1 2	INTERNET-DRAFT return job attributes in Send-Document and Send-URI needs to be indicated draft-ietf-ipp-implementers-guide-v11-010.txt
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17	Status of this Memo
18 19 20 21	This document is an Internet-Draft and is in full conformance with all provisions of Section 10 of [RFC2026]. Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts.
22 23 24	Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress".
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26	The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed as http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html.
27	
28	Abstract
29	This document is one of a set of documents, which together describe all aspects of a new Internet Printing
30	Protocol (IPP). IPP is an application level protocol that can be used for distributed printing using Internet
31	tools and technologies. This document contains information that supplements the IPP Model and
32	Semantics [IPP-MOD] and the IPP Transport and Encoding [IPP-PRO] documents. It is intended to help
33	implementers understand IPP/1.1, as well as IPP/1.0, and some of the considerations that may assist them in
34	the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For example, a typical order of processing
35 36	requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of the specification decisions is also included.

- The full set of IPP documents includes:
- Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics [IPP-MOD]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]
- 42 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
- The document, "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol", takes a broad look at distributed printing
- 44 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
- in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
- operators, and administrators. The design goal document calls out a subset of end user requirements that
- are satisfied in IPP/1.1. Operator and administrator requirements are out of scope for version 1.1.
- The document, "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol",
- describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
- IPP specifications, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.
- The document, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics", describes a simplified model with
- abstract objects, their attributes, and their operations. The model introduces a Printer and a Job. The Job
- supports multiple documents per Job. The model document also addresses how security,
- internationalization, and directory issues are addressed.
- The document, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport", is a formal mapping of the
- abstract operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1. It also defines the
- encoding rules for a new Internet media type called "application/ipp".
- The document, "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols", gives some advice to implementers of
- gateways between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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186 187

188 1 Introduction

- The IPP Implementer's Guide (IIG) (this document) contains information that supplements the IPP Model
- and Semantics [IPP-MOD] and the IPP Transport and Encoding [IPP-PRO] documents. As such this
- information is not part of the formal specifications. Instead information is presented to help implementers
- understand the specification, including some of the motivation for decisions taken by the committee in
- developing the specification. Some of the implementation considerations are intended to help
- implementers design their client and/or IPP object implementations. If there are any contradictions between
- this document and [IPP-MOD] or [IPP-PRO], those documents take precedence over this document.
- 196 Platform-specific implementation considerations will be included in this guide as they become known.
- In order to help the reader of the IIG and the IPP Model and Semantics document, the sections in this
- document parallel the corresponding sections in the Model document and are numbered the same for ease
- of cross reference. The sections that correspond to the IPP Transport and Encoding are correspondingly
- 200 offset.
- 201 1.1 Conformance language
- 202 Usually, this document does not contain the terminology MUST, MUST NOT, MAY, NEED NOT,
- SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, REQUIRED, and OPTIONAL. However, when those terms do appear in this
- document, their intent is to repeat what the [IPP-MOD] and [IPP-PRO] documents require and allow, rather
- 205 than specifying additional conformance requirements. These terms are defined in section 13 on
- 206 conformance terminology in [IPP-MOD], most of which is taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].
- Implementers should read section 13 (APPENDIX A) in [IPP-MOD] in order to understand these
- 208 capitalized words. The words MUST, MUST NOT, and REQUIRED indicate what implementations are
- required to support in a client or IPP object in order to be conformant to [IPP-MOD] and [IPP-PRO].
- 210 MAY, NEED NOT, and OPTIONAL indicate was is merely allowed as an implementer option. The verbs
- 211 SHOULD and SHOULD NOT indicate suggested behavior, but which is not required or disallowed,
- respectively, in order to conform to the specification.
- 213 1.2 Other terminology
- The term "sender" refers to the client that sends a request or an IPP object that returns a response. The term
- "receiver" refers to the IPP object that receives a request and to a client that receives a response.
- 216 1.3 Issues Raised from Interoperability Bake Offs

- September 1998 and Bake Off2 was held in March 1999. See the summary reports in:
- 219 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/new_TES/
- The issues raised from the first bake off are numbered 1.n in this document and are described in:
- 221 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/approved-clarifications/ipp-agreed-fixes-981030.pdf
- These issue resolutions have been incorporated into the November 16, "IPP/1.0 Model and Semantics" [ipp-

The IPP WG has conducted two open interoperability "Bake Offs". The first bake off was held in

- 223 mod] and the "IPP/1.0 Encoding and Transport" [ipp-proIPP-PRO] documents. However, some of the
- discussion is left here in the Implementer's Guide to help understanding.
- The issues raised from Bake Off2 are numbered 2.n in this document and are described in:
- 226 ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/ipp/issues/issues-raised-at-bake-off2.pdf

227 2 IPP Objects

- The term "client" in IPP is intended to mean any client that issues IPP operation requests and accepts IPP
- operation responses, whether it be a desktop or a server. In other words, the term "client" does not just
- mean end-user clients, such as those associated with desktops.
- The term "IPP Printer" in IPP is intended to mean an object that accepts IPP operation requests and returns
- 232 IPP operation responses, whether implemented in a server or a device. An IPP Printer object MAY, if
- implemented in a server, turn around and forward received jobs (and other requests) to other devices and
- print servers/services, either using IPP or some other protocol.

3 IPP Operations

- 236 This section corresponds to Section 3 "IPP Operations" in the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics document
- 237 [IPP-MOD].

235

- 238 3.1 Common Semantics
- This section discusses semantics common to all operations.
- 240 3.1.1 Summary of Operation Attributes
- 241 Legend for the following table:
- 242 R indicates a REQUIRED operation that MUST be supported by the IPP object (Printer or Job). For
- 243 attributes, R indicates that the attribute MUST be supported by the IPP object supports the associated
- 244 operation.

- O indicates an OPTIONAL operation or attribute that MAY be supported by the IPP object (Printer or Job).
- + indicates that this is not an IPP/1.0 feature, but is only a part of IPP/1.1 and future versions of IPP.

Table 1 - Summary of Printer operation attributes that sender MUST supply

	•	-					
	Printer Ope	ration	.s				
	Requests						Respon ses
Operation Attributes	Print-Job, Validate- Job (R)	Prin t- URI (O)	Crea te- Job (O)	Get- Printer- Attribute s (R)	Get- Jobs (R)	Pause- Printer, Resume- Printer, Purge- Printer (O+)	All Operat ions
Operation parametersR	EQUIRED to b	e supp	lied by	the sender			
operation-id	R	R	R	R	R	R	
status-code							R
request-id	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
version-number	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Operation attributesR	EQUIRED to b	e supp	lied by	the sender			
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural- language	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
document-uri		R					
job-id*							
job-uri*							
last-document							
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Operation attributesR	1			by the sen	der	T	
job-name	R	R	R				
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	R	

Table 2 - Summary of Printer operation attributes that sender MAY supply

	Printer	Operati	ons				
	Requests	_					Respon ses
Operation Attributes	Print- Job, Validat e-Job (R)	Print -URI (O)	Creat e-Job (O)	Get- Printer- Attribut es (R)	Get- Jobs (R)	Pause- Printer, Resume- Printer, Purge- Printer (O+)	All Operat ions
Operation attributesOPTI	ONAL to b	e suppl	ied by t	he sender		•	
status-message							0
detailed-status-message							0
compression	0	0					
document-format	R	R		0			
document-name	0	0					
document-natural-language	0	0					
ipp-attribute-fidelity	R	R	R				
job-impressions	0	0	0				
job-k-octets	0	0	0				
job-media-sheets	0	0	0				
limit					R		
message							
my-jobs					R		
requested-attributes				R	R		
which-jobs					R		

^{* &}quot;job-id" is REQUIRED only if used together with "printer-uri" to identify the target job; otherwise, "job-uri" is REQUIRED.

Table 3 - Summary of Job operation attributes that sender MUST supply

	Job Oper	ations				
	Requests					Responses
Operation Attributes	Send- Documen t	Send- URI (O)	Cancel -Job (R)	Get-Job- Attribut es (R)	Hold-Job, Release- Job, Restart- Job (O+)	All Operation s
Operation parametersREQUIRE	ED to be s	supplied	by the	sender		
operation-id	R	R	R	R	R	
status-code						R
request-id	R	R	R	R	R	R
version-number	R	R	R	R	R	R
Operation attributesREQUIRE	ED to be s	supplied	by the	sender		
attributes-charset	R	R	R	R	R	R
attributes-natural-language	R	R	R	R	R	R
document-uri		R				
job-id*	R	R	R	R	R	
job-uri*	R	R	R	R	R	
last-document	R	R				
printer-uri	R	R	R	R	R	
Operation attributesRECOMMI	ENDED to b	oe suppl	ied by t	he sender		
job-name						
requesting-user-name	R	R	R	R	R	

Table 4 - Summary of Job operation attributes that sender MAY supply

	Job Operat	cions						
	Requests							
Operation Attributes	Send- Document (0)	Send -URI (O)	Cancel -Job (R)	Get- Job- Attribu tes (R)	Hold- Job, Restart -Job (O+)	Releas e-Job (O+)	All Operat ions	
Operation attributesOPTI	ONAL to be	suppli	ed by th	e sender				
status-message							0	
detailed-status-message							0	
document-access-error							O**	
compression	0	0						
document-format	R	R						
document-name	0	0						
document-natural-language	0	0						
ipp-attribute-fidelity								
job-impressions								
job-k-octets								
job-media-sheets								
limit								
message			0		0	0		
job-hold-until					R			
my-jobs								
requested-attributes				R				
which-jobs								

^{* &}quot;job-id" is REQUIRED only if used together with "printer-uri" to identify the target job; otherwise, "job-uri" is REQUIRED.

256

Table 5 - Printer operation response attributes

	Printer Ope	rations					
	Response						
Operation Attributes	Print-Job (R),Send- Document (O), Send- URI (O)	Validate -Job (R)	Print -URI (O)	Create- Job (0)	Get- Printer - Attribu tes (R)	Get- Jobs (R)	Pause- Printer, Resume- Printer, Purge- Printer (0+)
job-uri	R		R	R			
job-id	R		R	R			
job-state	R		R	R			
job-state-reasons	R+		R+	R+			
document-access- error+			0				

^{** &}quot;document-access-error" applies to the Send-URI operation only.

