAX Standard; or
 - the implementation of technology developed elsewhere and merely incorporated by reference into the IPP FAX Standard.

For purposes of the Essential Claims definition, the "IPP FAX Standard" shall be deemed to include only architectural and interoperability requirements and shall not include any implementation examples or any other material that merely illustrates the requirements of the IPP FAX Standard.

An "Affiliate" of a first entity is a second entity that is controlled (greater than 50%) by, in control of, or under common control with the first entity.