- 260 3.1.2 Suggested Operation Processing Steps for IPP Objects (Issue 1.21)
- This section suggests the steps and error checks that an IPP object MAY perform when processing requests
- and returning responses. An IPP object MAY perform some or all of the error checks. However, some
- 263 implementations MAY choose to be more forgiving than the error checks shown here, in order to be able to
- accept requests from non-conforming clients. Not performing all of these error checks is a so-called
- 265 "forgiving" implementation. On the other hand, clients that successfully submit requests to IPP objects that
- do perform all the error checks will be more likely to be able to interoperate with other IPP object
- implementations. Thus an implementer of an IPP object needs to decide whether to be a "forgiving" or a
- 268 "strict" implementation. Therefore, the error status codes returned may differ between implementations.
- 269 Consequentially, client SHOULD NOT expect exactly the error code processing described in this section.
- 270 When an IPP object receives a request, the IPP object either accepts or rejects the request. In order to
- determine whether or not to accept or reject the request, the IPP object SHOULD execute the following
- steps. The order of the steps may be rearranged and/or combined, including making one or multiple passes
- over the request.
- A client MUST supply requests that would pass all of the error checks indicated here in order to be a
- conforming client. Therefore, a client SHOULD supply requests that are conforming, in order to avoid
- being rejected by some IPP object implementations and/or risking different semantics by different
- implementations of forgiving implementations. For example, a forgiving implementation that accepts
- 278 multiple occurrences of the same attribute, rather than rejecting the request might use the first occurrences,
- while another might use the last occurrence. Thus such a non-conforming client would get different results
- 280 from the two forgiving implementations.
- In the following, processing continues step by step until a "RETURNS the xxx status code ..." statement is
- encountered. Error returns are indicated by the verb: "REJECTS". Since clients have difficulty getting the
- status code before sending all of the document data in a Print-Job request, clients SHOULD use the
- Validate-Job operation before sending large documents to be printed, in order to validate whether the IPP
- 285 Printer will accept the job or not.
- It is assumed that security authentication and authorization has already taken place at a lower layer.

```
287 3.1.2.1 Suggested Operation Processing Steps for all Operations
```

- 288 This section is intended to apply to all operations. The next section contains the additional steps for the
- Print-Job, Validate-Job, Print-URI, Create-Job, Send-Document, and Send-URI operations that create jobs,
- 290 adds documents, and validates jobs.

```
291
     IIG Sect #
                         Flow
                                               IPP error status codes
292
     _____
293
294
                           V
                                      err
295
     3.1.2.1.1
                  <Validate version> --> server-error-version-not-supported
296
                         ok|
297
                                      err
298
     3.1.2.1.2 <Validate operation> --> server-error-operation-not-supported
299
                         ok|
300
                           V
                                      err
301
     3.1.2.1.4.1- <Validate presence> --> client-error-bad-request
                     <of attributes>
302
     3.1.2.1.4.2
303
                         ok
304
                                      err
     3.1.2.1.4.3 <Validate presence> --> client-error-bad-request
305
306
                  <of operation attr>
307
                         ok l
308
                           v
                                      err
                <Valied values of>
309
     3.1.2.1.5
                                      --> client-error-bad-request
310
                  <operation attrs>
                                          client-error-request-value-too-long
311
                <(length, tag, range,>
312
                    <multi-value)>
313
                         ok
314
                                      err
315
     3.1.2.1.5
                   <Validate values> --> client-error-bad-request
316
                <with supported values>
                                          client-error-charset-not-supported
317
                                          client-error-attributes-or-values-
                         ok l
318
                                                        not-supported
319
                           V
                                      err
320
     3.1.2.1.6 <Validate optionally> --> client-error-bad-request
                   <operation attr>
                                       client-error-natural-language-not-
321
322
                         ok l
                                                        supported
323
                                          client-error-request-value-too-long
324
                                          client-error-attributes-or-values-
325
                                                        not-supported
326
```

327 3.1.2.1.1 Validate version number

- Every request and every response contains the "version-number" attribute. The value of this attribute is the
- major and minor version number of the syntax and semantics that the client and IPP object is using,
- respectively. The "version-number" attribute remains in a fixed position across all future versions so that

- all clients and IPP object that support future versions can determine which version is being used. The IPP
- object checks to see if the major version number supplied in the request is supported. If not, the Printer
- object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code in the
- response. The IPP object returns in the "version-number" response attribute the major and minor version
- for the error response. Thus the client can learn at least one major and minor version that the IPP object
- supports. The IPP object is encouraged to return the closest version number to the one supplied by the
- 337 client.
- 338 The checking of the minor version number is implementation dependent, however if the client supplied
- minor version is explicitly supported, the IPP object MUST respond using that identical minor version
- number. If the major version number matches, but the minor version number does not, the Printer
- 341 SHOULD accept and attempt to process the request, or MAY reject the request and return the 'server-error-
- version-not-supported' status code. In all cases, the Printer MUST return the nearest version number that it
- supports. For example, suppose that an IPP/1.2 Printer supports versions '1.1' and '1.2'. The following
- responses are conforming:

Table 6 - Examples of validating IPP version

Client supplies	Printer Accept Request?	Printer returns
1.0	yes (SHOULD)	1.1
	no (SHOULD NOT)	1.1
1.1	yes (MUST)	1.1
1.2	yes (MUST)	1.2
1.3	yes (SHOULD)	1.2
	no (SHOULD NOT)	1.2

346

- 347 It is advantageous for Printers to support both IPP/1.1 and IPP/1.0, so that they can interoperate with either
- 348 client implementations. Some implementations may allow an Administrator to explicitly disable support
- for one or the other by setting the "ipp-versions-supported" Printer description attribute.
- Likewise, it is advantageous for clients to support both versions to allow interoperability with new and
- 351 legacy Printers.
- 352 3.1.2.1.2 Validate operation identifier
- 353 The Printer object checks to see if the "operation-id" attribute supplied by the client is supported as
- indicated in the Printer object's "operations-supported" attribute. If not, the Printer REJECTS the request
- and returns the 'server-error-operation-not-supported' status code in the response.

- 356 3.1.2.1.3 Validate the request identifier
- 357 The Printer object SHOULD NOT check to see if the "request-id" attribute supplied by the client is in
- range: between 1 and $2^{**}31 1$ (inclusive), but copies all 32 bits.
- Note: The "version-number", "operation-id", and the "request-id" parameters are in fixed octet positions in
- the IPP/1.1 encoding. The "version-number" parameter will be the same fixed octet position in all versions
- of the protocol. These fields are validated before proceeding with the rest of the validation.
- 362 3.1.2.1.4 Validate attribute group and attribute presence and order
- The order of the following validation steps depends on implementation.
- 364 3.1.2.1.4.1 Validate the presence and order of attribute groups
- Client requests and IPP object responses contain attribute groups that Section 3 requires to be present and in
- a specified order. An IPP object verifies that the attribute groups are present and in the correct order in
- requests supplied by clients (attribute groups without an * in the following tables).
- 368 If an IPP object receives a request with (1) required attribute groups missing, or (2) the attributes groups are
- out of order, or (3) the groups are repeated, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-
- error-bad-request' status code. For example, it is an error for the Job Template Attributes group to occur
- before the Operation Attributes group, for the Operation Attributes group to be omitted, or for an attribute
- group to occur more than once, except in the Get-Jobs response.
- 373 Since this kind of attribute group error is most likely to be an error detected by a client developer rather
- than by a customer, the IPP object NEED NOT return an indication of which attribute group was in error in
- either the Unsupported Attributes group or the Status Message. Also, the IPP object NEED NOT find all
- attribute group errors before returning this error.
- 3.1.2.1.4.2 Ignore unknown attribute groups in the expected position
- Future attribute groups may be added to the specification at the end of requests just before the Document
- Content and at the end of response, except for the Get-Jobs response, where it maybe there or before the
- first job attributes returned. If an IPP object receives an unknown attribute group in these positions, it
- ignores the entire group, rather than returning an error, since that group may be a new group in a later minor
- version of the protocol that can be ignored. (If the new attribute group cannot be ignored without confusing
- the client, the major version number would have been increased in the protocol document and in the
- request). If the unknown group occurs in a different position, the IPP object REJECTS the request and
- 385 RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.
- Clients also ignore unknown attribute groups returned in a response.
- Note: By validating that requests are in the proper form, IPP objects force clients to use the proper form
- which, in turn, increases the chances that customers will be able to use such clients from multiple vendors
- with IPP objects from other vendors.

- 390 3.1.2.1.4.3 Validate the presence of a single occurrence of required Operation attributes
- Client requests and IPP object responses contain Operation attributes that [IPP-MOD] Section 3 requires to
- 392 be present. Attributes within a group may be in any order, except for the ordering of target, charset, and
- natural languages attributes. These attributes MUST be first, and MUST be supplied in the following order:
- charset, natural language, and then target. An IPP object verifies that the attributes that Section 4 requires to
- be supplied by the client have been supplied in the request (attributes without an * in the following tables).
- An asterisk (*) indicates groups and Operation attributes that the client may omit in a request or an IPP
- 397 object may omit in a response.
- 398 If an IPP object receives a request with required attributes missing or repeated from a group or in the wrong
- position, the behavior of the IPP object is IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT. Some of the possible
- 400 implementations are:
- 1. REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' status code
- 2. accepts the request and uses the first occurrence of the attribute no matter where it is
- 3. accepts the request and uses the last occurrence of the attribute no matter where it is
- 404 4. accept the request and assume some default value for the missing attribute
- Therefore, client MUST send conforming requests, if they want to receive the same behavior from all IPP
- object implementations. For example, it is an error for the "attributes-charset" or "attributes-natural-
- language" attribute to be omitted in any operation request, or for an Operation attribute to be supplied in a
- 408 Job Template group or a Job Template attribute to be supplied in an Operation Attribute group in a create
- request. It is also an error to supply the "attributes-charset" attribute twice.
- 410 Since these kinds of attribute errors are most likely to be detected by a client developer rather than by a
- customer, the IPP object NEED NOT return an indication of which attribute was in error in either the
- 412 Unsupported Attributes group or the Status Message. Also, the IPP object NEED NOT find all attribute
- errors before returning this error.

- The following tables list all the attributes for all the operations by attribute group in each request and each
- response. The order of the groups is the order that the client supplies the groups as specified in [IPP-MOD]
- Section 3. The order of the attributes within a group is arbitrary, except as noted for some of the special
- operation attributes (charset, natural language, and target). The tables below use the following notation:
- 418 R indicates a REQUIRED attribute or operation that an IPP object MUST support
- O indicates an OPTIONAL attribute or operation that an IPP object NEED NOT support
- * indicates that a client MAY omit the attribute in a request and that an IPP object MAY omit the attribute in a response. The absence of an * means that a client MUST supply the
- attribute in a request and an IPP object MUST supply the attribute in a response.
- + indicates that this is not a IPP/1.0 operation, but is only a part of IPP/1.1 and future versions of IPP.

425 Operation Requests

The tables below show the attributes in their proper attribute groups for operation requests:

```
427
     Note: All operation requests contain "version-number", "operation-id",
428
     and "request-id" parameters.
429
430
     Print-Job Request (R):
431
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
432
                attributes-charset (R)
433
                attributes-natural-language (R)
434
                printer-uri (R)
435
                requesting-user-name (R*)
436
                job-name (R*)
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
437
                document-name (R*)
438
                document-format (R*)
439
440
                document-natural-language (0*)
441
                compression (0*)
442
                job-k-octets (0*)
443
                job-impressions (0*)
444
                job-media-sheets (0*)
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
445
446
                <Job Template attributes> (0*)
447
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
448
          Group 3: Document Content (R)
                <document content>
449
450
451
     Validate-Job Request (R):
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
452
453
                attributes-charset (R)
454
                attributes-natural-language (R)
455
                printer-uri (R)
456
                requesting-user-name (R*)
457
                iob-name (R*)
458
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
459
                document-name (R*)
                document-format (R*)
460
461
                document-natural-language (0*)
462
                compression (0*)
                job-k-octets (0*)
463
464
                job-impressions (0*)
                job-media-sheets (0*)
465
466
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
467
                <Job Template attributes> (0*)
468
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
469
470
     Print-URI Request (0):
471
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
472
                attributes-charset (R)
```

```
473
                attributes-natural-language (R)
474
                printer-uri (R)
                document-uri (R)
475
476
                requesting-user-name (R*)
                job-name (R*)
477
478
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
479
                document-name (R*)
480
                document-format (R*)
481
                document-natural-language (0*)
482
                compression (0*)
483
                job-k-octets (0*)
484
                job-impressions (0*)
485
                job-media-sheets (0*)
486
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
487
                <Job Template attributes> (0*) (see
488
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
489
490
     Create-Job Request (0):
491
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
                attributes-charset (R)
492
493
                attributes-natural-language (R)
494
                printer-uri (R)
495
                requesting-user-name (R*)
496
                job-name (R*)
497
                ipp-attribute-fidelity (R*)
498
                job-k-octets (0*)
499
                job-impressions (0*)
                job-media-sheets (0*)
500
          Group 2: Job Template Attributes (R*)
501
502
                <Job Template attributes> (0*) (see
503
                     (see [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2)
504
505
     Get-Printer-Attributes Request (R):
506
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
507
                attributes-charset (R)
508
                attributes-natural-language (R)
509
                printer-uri (R)
510
                requesting-user-name (R*)
511
                requested-attributes (R*)
512
                document-format (R*)
513
     Get-Jobs Request (R):
514
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
515
                attributes-charset (R)
516
517
                attributes-natural-language (R)
518
                printer-uri (R)
519
                requesting-user-name (R*)
520
                limit (R*)
521
                requested-attributes (R*)
522
                which-jobs (R*)
```

```
523
                my-jobs (R*)
524
525
     Send-Document Request (0):
526
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
527
                attributes-charset (R)
528
                attributes-natural-language (R)
529
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
530
                last-document (R)
531
                requesting-user-name (R*)
                document-name (R*)
532
533
                document-format (R*)
534
                document-natural-language (0*)
535
                compression (0*)
          Group 2: Document Content (R*)
536
537
                <document content>
538
539
     Send-URI Request (0):
540
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
541
                attributes-charset (R)
542
                attributes-natural-language (R)
543
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
                last-document (R)
544
545
                document-uri (R)
546
                requesting-user-name (R*)
547
                document-name (R*)
548
                document-format (R*)
                document-natural-language (0*)
549
550
                compression (0*)
551
552
     Cancel-Job Request (R):
553
     Release-Job Request (O+):
554
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
555
                attributes-charset (R)
                attributes-natural-language (R)
556
557
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
558
                requesting-user-name (R*)
559
                message (0*)
560
561
     Get-Job-Attributes Request (R):
562
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
563
                attributes-charset (R)
564
                attributes-natural-language (R)
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
565
566
                requesting-user-name (R*)
567
                requested-attributes (R*)
568
569
     Pause-Printer Request (0+):
570
     Resume-Printer Request (O+):
571
     Purge-Printer Request (0+):
572
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
```

```
573
                attributes-charset (R)
574
                attributes-natural-language (R)
575
                printer-uri (R)
576
                requesting-user-name (R*)
577
578
     Hold-Job Request (O+):
579
     Restart-Job Request (0+):
580
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
581
                attributes-charset (R)
                attributes-natural-language (R)
582
583
                (printer-uri & job-id) | job-uri (R)
584
                requesting-user-name (R*)
585
                job-hold-until (R*)
                message (0*)
586
587
588
                                    Operation Responses
589
     The tables below show the response attributes in their proper attribute groups for responses.
590
     Note: All operation responses contain "version-number", "status-code",
591
     and "request-id" parameters.
592
593
     Print-Job Response (R):
594
     Create-Job Response (0):
595
     Send-Document Response (0):
596
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
597
                attributes-charset (R)
                attributes-natural-language (R)
598
599
                status-message (0*)
600
                detailed-status-message (0*)
601
           Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 3)
602
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
603
           Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
                job-uri (R)
604
605
                job-id (R)
606
                job-state (R)
                job-state-reasons (0* | R+)
607
608
                job-state-message (0*)
609
                number-of-intervening-jobs (0*)
610
611
     Validate-Job Response (R):
612
     Cancel-Job Response (R):
     Hold-Job Response (O+):
613
614
     Release-Job Response (O+):
615
     Restart-Job Response (0+):
           Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
616
617
                attributes-charset (R)
618
                attributes-natural-language (R)
619
                status-message (0*)
```

```
620
               detailed-status-message (0*)
621
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 3)
622
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
623
624
     Print-URI Response (0):
625
     Send-URI Response (0):
626
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
627
               attributes-charset (R)
628
                attributes-natural-language (R)
629
                status-message (0*)
630
               detailed-status-message (0*)
631
               document-access-error (0*)
632
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 3)
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
633
634
          Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
635
                job-uri (R)
636
                job-id (R)
637
                job-state (R)
638
                job-state-reasons (0* | R+)
639
                job-state-message (0*)
640
               number-of-intervening-jobs (0*)
641
642
     Get-Printer-Attributes Response (R):
643
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
                attributes-charset (R)
644
645
                attributes-natural-language (R)
646
                status-message (0*)
647
               detailed-status-message (0*)
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
648
649
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
650
          Group 3: Printer Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
651
                <requested attributes> (R*)
652
653
     Get-Jobs Response (R):
654
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
655
               attributes-charset (R)
656
                attributes-natural-language (R)
657
                status-message (0*)
658
               detailed-status-message (0*)
659
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
660
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
          Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2, 5)
661
                <reguested attributes> (R*)
662
663
664
     Get-Job-Attributes Response (R):
665
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
               attributes-charset (R)
666
667
                attributes-natural-language (R)
668
                status-message (0*)
669
               detailed-status-message (0*)
```

```
670
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
671
672
          Group 3: Job Object Attributes(R*) (see Note 2)
673
                <reguested attributes> (R*)
674
675
     Pause-Printer Response (O+):
676
     Resume-Printer Response (O+):
677
     Purge-Printer Response (O+):
678
          Group 1: Operation Attributes (R)
679
                attributes-charset (R)
680
                attributes-natural-language (R)
681
                status-message (0*)
682
               detailed-status-message (0*)
683
          Group 2: Unsupported Attributes (R*) (see Note 4)
684
                <unsupported attributes> (R*)
685
```

- Note 2 the Job Object Attributes and Printer Object Attributes are returned only if the IPP object returns
- one of the success status codes.
- Note 3 the Unsupported Attributes Group is present only if the client included some Operation and/or Job
- Template attributes or values that the Printer doesn't support whether a success or an error return.
- Note 4 the Unsupported Attributes Group is present only if the client included some Operation attributes
- that the Printer doesn't support whether a success or an error return.
- Note 5: for the Get-Jobs operation the response contains a separate Job Object Attributes group 3 to N
- containing requested-attributes for each job object in the response.
- 694 3.1.2.1.5 Validate the values of the REQUIRED Operation attributes
- An IPP object validates the values supplied by the client of the REQUIRED Operation attribute that the IPP
- object MUST support. The next section specifies the validation of the values of the OPTIONAL Operation
- attributes that IPP objects MAY support.
- The IPP object performs the following syntactic validation checks of each Operation attribute value:
- that the length of each Operation attribute value is correct for the attribute syntax tag supplied by the client according to [IPP-MOD] Section 4.1,
- that the attribute syntax tag is correct for that Operation attribute according to [IPP-MOD]
- 702 Section 3.
- 703 c) that the value is in the range specified for that Operation attribute according to [IPP-MOD]
- 704 Section 3,
- that multiple values are supplied by the client only for operation attributes that are multi-valued,
- 706 i.e., that are 1setOf X according to [IPP-MOD] Section 3.

- 708 If any of these checks fail, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-
- request' or the 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code. Since such an error is most likely to be an
- error detected by a client developer, rather than by an end-user, the IPP object NEED NOT return an
- 711 indication of which attribute had the error in either the Unsupported Attributes Group or the Status
- Message. The description for each of these syntactic checks is explicitly expressed in the first IF statement
- 713 in the following table.
- In addition, the IPP object checks each Operation attribute value against some Printer object attribute or
- some hard-coded value if there is no "xxx-supported" Printer object attribute defined. If its value is not
- among those supported or is not in the range supported, then the IPP object REJECTS the request and
- 717 RETURNS the error status code indicated in the table by the second IF statement. If the value of the Printer
- object's "xxx-supported" attribute is 'no-value' (because the system administrator hasn't configured a value),
- 719 the check always fails.
- 720 -----
- 721 attributes-charset (charset)
- 722 IF NOT a single non-empty 'charset' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.
- 723 IF the value length is greater than 63 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- IF NOT in the Printer object's "charset-supported" attribute, REJECT/RETURN "client-error-charset-not-supported".
- 726
- 727 attributes-natural-language(naturalLanguage)
- 728 IF NOT a single non-empty 'naturalLanguage' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.
- 729 IF the value length is greater than 63 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- ACCEPT the request even if not a member of the set in the Printer object's "generated-natural-languagesupported" attribute. If the supplied value is not a member of the Printer object's "generated-natural-
- language-supported" attribute, use the Printer object's "natural-language-configured" value.
- 733
- 734 requesting-user-name
- 735 IF NOT a single 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.
- 736 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- 737 IF the IPP object can obtain a better-authenticated name, use it instead.
- 738
- 739 job-name(name)
- 740 IF NOT a single 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.
- 741 IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.
- 742 IF NOT supplied by the client, the Printer object creates a name from the document-name or document-
- 743 uri.
- 744

- 745 document-name (name) 746 IF NOT a single 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 747 748 749 ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) IF NEITHER a single 'true' NOR a single 'false' 'boolean' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-750 751 request'. IF the value length is NOT equal to 1 octet, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long' 752 753 IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the value 'false'. 754 755 document-format (mimeMediaType) 756 IF NOT a single non-empty 'mimeMediaType' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. 757 IF NOT in the Printer object's "document-format-supported" attribute, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-758 759 document-format-not-supported' 760 IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the value of the Printer object's "documentformat-default" attribute. 761 762 763 document-uri (uri) 764 IF NOT a single non-empty 'uri' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 765 IF the value length is greater than 1023 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF the URI syntax is not valid, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. 766 If the client-supplied URI scheme is not supported, i.e. the value is not in the Printer object's referenced-767 uri-scheme-supported" attribute, the Printer object MUST reject the request and return the 'client-768 error-uri-scheme-not-supported' status code. The Printer object MAY check to see if the document 769 exists and is accessible. If the document is not found or is not accessible, REJECT/RETURN 770 'client-error-not found'. 771 772 last-document (boolean) 773 IF NEITHER a single 'true' NOR a single 'false' 'boolean' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-774 request'. IF the value length is NOT equal to 1 octet, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long' 775 776 777 job-id (integer(1:MAX)) 778 IF NOT an single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets AND in the range 1 to MAX, REJECT/RETURN
- 782783 requested-attributes (1setOf keyword)

'client-error-bad-request'.

gone' status code, if keep track of recently deleted jobs.

779

780

781

IF NOT a job-id of an existing Job object, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-not-found' or 'client-error-

784 785 786 787 788 789	IF NOT one or more 'keyword' values, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. Ignore unsupported values, which are the keyword names of unsupported attributes. Don't bother to copy such requested (unsupported) attributes to the Unsupported Attribute response group since the response will not return them.
790	which-jobs (type2 keyword)
791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798	IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NEITHER 'completed' NOR 'not-completed', copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'. Note: a Printer still supports the 'completed' value even if it keeps no completed/canceled/aborted jobs: by returning no jobs when so queried. IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the 'not-completed' value.
800	my-jobs (boolean)
801 802 803 804 805	IF NEITHER a single 'true' NOR a single 'false' 'boolean' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF the value length is NOT equal to 1 octet, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long' IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes the 'false' value.
806	limit (integer(1:MAX))
807 808 809 810 811	IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets AND in the range 1 to MAX, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT supplied by the client, the IPP object returns all jobs, no matter how many.
813	3.1.2.1.6 Validate the values of the OPTIONAL Operation attributes
814 815 816 817 818	OPTIONAL Operation attributes are those that an IPP object MAY or MAY NOT support. An IPP object validates the values of the OPTIONAL attributes supplied by the client. The IPP object performs the same syntactic validation checks for each OPTIONAL attribute value as in Section 3.1.2.1.5. As in Section 3.1.2.1.5, if any fail, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' or the 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code.
819 820 821	In addition, the IPP object checks each Operation attribute value against some Printer attribute or some hard-coded value if there is no "xxx-supported" Printer attribute defined. If its value is not among those supported or is not in the range supported, then the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the

823	value' (because the system administrator hasn't configured a value), the check always fails.
824 825	If the IPP object doesn't recognize/support an attribute, the IPP object treats the attribute as an unknown or unsupported attribute (see the last row in the table below).
826	
827	document-natural-language (naturalLanguage)
828 829 830 831 832	IF NOT a single non-empty 'naturalLanguage' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 63 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT a value that the Printer object supports in document formats, (no corresponding "xxx-supported" Printer attribute), REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-natural-language-not-supported'.
833	compression (type3 keyword)
834 835 836 837 838	IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "compression-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'.
839 840 841 842	Note to IPP/1.0 implementers: Support for the compression attribute was optional in IPP/1.0. However, an IPP/1.0 object SHOULD at least check for the "compression" attribute being present and reject the create request, if they don't support "compression". Not checking is a bug, since the data will be unintelligible. job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))
843 844 845 846 847 848	IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT in the range of the Printer object's "job-k-octets-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'.
849	job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))
850 851 852 853 854 855	IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT in the range of the Printer object's "job-impressions-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'.
856	job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))
857 858	IF NOT a single 'integer' value equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.

IF NOT in the range of the Printer object's "job-media-sheets-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported'.

message (text(127))

IF NOT a single 'text' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.

IF the value length is greater than 127 octets,

REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.

unknown or unsupported attribute

IF the attribute syntax supplied by the client is supported but the length is not legal for that attribute syntax, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'.

ELSE copy the attribute and value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and change the attribute value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value, but otherwise ignore the attribute.

Note: Future Operation attributes may be added to the protocol specification that may occur anywhere in the specified group. When the operation is otherwise successful, the IPP object returns the 'successful-okignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code. Ignoring unsupported Operation attributes in all operations is analogous to the handling of unsupported Job Template attributes in the create and Validate-Job operations when the client supplies the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" Operation attribute with the 'false' value. This last rule is so that we can add OPTIONAL Operation attributes to future versions of IPP so that older clients can interwork with new IPP objects and newer clients can inter-work with older IPP objects. (If the new attribute cannot be ignored without performing unexpectedly, the major version number would have been increased in the protocol document and in the request). This rule for Operation attributes is independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute. For example, if an IPP object doesn't support the OPTIONAL "job-k-octets" attribute syntax supplied by the client. If it is not four octets, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, else the IPP object copies the attribute to the Unsupported Attribute response group, setting the value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value, but otherwise ignores the attribute.

not-supported

not-supported

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924

```
3.1.2.2 Suggested Additional Processing Steps for Operations that Create/Validate Jobs and Add
889
890
     Documents
891
     This section in combination with the previous section recommends the
892
     processing steps for the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Print-URI, Create-Job,
893
     Send-Document, and Send-URI operations that IPP objects SHOULD use.
     These are the operations that create jobs, validate a Print-Job request,
894
895
     and add documents to a job.
896
897
     IIG Sect #
                        Flow
                                              IPP error status codes
898
899
900
                          V
                                         No
901
     3.1.2.2.1 <ipp-attribute-fidelity> -----+
902
                    <supplied?>
903
                       Yes
904
                              ipp-attribute-fidelity = no
905
906
                                     No
                          V
                    <Printer is> --> server-error-not-accepting-jobs
907
     3.1.2.2.2
908
                  <accepting jobs?>
909
                       Yes
910
                          V
                                     err
911
                <Validate values of> --> client-error-bad-request
     3.1.2.3
912
             <Job template attributes> client-error-request-value-too-long
913
              <(length, tag, range,>
914
                    <multi-value)>
915
                         ok
916
                                     err
917
     3.1.2.3 <Validate values with> --> client-error-bad-request
918
              <supported values> client-error-attributes-or-values-
```

3.1.2.2.1 Default "ipp-attribute-fidelity" if not supplied 925

ok

ok

V

V

926 The Printer object checks to see if the client supplied an "ipp-attribute-fidelity" Operation attribute. If the attribute is not supplied by the client, the IPP object assumes that the value is 'false'. 927

err 3.1.2.3.1 <Any conflicting> --> client-error-conflicting-attributes

<Job Template attr values> client-error-attributes-or-values-

- 3.1.2.2.2 Check that the Printer object is accepting jobs 928
- 929 If the value of the Printer objects "printer-is-accepting-jobs" is 'false', the Printer object REJECTS the 930 request and RETURNS the 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code.

- 931 3.1.2.2.3 Validate the values of the Job Template attributes
- An IPP object validates the values of all Job Template attribute supplied by the client. The IPP object
- performs the analogous syntactic validation checks of each Job Template attribute value that it performs for
- 934 Operation attributes (see Section 3.1.2.1.5.):
- 935 a) that the length of each value is correct for the attribute syntax tag supplied by the client
- 936 according to [IPP-MOD] Section 4.1.
- b) that the attribute syntax tag is correct for that attribute according to [IPP-MOD] Sections 4.2 to
- 938 4.4.
- that multiple values are supplied only for multi-valued attributes, i.e., that are 1setOf X
- according to [IPP-MOD] Sections 4.2 to 4.4.
- As in Section 3.1.2.1.5, if any of these syntactic checks fail, the IPP object REJECTS the request and
- 942 RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' or 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code as appropriate,
- 943 independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity". Since such an error is most likely to be an error
- detected by a client developer, rather than by an end-user, the IPP object NEED NOT return an indication
- of which attribute had the error in either the Unsupported Attributes Group or the Status Message. The
- description for each of these syntactic checks is explicitly expressed in the first IF statement in the
- 947 following table.
- Each Job Template attribute MUST occur no more than once. If an IPP Printer receives a create request
- 949 with multiple occurrences of a Job Template attribute, it MAY:
- 1. reject the operation and return the 'client-error-bad<u>-request-syntax</u>' error status code
- 2. accept the operation and use the first occurrence of the attribute
- 3. accept the operation and use the last occurrence of the attribute
- depending on implementation. Therefore, clients MUST NOT supply multiple occurrences of the same Job
- 954 Template attribute in the Job Attributes group in the request.
- 955 3.1.2.3 Algorithm for job validation
- The process of validating a Job-Template attribute "xxx" against a Printer attribute "xxx-supported" can use
- the following validation algorithm (see section 3.2.1.2 in [ipp-mod]).
- To validate the value U of Job-Template attribute "xxx" against the value V of Printer "xxx-supported",
- 959 perform the following algorithm:
- 1. If U is multi-valued, validate each value X of U by performing the algorithm in Table 7 with each value
- X. Each validation is separate from the standpoint of returning unsupported values. Example: If U is

- "finishings" that the client supplies with 'staple', 'bind' values, then X takes on the successive values: 'staple', then 'bind'
- 964 2. If V is multi-valued, validate X against each Z of V by performing the algorithm in Table 7 with each value Z. If a value Z validates, the validation for the attribute value X succeeds. If it fails, the algorithm 965 966 is applied to the next value Z of V. If there are no more values Z of V, validation fails. Example If V is 967 "sides-supported" with values: 'one-sided', 'two-sided-long', and 'two-sided-short', then Z takes on the successive values: 'one-sided', 'two-sided-long', and 'two-sided-short'. If the client supplies "sides" with 968 'two-sided-long', the first comparison fails ('one-sided' is not equal to 'two-sided-long'), the second 969 970 comparison succeeds ('two-sided-long' is equal to 'two-sided-long"), and the third comparison ('twosided-short' with 'two-sided-long') is not even performed. 971
- 3. If both U and V are single-valued, let X be U and Z be V and use the validation rules in Table 7.

Table 7 - Rules for validating single values X against Z

Attribute syntax of X	attribute syntax of Z	validated if:
integer	rangeOfInteger	X is within the range of Z
uri	uriScheme	the uri scheme in X is equal to Z
any	boolean	the value of Z is TRUE
any	any	X and Z are of the same type and
		are equal.

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- If the value of the Printer object's "xxx-supported" attribute is 'no-value' (because the system administrator hasn't configured a value), the check always fails. If the check fails, the IPP object copies the attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group with its unsupported value. If the attribute contains more than one value, each value is checked and each unsupported value is separately copied, while supported values are not copied. If an IPP object doesn't recognize/support a Job Template attribute, i.e., there is no corresponding Printer object "xxx-supported" attribute, the IPP object treats the attribute as an unknown or unsupported attribute (see the last row in the table below).
- 982 If some Job Template attributes are supported for some document formats and not for others or the values
- are different for different document formats, the IPP object SHOULD take that into account in this
- validation using the value of the "document-format" supplied by the client (or defaulted to the value of the
- Printer's "document-format-default" attribute, if not supplied by the client). For example, if "number-up" is
- supported for the 'text/plain' document format, but not for the 'application/postscript' document format, the
- check SHOULD (though it NEED NOT) depend on the value of the "document-format" operation attribute.
- See "document-format" in [IPP-MOD] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.5.1.
- Note: whether the request is accepted or rejected is determined by the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
- attribute in a subsequent step, so that all Job Template attribute supplied are examined and all unsupported
- attributes and/or values are copied to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
- 992 -----

993	job-priority (integer(1:100))
994 995 996 997 998 999 L000 L001 L002	 IF NOT a single 'integer' value with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT supplied by the client, use the value of the Printer object's "job-priority-default" attribute at job submission time. IF NOT in the range 1 to 100, inclusive, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group. Map the value to the nearest supported value in the range 1:100 as specified by the number of discrete values indicated by the value of the Printer's "job-priority-supported" attribute. See the formula in [IPP-MOD] Section 4.2.1.
L004	job-hold-until (type3 keyword name)
L005 L006 L007 L008 L009 L010	 IF NOT a single 'keyword' or 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT supplied by the client, use the value of the Printer object's "job-hold-until" attribute at job submission time. IF NOT in the Printer object's "job-hold-until-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
L012	job-sheets (type3 keyword name)
L013 L014 L015 L016 L017	IF NOT a single 'keyword' or 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "job-sheets-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
L018	multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)
L019 L020 L021 L022 L023	IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "multiple-document-handling-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
L024	copies (integer(1:MAX))
L025 L026 L027 L028 L029	IF NOT a single 'integer' value with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT in range of the Printer object's "copies-supported" attribute copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
L030	finishings (1setOf type2 enum)
L031 L032	IF NOT an 'enum' value(s) each with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.

1033 1034 1035	IF NOT in the Printer object's "finishings-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value(s), but not any supported values, to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1036	page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))
1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 1043	 IF NOT a 'rangeOfInteger' value(s) each with a length equal to 8 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF first value is greater than second value in any range, the ranges are not in ascending order, or ranges overlap, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value of the Printer object's "page-ranges-supported" attribute is 'false', copy the attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group and set the value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value.
1044	sides (type2 keyword)
1045 1046 1047 1048 1049	IF NOT a single 'keyword' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "sides-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1050	number-up (integer(1:MAX))
1051 1052 1053 1054 1055	IF NOT a single 'integer' value with a length equal to 4 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF NOT a value or in the range of one of the values of the Printer object's "number-up-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and value to the Unsupported Attribute response group.
1056	orientation-requested (type2 enum)
1057 1058 1059 1060 1061	IF NOT a single 'enum' value with a length equal to 4 octets,REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF NOT in the Printer object's "orientation-requested-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1062	media (type3 keyword name)
1063 1064 1065 1066 1067	IF NOT a single 'keyword' or 'name' value, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'. IF the value length is greater than 255 octets, REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-request-value-too-long'. IF NOT in the Printer object's "media-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
1068	printer-resolution (resolution)
1069 1070 1071 1072	IF NOT a single 'resolution' value with a length equal to 9 octets,REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.IF NOT in the Printer object's "printer-resolution-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.

print-quality (type2 enum)

1075 IF NOT a single 'enum' value with a length equal to 4 octets,

REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request'.

IF NOT in the Printer object's "print-quality-supported" attribute, copy the attribute and the unsupported value to the Unsupported Attributes response group.

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unknown or unsupported attribute (i.e., there is no corresponding Printer object "xxx-supported" attribute)

IF the attribute syntax supplied by the client is supported but the length is not legal for that attribute syntax,

REJECT/RETURN 'client-error-bad-request' if the length of the attribute syntax is fixed or 'client-error-request-value-too-long' if the length of the attribute syntax is variable.

ELSE copy the attribute and value to the Unsupported Attributes response group and change the attribute value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value. Any remaining Job Template Attributes are either unknown or unsupported Job Template attributes and are validated algorithmically according to their attribute syntax for proper length (see below).

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If the attribute syntax is supported AND the length check fails, the IPP object REJECTS the request and RETURNS the 'client-error-bad-request' if the length of the attribute syntax is fixed or the 'client-error-request-value-too-long' status code if the length of the attribute syntax is variable. Otherwise, the IPP object copies the unsupported Job Template attribute to the Unsupported Attributes response group and changes the attribute value to the "out-of-band" 'unsupported' value. The following table shows the length checks for all attribute syntaxes. In the following table: "<=" means less than or equal, "=" means equal to:

```
1096
      Name
                        Octet length check for read-write attributes
                        _____
1097
1098
      'textWithLanguage
                           <= 1023 AND 'naturalLanguage' <= 63
1099
      'textWithoutLanguage' <= 1023
      'nameWithLanguage'
                            <= 255 AND 'naturalLanguage' <= 63
1100
1101
      'nameWithoutLanguage' <= 255
                            <= 255
1102
      'keyword'
1103
      'enum'
                            = 4
1104
      'uri'
                            <= 1023
1105
      'uriScheme'
                            <= 63
1106
      'charset'
                            <= 63
1107
      'naturalLanguage'
                            <= 63
1108
      'mimeMediaType'
                            <= 255
                            <= 1023
1109
      'octetString'
1110
      'boolean'
                            = 1
      'integer'
1111
                            = 4
      'rangeOfInteger'
1112
                            = 8
1113
      'dateTime'
                            = 11
1114
      'resolution'
1115
      '1setOf
              Χ'
```

- Note: It's possible for a Printer to receive a zero length keyword in a request. Since this is a keyword, its
- value needs to be compared with the supported values. Assuming that the printer doesn't have any values in
- its corresponding "xxx-supported" attribute that are keywords of zero length, the comparison will fail.
- Then the request will be accepted or rejected depending on the value of "ipp-attributes-fidelity" being 'false'
- or 'true', respectively. No special handling is required for
- 1122 3.1.2.3.1 Check for conflicting Job Template attributes values
- Once all the Operation and Job Template attributes have been checked individually, the Printer object
- SHOULD check for any conflicting values among all the supported values supplied by the client. For
- example, a Printer object might be able to staple and to print on transparencies, however due to physical
- stapling constraints, the Printer object might not be able to staple transparencies. The IPP object copies the
- supported attributes and their conflicting attribute values to the Unsupported Attributes response group.
- The Printer object only copies over those attributes that the Printer object either ignores or substitutes in
- order to resolve the conflict, and it returns the original values which were supplied by the client. For
- example suppose the client supplies "finishings" equals 'staple' and "media" equals 'transparency', but the
- Printer object does not support stapling transparencies. If the Printer chooses to ignore the stapling request
- in order to resolve the conflict, the Printer objects returns "finishings" equal to 'staple' in the Unsupported
- Attributes response group. If any attributes are multi-valued, only the conflicting values of the attributes
- 1134 are copied.
- Note: The decisions made to resolve the conflict (if there is a choice) is implementation dependent.
- 1136 3.1.2.3.2 Decide whether to REJECT the request
- 1137 If there were any unsupported Job Template attributes or unsupported/conflicting Job Template attribute
- values and the client supplied the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute with the 'true' value, the Printer object
- 1139 REJECTS the request and return the status code:
- 1140 (1) 'client-error-conflicting-attributes' status code, if there were any conflicts between attributes supplied by the client.
- (2) 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code, otherwise.
- Note: Unsupported Operation attributes or values that are returned do not affect the status returned in this
- step. If the unsupported Operation attribute was a serious error, the above already rejected the request in a
- previous step. If control gets to this step with unsupported Operation attributes being returned, they are not
- 1147 serious errors.

- In general, the final results of Job processing are unknown at Job submission time. The client has to rely on
- notifications or polling to find out what happens at Job processing time. However, there are cases in which
- some Printers can determine at Job submission time that Job processing is going to fail. As an
- optimization, we'd like to have the Printer reject the Job in these cases.

- There are three types of "processing" errors that might be detectable at Job submission time:
- 1. 'client-error-document-format-not-supported': For the Print-Job, Send-Document, Print-URI, and Send-
- 1154 URI operations, if all these conditions are true:
- the Printer supports auto-sensing,
- the request "document-format" operation attribute is 'application/octet-stream',
- the Printer receives document data before responding,
- the Printer auto-senses the document format before responding,
- the sensed document format is not supported by the Printer
- then the Printer should respond with 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status.
- 2. 'client-error-compression-error': For the Print-Job, Send-Document, Print-URI, and Send-URI
- operations, if all these conditions are true:
- the client supplies a supported value for the "compression" operation attribute in the request
- the Printer receives document data before responding,
- the Printer attempts to decompress the document data before responding,
 - the document data cannot be decompressed using the algorithm specified by the
- "compression" operation attribute

- then the Printer should respond with 'client-error-compression-error' status.
- 3. 'client-error-document-access-error': For the Print-URI, and Send-URI operations, if the Printer attempts
- and fails to pull the referenced document data before responding, it should respond with 'client-error-
- 1171 document-access-error' status.
- Some Printers are not able to detect these errors until Job processing time. In that case, the errors are
- recorded in the corresponding job-state and job-state reason attributes. (There is no standard way for a
- client to determine whether a Printer can detect these errors at Job submission time.) For example, if auto-
- sensing happens AFTER the job is accepted (as opposed to auto-sensing at submit time before returning the
- response), the implementation aborts the job, puts the job in the 'aborted' state and sets the 'unsupported-
- document-format' value in the job's "job-state-reasons".
- A client should always provide a valid "document-format" operation attribute whenever practical. In the
- absence of other information, a client itself may sniff the document data to determine document format.
- Auto sensing at Job submission time may be more difficult for the Printer when combined with
- compression. For auto-sensed Jobs, a client may be better off deferring compression to the transfer
- protocol layer, e.g.; by using the HTTP Content-Encoding header.
- 1183 3.1.2.3.3 For the Validate-Job operation, RETURN one of the success status codes
- 1184 If the requested operation is the Validate-Job operation, the Printer object returns:

- (1) the "successful-ok" status code, if there are no unsupported or conflicting Job Template attributes or 1185 1186 values.
 - (2) the "successful-ok-conflicting-attributes, if there are any conflicting Job Template attribute or
 - (3) the "successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes, if there are only unsupported Job Template attributes or values.

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- 1192 Note: Unsupported Operation attributes or values that are returned do not affect the status returned in this step. If the unsupported Operation attribute was a serious error, the above already rejected the request in a 1193 1194 previous step. If control gets to this step with unsupported Operation attributes being returned, they are not
- 1195 serious errors.
- 1196 3.1.2.3.4 Create the Job object with attributes to support
- 1197 If "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is set to 'false' (or it was not supplied by the client), the Printer object:
 - (1) creates a Job object, assigns a unique value to the job's "job-uri" and "job-id" attributes, and initializes all of the job's other supported Job Description attributes.
 - (2) removes all unsupported attributes from the Job object.
 - (3) for each unsupported value, removes either the unsupported value or substitutes the unsupported attribute value with some supported value. If an attribute has no values after removing unsupported values from it, the attribute is removed from the Job object (so that the normal default behavior at job processing time will take place for that attribute).
 - (4) for each conflicting value, removes either the conflicting value or substitutes the conflicting attribute value with some other supported value. If an attribute has no values after removing conflicting values from it, the attribute is removed from the Job object (so that the normal default behavior at job processing time will take place for that attribute).

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1210 If there were no attributes or values flagged as unsupported, or the value of 'ipp-attribute-fidelity" was 'false', the Printer object is able to accept the create request and create a new Job object. If the "ipp-1211 1212 attribute-fidelity" attribute is set to 'true', the Job Template attributes that populate the new Job object are 1213 necessarily all the Job Template attributes supplied in the create request. If the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" 1214 attribute is set to 'false', the Job Template attributes that populate the new Job object are all the client 1215 supplied Job Template attributes that are supported or that have value substitution. Thus, some of the 1216 requested Job Template attributes may not appear in the Job object because the Printer object did not 1217 support those attributes. The attributes that populate the Job object are persistently stored with the Job 1218 object for that Job. A Get-Job-Attributes operation on that Job object will return only those attributes that 1219 are persistently stored with the Job object.

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Note: All Job Template attributes that are persistently stored with the Job object are intended to be "override values"; that is, they that take precedence over whatever other embedded instructions might be in 1221 1222 the document data itself. However, it is not possible for all Printer objects to realize the semantics of 1223 "override". End users may query the Printer's "pdl-override-supported" attribute to determine if the Printer 1224 either attempts or does not attempt to override document data instructions with IPP attributes.

- 1225 There are some cases, where a Printer supports a Job Template attribute and has an associated default value set for that attribute. In the case where a client does not supply the corresponding attribute, the Printer does 1226 not use its default values to populate Job attributes when creating the new Job object; only Job Template 1227 1228 attributes actually in the create request are used to populate the Job object. The Printer's default values are only used later at Job processing time if no other IPP attribute or instruction embedded in the document 1229 1230 data is present. 1231 Note: If the default values associated with Job Template attributes that the client did not supply were to be 1232 used to populate the Job object, then these values would become "override values" rather than defaults. If the Printer supports the 'attempted' value of the "pdl-override-supported" attribute, then these override 1233 1234 values could replace values specified within the document data. This is not the intent of the default value 1235 mechanism. A default value for an attribute is used only if the create request did not specify that attribute 1236 (or it was ignored when allowed by "ipp-attribute-fidelity" being 'false') and no value was provided within the content of the document data. 1237 1238 If the client does not supply a value for some Job Template attribute, and the Printer does not support that 1239 attribute, as far as IPP is concerned, the result of processing that Job (with respect to the missing attribute) 1240 is undefined. 3.1.2.3.5 Return one of the success status codes 1241 1242 Once the Job object has been created, the Printer object accepts the request and returns to the client: 1243 (1) the 'successful-ok' status code, if there are no unsupported or conflicting Job Template attributes or 1244 values. 1245 (2) the 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes' status code, if there are any conflicting Job Template attribute or values. 1246 1247 (3) the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, if there are only unsupported Job Template attributes or values. 1248 1249 1250 Note: Unsupported Operation attributes or values that are returned do not affect the status returned in this 1251 step. If the unsupported Operation attribute was a serious error, the above already rejected the request in a previous step. If control gets to this step with unsupported Operation attributes being returned, they are not 1252 1253 serious errors. 1254 The Printer object also returns Job status attributes that indicate the initial state of the Job ('pending', 1255 'pending-held', 'processing', etc.), etc. See Print-Job Response, [IPP-MOD] section 3.2.1.2. 1256 3.1.2.3.6 Accept appended Document Content
- 1259 3.1.2.3.7 Scheduling and Starting to Process the Job

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later processing.

The Printer object accepts the appended Document Content data and either starts it printing, or spools it for

- The Printer object uses its own configuration and implementation specific algorithms for scheduling the Job 1260 in the correct processing order. Once the Printer object begins processing the Job, the Printer changes the 1261 Job's state to 'processing'. If the Printer object supports PDL override (the "pdl-override-supported" attribute 1262 1263 set to 'attempted'), the implementation does its best to see that IPP attributes take precedence over embedded instructions in the document data. 1264 3.1.2.3.8 Completing the Job 1265 1266 The Printer object continues to process the Job until it can move the Job into the 'completed' state. If an 1267 Cancel-Job operation is received, the implementation eventually moves the Job into the 'canceled' state. If 1268 the system encounters errors during processing that do not allow it to progress the Job into a completed state, the implementation halts all processing, cleans up any resources, and moves the Job into the 'aborted' 1269 1270 state. 1271 3.1.2.3.9 Destroying the Job after completion 1272 Once the Job moves to the 'completed', 'aborted', or 'canceled' state, it is an implementation decision as to 1273 when to destroy the Job object and release all associated resources. Once the Job has been destroyed, the Printer would return either the "client-error-not-found" or "client-error-gone" status codes for operations 1274 1275 directed at that Job. 1276 Note: the Printer object SHOULD NOT re-use a "job-uri" or "job-id" value for a sufficiently long time 1277 after a job has been destroyed, so that stale references kept by clients are less likely to access the wrong 1278 (newer) job. Interaction with "ipp-attribute-fidelity" 1279 3.1.2.3.10 1280 Some Printer object implementations may support "ipp-attribute-fidelity" set to 'true' and "pdl-override-1281 supported" set to 'attempted' and yet still not be able to realize exactly what the client specifies in the create 1282 request. This is due to legacy decisions and assumptions that have been made about the role of job 1283 instructions embedded within the document data and external job instructions that accompany the document 1284 data and how to handle conflicts between such instructions. The inability to be 100% precise about how a 1285 given implementation will behave is also compounded by the fact that the two special attributes, "ippattribute-fidelity" and "pdl-"override-supported", apply to the whole job rather than specific values for each 1286 1287 attribute. For example, some implementations may be able to override almost all Job Template attributes except for "number-up". Character Sets, natural languages, and internationalization 1288 1289 This section discusses character set support, natural language support and internationalization.
- 1290 3.1.2.3.11 Character set code conversion support (Issue 1.5)
- 1291 IPP clients and IPP objects are REQUIRED to support UTF-8. They MAY support additional charsets. It 1292 is RECOMMENDED that an IPP object also support US-ASCII, since many clients support US-ASCII, and

- indicate that UTF-8 and US-ASCII are supported by populating the Printer's "charset-supported" with 'utf-8'
- and 'us-ascii' values. An IPP object is required to code covert with as little loss as possible between the
- charsets that it supports, as indicated in the Printer's "charsets-supported" attribute.
- How should the server handle the situation where the "attributes-charset" of the response itself is "us-ascii",
- but one or more attributes in that response is in the "utf-8" format?
- Example: Consider a case where a client sends a Print-Job request with "utf-8" as the value of "attributes-
- charset" and with the "job-name" attribute supplied. Later another client submits a Get-Job-Attribute or
- 1300 Get-Jobs request. This second request contains the "attributes-charset" with value "us-ascii" and
- "requested-attributes" attribute with exactly one value "job-name".
- According to the IPP-Mod document (section 3.1.4.2), the value of the "attributes-charset" for the response
- of the second request must be "us-ascii" since that is the charset specified in the request. The "job-name"
- value, however, is in "utf-8" format. Should the request be rejected even though both "utf-8" and "us-ascii"
- charsets are supported by the server? or should the "job-name" value be converted to "us-ascii" and return
- "successful-ok-conflicting-attributes" (0x0002) as the status code?
- Answer: An IPP object that supports both utf-8 (REQUIRED) and us-ascii, the second paragraph of section
- 3.1.4.2 applies so that the IPP object MUST accept the request, perform code set conversion between these
- two charsets with "the highest fidelity possible" and return 'successful-ok', rather than a warning
- 1310 'successful-ok-conflicting-attributes, or an error. The printer will do the best it can to convert between each
- of the character sets that it supports--even if that means providing a string of question marks because none
- of the characters are representable in US ASCII. If it can't perform such conversion, it MUST NOT
- advertise us-ascii as a value of its "attributes-charset-supported" and MUST reject any request that requests
- 1314 'us-ascii'.
- One IPP object implementation strategy is to convert all request text and name values to a Unicode internal
- representation. This is 16-bit and virtually universal. Then convert to the specified operation attributes-
- 1317 charset on output.
- Also it would be smarter for a client to ask for 'utf-8', rather than 'us-ascii' and throw away characters that it
- doesn't understand, rather than depending on the code conversion of the IPP object.
- 1320 3.1.2.3.12 What charset to return when an unsupported charset is requested (Issue 1.19)?
- Section 3.1.4.1 Request Operation attributes was clarified in November 1998 as follows:
- All clients and IPP objects MUST support the 'utf-8' charset [RFC2044] and MAY support additional
- charsets provided that they are registered with IANA [IANA-CS]. If the Printer object does not support the
- client supplied charset value, the Printer object MUST reject the request, set the "attributes-charset" to 'utf-
- 8' in the response, and return the 'client-error-charset-not-supported' status code and any 'text' or 'name'
- 1326 attributes using the 'utf-8' charset.
- Since the client and IPP object MUST support UTF-8, returning any text or name attributes in UTF-8 when
- the client requests a charset that is not supported should allow the client to display the text or name.

- 1329 Since such an error is a client error, rather than a user error, the client should check the status code first so that it can avoid displaying any other returned 'text' and 'name' attributes that are not in the charset 1330 1331 requested. Furthermore, [ipp-mod] section 14.1.4.14 client-error-charset-not-supported (0x040D) was clarified in 1332
- 1333 November 1998 as follows:
- 1334 For any operation, if the IPP Printer does not support the charset supplied by the client in the "attributes-1335 charset" operation attribute, the Printer MUST reject the operation and return this status and any 'text' or 1336 'name' attributes using the 'utf-8' charset (see Section 3.1.4.1).
- Natural Language Override (NLO) (Issue 1.45) 1337 3.1.2.3.13
- The 'text' and 'name' attributes each have two forms. One has an implicit natural language, and the other 1338
- has an explicit natural language. The 'textWithoutLanguage' and 'textWithLanguage' are the two 'text' 1339
- forms. The 'nameWithoutLanguage" and 'nameWithLanguage are the two 'name' forms. If a receiver (IPP 1340
- 1341 object or IPP client) supports an attribute with attribute syntax 'text', it MUST support both forms in a
- 1342 request and a response. A sender (IPP client or IPP object) MAY send either form for any such attribute.
- 1343 When a sender sends a WithoutLanguage form, the implicit natural language is specified in the "attributes-
- natural-language" operation attribute, which all senders MUST include in every request and response. 1344
- When a sender sends a WithLanguage form, it MAY be different from the implicit natural language 1345
- 1346 supplied by the sender or it MAY be the same. The receiver MUST treat either form equivalently.
- 1347 There is an implementation decision for senders, whether to always send the WithLanguage forms or use
- 1348 the WithoutLanguage form when the attribute's natural language is the same as the request or response. The
- 1349 former approach makes the sender implementation simpler. The latter approach is more efficient on the
- wire and allows inter-working with non-conforming receivers that fail to support the WithLanguage forms. 1350
- As each approach have advantages, the choice is completely up to the implementer of the sender. 1351
- Furthermore, when a client receives a 'text' or 'name' job attribute that it had previously supplied, that client 1352
- 1353 MUST NOT expect to see the attribute in the same form, i.e., in the same WithoutLanguage or
- 1354 WithLanguage form as the client supplied when it created the job. The IPP object is free to transform the
- 1355 attribute from the WithLanguage form to the WithoutLanguage form and vice versa, as long as the natural
- language is preserved. However, in order to meet this latter requirement, it is usually simpler for the IPP 1356
- 1357 object implementation to store the natural language explicitly with the attribute value, i.e., to store using an
- internal representation that resembles the WithLanguage form. 1358
- 1359 The IPP Printer MUST copy the natural language of a job, i.e., the value of the "attributes-natural-language"
- 1360 operation attribute supplied by the client in the create operation, to the Job object as a Job Description
- 1361 attribute, so that a client is able to query it. In returning a Get-Job-Attributes response, the IPP object MAY
- 1362 return one of three natural language values in the response's "attributes-natural-language" operation
- 1363 attribute: (1) that requested by the requester, (2) the natural language of the job, or (3) the configured
- natural language of the IPP Printer, if the requested language is not supported by the IPP Printer. 1364

This "attributes-natural-language" Job Description attribute is useful for an IPP object implementation that 1365 prints start sheets in the language of the user who submitted the job. This same Job Description attribute is 1366 useful to a multi-lingual operator who has to communicate with different job submitters in different natural 1367 languages. This same Job Description attribute is expected to be used in the future to generate notification 1368 1369 messages in the natural language of the job submitter. Early drafts of [IPP-MOD] contained a job-level natural language override (NLO) for the Get-Jobs 1370 1371 response. A job-level (NLO) is an (unrequested) Job Attribute which then specified the implicit natural language for any other WithoutLanguage job attributes returned in the response for that job. 1372 1373 Interoperability testing of early implementations showed that no one was implementing the job-level NLO 1374 in Get-Job responses. So the job-level NLO was eliminated from the Get-Jobs response. This 1375 simplification makes all requests and responses consistent in that the implicit natural language for any 1376 WithoutLanguage 'text' or 'name' form is always supplied in the request's or response's "attributes-naturallanguage" operation attribute. 1377 Status codes returned by operation (Issue 1.50) 1378 3.1.3 This section corresponds to [IPP-MOD] section 3.1.6 "Operation Response Status Codes and Status 1379 1380 Messages". This section lists all status codes once in the first operation (Print-Job). Then it lists the status codes that are different or specialized for subsequent operations under each operation. 1381 1382 3.1.3.1 Printer Operations Print-Job 1383 3.1.3.1.1 1384 The Printer object MUST return one of the following "status-code" values for the indicated reason. Whether all of the document data has been accepted or not before returning the success or error response 1385 1386 depends on implementation. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status 1387 code. For the following success status codes, the Job object has been created and the "job-id", and "job-uri" 1388 1389 assigned and returned in the response: 1390 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored. successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: some supplied (1) attributes were ignored or (2) 1391 unsupported attribute syntaxes or values were substituted with supported values or were ignored. 1392 Unsupported attributes, attribute syntax's, or values MUST be returned in the Unsupported 1393 1394 Attributes group of the response. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: some supplied attribute values conflicted with the values of other 1395 supplied attributes and were either substituted or ignored. Attributes or values which conflict with 1396 other attributes and have been substituted or ignored MUST be returned in the Unsupported 1397 1398 Attributes group of the response as supplied by the client. 1399

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[ipp-mod] section 3.1.6 Operation Status Codes and Messages states: (Issue 1.19):

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- 1401 If the Printer object supports the "status-message" operation attribute, it SHOULD use the REQUIRED 'utf-
- 1402 8' charset to return a status message for the following error status codes (see section 13 in [IPP-MOD]):
- 'client-error-bad-request', 'client-error-charset-not-supported', 'server-error-internal-error', 'server-error-internal-e
- operation-not-supported', and 'server-error-version-not-supported'. In this case, it MUST set the value of
- the "attributes-charset" operation attribute to 'utf-8' in the error response.
- For the following error status codes, no job is created and no "job-id" or "job-uri" is returned:
- client-error-bad-request: The request syntax does not conform to the specification.
- client-error-forbidden: The request is being refused for authorization or authentication reasons. The implementation security policy is to not reveal whether the failure is one of authentication or authorization.
 - client-error-not-authenticated: Either the request requires authentication information to be supplied or the authentication information is not sufficient for authorization.
 - client-error-not-authorized: The requester is not authorized to perform the request on the target object.
 - client-error-not-possible: The request cannot be carried out because of the state of the system. See also 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs' status code, which MUST take precedence if the Printer object's "printer-accepting-jobs" attribute is 'false'.
- client-error-timeout: not applicable.
 - client-error-not-found: the target object does not exist.
 - client-error-gone: the target object no longer exists and no forwarding address is known.
 - client-error-request-entity-too-large: the size of the request and/or print data exceeds the capacity of the IPP Printer to process it.
 - client-error-request-value-too-long: the size of request variable length attribute values, such as 'text' and 'name' attribute syntax's, exceed the maximum length specified in [IPP-MOD] for the attribute and MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group.
 - client-error-document-format-not-supported: the document format supplied is not supported. The "document-format" attribute with the unsupported value MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group. This error SHOULD take precedence over any other 'xxx-not-supported' error, except 'client-error-charset-not-supported'.
 - client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: one or more supplied attributes, attribute syntax's, or values are not supported and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value. They MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group as explained below. client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: not applicable.
 - client-error-charset-not-supported: the charset supplied in the "attributes-charset" operation attribute is not supported. The Printer's "configured-charset" MUST be returned in the response as the value of the "attributes-charset" operation attribute and used for any 'text' and 'name' attributes returned in the error response. This error SHOULD take precedence over any other error, unless the request syntax is so bad that the client's supplied "attributes-charset" cannot be determined.
 - client-error-conflicting-attributes: one or more supplied attribute values conflicted with each other and the client supplied the "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value. They MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group as explained below.
 - server-error-internal-error: an unexpected condition prevents the request from being fulfilled.
- server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Print-Job is REQUIRED).
- server-error-service-unavailable: the service is temporarily overloaded.

1444 1445	server-error-version-not-supported: the version in the request is not supported. The "closest" version number supported MUST be returned in the response.						
1445	server-error-device-error: a device error occurred while receiving or spooling the request or document						
1447	data or the IPP Printer object can only accept one job at a time.						
1448	server-error-temporary-error: a temporary error such as a buffer full write error, a memory overflow, or						
1449	a disk full condition occurred while receiving the request and/or the document data.						
1450	server-error-not-accepting-jobs: the Printer object's "printer-is-not-accepting-jobs" attribute is 'false'.						
1451	server-error-busy: the Printer is too busy processing jobs to accept another job at this time.						
1452	server-error-job-canceled: the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was						
1453	transmitting the document data.						
1454	3.1.3.1.2 Print-URI						
1455 1456 1457	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Print-URI with the following specializations and differences. See Section 14 for a more complete description of each status code.						
1458 1459 1460 1461	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: the URI scheme supplied in the "document-uri" operation attribute is not supported and is returned in the Unsupported Attributes group. server-error-operation-not-supported: the Print-URI operation is not supported.						
1462	3.1.3.1.3 Validate-Job						
1463	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to						
1464	Validate-Job. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.						
1465	3.1.3.1.4 Create-Job						
1466 1467 1468	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Create Job with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.						
1469	server-error-operation-not-supported: the Create-Job operation is not supported.						
1470	3.1.3.1.5 Get-Printer-Attributes						
1471 1472 1473	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with the following specialization's and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.						
1474	For the following success status codes, the requested attributes are returned in Group 3 in the response:						
1475 1476	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job) and no requested attributes were unsupported.						

1477	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job, except the "requested-attributes"							
1478	operation attribute MAY, but NEED NOT, be returned with the unsupported values.							
1479	successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.							
1480	For the error status codes, Group 3 is returned containing no attributes or is not returned at all:							
1481	client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, in addition the Printer object is not accepting any requests.							
1482	client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-job, except that no print data is involved.							
1483	client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable, since unsupported operation attributes							
1484	MUST be ignored and 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' returned.							
1485	client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is not involved.							
1486	server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Get-Printer-Attributes is REQUIRED).							
1487	server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved.							
1488	server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved.							
1489	server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable							
1490	server-error-busy: same as Print-Job, except the IPP object is too busy to accept even query requests.							
1491	server-error-job-canceled: not applicable							
1771	server-error-job-cancered. not appricable							
1492	3.1.3.1.6 Get-Jobs							
1493	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to the							
1494	Get-Jobs operation with the following specialization's and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a							
1495	more complete description of each status code.							
1496	For the following success status codes, the requested attributes are returned in Group 3 in the response:							
1497	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job) and no requested							
1498	attributes were unsupported.							
1499	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job, except the "requested-attributes"							
1500	operation attribute MAY, but NEED NOT, be returned with the unsupported values.							
1501	successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.							
1502	For any error status codes, Group 3 is returned containing no attributes or is not returned at all. The							
1503	following brief error status code descriptions contain unique information for use with Get-Jobs operation.							
1504	See section 14 for the other error status codes that apply uniformly to all operations:							
1505	client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, in addition the Printer object is not accepting any requests.							
1506	client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-job, except that no print data is involved.							
1507	client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable.							
1508	client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable, since unsupported operation attributes							
1508	MUST be ignored and 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' returned.							
1510	client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that "ipp-attribute-fidelity" is not involved.							
1511	server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Get-Jobs is REQUIRED).							
1511	server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved.							
1512	server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except that no document data is involved.							
1513	server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable.							
151 4	server-error-not-accepting-jous. not applicable.							

server-error-job-canceled: not applicable.

1516	3.1.3.1.7 Pause-Printer							
1517 1518 1519	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Pause-Printer with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.							
1520 1521	For the following success status codes, the Printer object is being stopped from scheduling jobs on all its devices.							
1522 1523 1524 1525	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.							
1526 1527	For any of the error status codes, the Printer object has not been stopped from scheduling jobs on all its devices.							
1528 1529 1530 1531 1532 1533 1534 1535 1536 1537 1538 1539	client-error-not-possible: not applicable. client-error-not-found: the target Printer object does not exist. client-error-gone: the target Printer object no longer exists and no forwarding address is known. client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable. client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute is not involved. server-error-operation-not-supported: the Pause-Printer operation is not supported. server-error-device-error: not applicable. server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable. server-error-job-canceled: not applicable.							
1540	3.1.3.1.8 Resume-Printer							
1541 1542 1543	All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the specialization's described for Pause-Printer are applicable to Resume-Printer. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.							
1544	For the following success status codes, the Printer object resumes scheduling jobs on all its devices.							
1545 1546 1547	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.							
1548	For any of the error status codes, the Printer object does not resume scheduling jobs.							
1549 1550	server-error-operation-not-supported: the Resume-Printer operation is not supported.							
1551	3.1.3.1.8.1 What about Printers unable to change state due to an error condition?							

- If, in case, the IPP printer is unable to change its state due to some problem with the actual printer device 1552 (say, it is shut down or there is a media-jam as indicated in [ipp-mod]), what should be the result of the 1553 "Resume-printer" operation? Should it still change the 'printer-state-reasons' and return success or should it 1554 1555 fail? The 'resume-printer' operation must clear the 'paused' or 'moving-to-paused' 'printer-state-message'. The 1556 operation must return a 'successful-ok' status code. 1557 1558 esume-Printer". 1559 3.1.3.1.8.2 How is 'printer-state' handled on Resume-Printer? 1560 1561 If "Resume-Printer" succeeds, what should be the value of 'Printer-state' and who should take care of the 'Printer-state' later on ? 1562 The "Resume-Printer" operation may change the "printer-state-reasons" value. 1563 The "printer-state" will change to one of three states: 1564 1565 1) 'idle' - no additional jobs and no error conditions present 2) 'processing' - job available and no error conditions present 1566 1567 3) current state (i.e. no change) an error condition is present (e.g. media jam) 1568 In the third case the 'printer-state-reason' will be cleared by automata when it detects the error condition no 1569 longer exists. The 'printer-state' will move to 'idle' or 'processing' when conditions permit. (i.e. no more error conditions) 1570 **Purge-Printer** 1571 3.1.3.1.9 1572 All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the specialization's described for Pause-Printer are applicable to Purge-Printer. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] 1573 1574 for a more complete description of each status code. 1575 For the following success status codes, the Printer object purges all it's jobs. successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). 1576 1577 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1578 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.
- 1580 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Purge-Printer operation is not supported.

For any of the error status codes, the Printer object does not purge any jobs.

1581 3.1.3.2 Job Operations

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1582	3.1.3.2.1 Send-Document							
1583 1584 1585	All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with the following specialization's and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.							
1586 1587	For the following success status codes, the document has been added to the specified Job object and the job's "number-of-documents" attribute has been incremented:							
1588 1589 1590	successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job.							
1591 1592	For the error status codes, no document has been added to the Job object and the job's "number-of-documents" attribute has not been incremented:							
1593 1594 1595 1596 1597 1598 1599 1600 1601 1602 1603 1604 1605 1606	client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" attribute is not involved, so that the client is able to finish submitting a multi-document job after this attribute has been set to 'true'. Another condition is that the state of the job precludes Send-Document, i.e., the job has already been closed out by the client. However, if the IPP Printer closed out the job due to timeout, the 'client-error-timeout' error status SHOULD be returned instead. client-error-timeout: This request was sent after the Printer closed the job, because it has not received a Send-Document or Send-URI operation within the Printer's "multiple-operation-time-out" period . client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job. client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that "ipp-attributes-fidelity" operation attribute is not involved server-error-operation-not-supported: the Send-Document request is not supported. server-error-operation-not-supported: the Send-Document request is not supported. server-error-job-canceled: the job has been canceled by an operator or the system while the client was transmitting the data. 3.1.3.2.2 Send-URI							
1608 1609 1610	All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the specialization's described for Send-Document are applicable to Send-URI. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete description of each status code.							
1611 1612 1613 1614 1615	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: the URI scheme supplied in the "document-uri" operation attribute is not supported and the "document-uri" attribute MUST be returned in the Unsupported Attributes group. server-error-operation-not-supported: the Send-URI operation is not supported.							
1616	3.1.3.2.3 Cancel-Job							

- September-May-27 9, 19992000 INTERNET-DRAFT IPP/1.1: Implementer's Guide 1617 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Cancel-Job with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete 1618 1619 description of each status code. For the following success status codes, the Job object is being canceled or has been canceled: 1620 1621 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1622 1623 successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1624 1625 For any of the error status codes, the Job object has not been canceled or was previously canceled. 1626 client-error-not-possible: The request cannot be carried out because of the state of the Job object 1627 ('completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted') or the state of the system. client-error-not-found: the target Printer and/or Job object does not exist. 1628 client-error-gone: the target Printer and/or Job object no longer exists and no forwarding address is 1629 1630 known. 1631 client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. 1632 client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable. client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable, since unsupported operation attributes 1633 and values MUST be ignored. 1634
- 1635 client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-1636 jobs" attribute is not involved.
- server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (Cancel-Job is REQUIRED). 1637
- 1638 server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved.
- server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. 1639
- 1640 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable...
- server-error-job-canceled: not applicable. 1641
- 3.1.3.2.4 Get-Job-Attributes 1642
- 1643 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Get-
- 1644 Job-Attributes with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more
- complete description of each status code. 1645
- 1646 For the following success status codes, the requested attributes are returned in Group 3 in the response:
- 1647 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job) and no requested 1648 attributes were unsupported.
- successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job, except the "requested-attributes" 1649 1650 operation attribute MAY, but NEED NOT, be returned with the unsupported values.
- successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1651
- 1652 For the error status codes, Group 3 is returned containing no attributes or is not returned at all.
- 1653 client-error-not-possible: Same as Print-Job, in addition the Printer object is not accepting any requests.
- 1654 client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable.
- client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported: not applicable. 1655

client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported: not applicable. 1656 client-error-conflicting-attributes: not applicable 1657 server-error-operation-not-supported: not applicable (since Get-Job-Attributes is REQUIRED). 1658 server-error-device-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. 1659 server-error-temporary-error: sane as Print-Job, except no document data is involved... 1660 1661 server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable. 1662 server-error-job-canceled: not applicable. 3.1.3.2.5 Hold-Job 1663 1664 All of the Print-Job status codes described in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response are applicable to Hold-1665 Job with the following specializations and differences. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a more complete 1666 description of each status code. 1667 For the following success status codes, the Job object is being held or has been held: 1668 successful-ok: no request attributes were substituted or ignored (same as Print-Job). 1669 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes: same as Print-Job. successful-ok-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job. 1670 1671 1672 For any of the error status codes, the Job object has not been held or was previously held. 1673 client-error-not-possible: The request cannot be carried out because of the state of the Job object 1674 ('completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted') or the state of the system. client-error-not-found: the target Printer and/or Job object does not exist. 1675 client-error-gone: the target Printer and/or Job object no longer exists and no forwarding address is 1676 1677 known. client-error-request-entity-too-large: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. 1678 1679 client-error-document-format-not-supported: not applicable. client-error-conflicting-attributes: same as Print-Job, except that the Printer's "printer-is-accepting-1680 jobs" attribute is not involved. 1681 1682 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Hold-Job operation is not supported. 1683 server-error-device-error: not applicable. 1684 server-error-temporary-error: same as Print-Job, except no document data is involved. server-error-not-accepting-jobs: not applicable. 1685 server-error-job-canceled: not applicable. 1686 3.1.3.2.6 Release-Job 1687 1688 All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the 1689 specialization's described for Hold-Job are applicable to Release-Job. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a 1690 more complete description of each status code. 1691 server-error-operation-not-supported: the Release-Job operation is not supported. 1692 3.1.3.2.7 Restart-Job

1693 All of the Print-Job status code descriptions in Section 3.1.3.1.1 Print-Job Response with the 1694 specialization's described for Hold-Job are applicable to Restart-Job. See Section 13 in [IPP-MOD] for a 1695 more complete description of each status code. server-error-operation-not-supported: the Restart-Job operation is not supported. 1696 1697 1698 3.1.3.2.7.1 Can documents be added to a restarted job? Assume I give a Create-Job request along with a set of 5 documents. All the documents get printed and the 1699 job state is moved to completed. I issue a Restart-Job request on the job. Now the issue is that, if I try to 1700 add new documents to the restarted job, will the Ipp Server permit me to do so or return "client-error-not-1701 possible " and again print those 5 jobs? 1702 1703 A job can not move to the 'completed' state until all the documents have been processed. The 'lastdocument' flag indicates when the last document for a job is being sent from the client. This is the semantic 1704 1705 equivalent of closing a job. No documents may be added once a job is closed. Section 3.3.7 of the IPP/1.1 model states "The job is moved to the 'pending' job state and restarts the beginning on the same IPP Printer 1706 1707 object with the same attribute values." 'number-of-documents' is a job attribute. 1708 1709 Returning unsupported attributes in Get-Xxxx responses (Issue 1.18) 1710 In the Get-Printer-Attributes, Get-Jobs, or Get-Job-Attributes responses, the client cannot depend on getting 1711 1712 unsupported attributes returned in the Unsupported Attributes group that the client requested, but are not supported by the IPP object. However, such unsupported requested attributes will not be returned in the 1713 1714 Job Attributes or Printer Attributes group (since they are unsupported). Furthermore, the IPP object is REQUIRED to return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code, so that the client 1715 1716 knows that not all that was requested has been returned. 1717 3.1.5 Sending empty attribute groups (Issue 1.16) The [IPP-MOD] and [IPP-PRO] specifications RECOMMEND that a sender not send an empty attribute 1718 1719 group in a request or a response. However, they REOUIRE a receiver to accept an empty attribute group as 1720 equivalent to the omission of that group. So a client SHOULD omit the Job Template Attributes group 1721 entirely in a create operation that is not supplying any Job Template attributes. Similarly, an IPP object 1722 SHOULD omit an empty Unsupported Attributes group if there are no unsupported attributes to be returned 1723 in a response. 1724 The [IPP-PRO] specification REOUIRES a receiver to be able to receive either an empty attribute group or 1725 an omitted attribute group and treat them equivalently. The term "receiver" means an IPP object for a

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response.

request and a client for a response. The term "sender' means a client for a request and an IPP object for a

- There is an exception to the rule for Get-Jobs when there are no attributes to be returned. [ipp proIPP-
- 1729 PRO contains the following paragraph:
- The syntax allows an xxx-attributes-tag to be present when the xxx-attribute-sequence that follows is
- empty. The syntax is defined this way to allow for the response of Get-Jobs where no attributes are returned
- for some job-objects. Although it is RECOMMENDED that the sender not send an xxx-attributes-tag if
- there are no attributes (except in the Get-Jobs response just mentioned), the receiver MUST be able to
- 1734 decode such syntax.
- 1735 3.2 Printer Operations
- 1736 3.2.1 Print-Job operation
- 1737 3.2.1.1 Flow controlling the data portion of a Print-Job request (Issue 1.22)
- A paused printer, or one that is stopped due to paper out or jam or spool space full or buffer space full, may
- flow control the data of a Print-Job operation (at the TCP/IP layer), so that the client is not able to send all
- the document data. Consequently, the Printer will not return a response until the condition is changed.
- The Printer should not return a Print-Job response with an error code in any of these conditions, since either
- the printer will be resumed and/or the condition will be freed either by human intervention or as jobs print.
- 1743 In writing test scripts to test IPP Printers, the script must also be written not to expect a response, if the
- printer has been paused, until the printer is resumed, in order to work with all possible implementations.
- 1745 3.2.1.2 Returning job-state in Print-Job response (Issue 1.30)
- An IPP client submits a small job via Print-Job. By the time the IPP printer/print server is putting together
- a response to the operation, the job has finished printing and been removed as an object from the print
- 1748 system. What should the job-state be in the response?
- The Model suggests that the Printer return a response before it even accepts the document content. The Job
- Object Attributes are returned only if the IPP object returns one of the success status codes. Then the job-
- state would always be "pending" or "pending-held".
- 1752 This issue comes up for the implementation of an IPP Printer object as a server that forwards jobs to
- devices that do not provide job status back to the server. If the server is reasonably certain that the job
- completed successfully, then it should return the job-state as 'completed'. Also the server can keep the job
- in its "job history" long after the job is no longer in the device. Then a user could guery the server and see
- that the job was in the 'completed' state and completed as specified by the jobs "time-at-completed" time,
- which would be the same as the server submitted the job to the device.
- An alternative is for the server to respond to the client before or while sending the job to the device, instead
- of waiting until the server has finished sending the job to the device. In this case, the server can return the
- job's state as 'pending' with the 'job-outgoing' value in the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute.

- 1761 If the server doesn't know for sure whether the job completed successfully (or at all), it could return the
- 1762 (out-of-band) 'unknown' value.
- On the other hand, if the server is able to query the device and/or setup some sort of event notification that
- the device initiates when the job makes state transitions, then the server can return the current job state in
- the Print-Job response and in subsequent queries because the server knows what the job state is in the
- device (or can query the device).
- All of these alternatives depend on implementation of the server and the device.
- 1768 3.2.2 Get-Printer-Attributes operation
- 1769 If a Printer supports the "printer-make-and-model" attribute and returns the .INF file model name of
- the printer in that attribute, the Microsoft client will automatically install the correct driver (if available).
- 1771 2 Clients which poll periodically for printer status or queued-job-count should use the "requested-
- attributes" operation attribute to limit the scope of the query in order to save Printer and network resources.
- 1773 3.2.3 Get-Jobs operation
- 3.2.3.1 Get-Jobs, my-jobs='true', and 'requesting-user-name' (Issue 1.39)?
- In [ipp-modIPP-MOD] section 3.2.6.1 'Get-Jobs Request', if the attribute 'my-jobs' is present and set to
- 1776 TRUE, MUST the 'requesting-user-name' attribute be there too, and if it's not present what should the IPP
- 1777 printer do?
- 1778 [ipp-modIPP-MOD] Section 8.3 describes the various cases of "requesting-user-name" being present or not
- for any operation. If the client does not supply a value for "requesting-user-name", the printer MUST
- assume that the client is supplying some anonymous name, such as "anonymous".
- 3.2.3.2 Why is there a "limit" attribute in the Get-Jobs operation?
- When using the Get-Jobs operation a client implementer might choose to limit the number of jobs that the
- client shows on the first screenful. For example, if its UI can only display 50 jobs, it can defend itself
- against a printer that would otherwise return 500 jobs, perhaps taking a long time on a slow dial-up line.
- The client can then go and ask for a larger number of jobs in the background, while showing the user the
- first 50 jobs. Since the job history is returned in reverse order, namely the most recently completed jobs are
- returned first, the user is most likely interested in the first jobs that are returned. Limiting the number of
- jobs may be especially useful for a client that is requesting 'completed' jobs from a printer that keeps a long
- job history. Clients that don't mind sometimes getting very large responses, can omit the "limit" attribute in
- 1790 their Get-Jobs requests.
- 1791 3.2.4 Create-Job operation

1792 1793 1794	A Printer may respond to a Create-Job operation with "job-state" 'pending' or 'pending-held' and " job-state-reason" 'job-data-insufficient' to indicate that operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is expecting additional document data before it can move the job into the 'processing' state. Alternatively, it
1795	may respond with "job-state" 'processing' and "job-state-reason" 'job-incoming' to indicate that the Create-
1796	Job operation has been accepted by the Printer, but the Printer is expecting additional Send-Document
1797	and/or Send-URI operations and/or is accessing/accepting document data. The second alternative is for
1798	non-spooling Printers that don't implement the 'pending' state.
1799	Should the server wait for the "last-document" operation attribute set to 'true' before starting to "process"
1800	the job?
1801	It depends on implementation. Some servers spool the entire job, including all document data, before
1802	starting to process, so such an implementation would wait for the "last-document" before starting to process
1803	the job. If the time-out occurs without the "last-document", then the server takes one of the indicated
1804	actions in section 3.3.1 in the [IPP-MOD] document. Other servers will start to process document data as
1805	soon as they have some. These are the so-called "non-spooling" printers. Currently, there isn't a way for a
1806	client to determine whether the Printer will spool all the data or will start to process (and print) as soon as it
1807	has some data.
1808	3.3 Job Operations
1809	3.3.1 Validate-Job
1810	The Validate-Job operation has been designed so that its implementation may be a part of the Print-Job
1811	operation. Therefore, requiring Validate-Job is not a burden on implementers. Also it is useful for client's
1812	to be able to count on its presence in all conformance implementations, so that the client can determine
1813	before sending a long document, whether the job will be accepted by the IPP Printer or not.
1814	3.3.2 Restart-Job
1815	The Restart-Job operation allows the reprocessing of a completed job. Some jobs store the document data
1816	on the printer. Jobs created using the Print-Job operation are an example. It is required that the printer
1817	retains the job data after the job has moved to a 'completed state' in order for the Restart-Job operation to
1818	succeed.
1819	Some jobs contain only a reference to the job data. A job created using the Print-URI is an example of such
1820	a job. When the Restart-Job operation is issued the job is reprocessed. The job data MUST be retrieved
1821	again to print the job.

1824 4 Object Attributes

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It is possible that a job fails while attempting to access the print data. When such a job is the target of a

Restart-Job the Printer SHALL attempt to retrieve the job data again.

1825	4.1 Attribute Syntax's
1826	4.1.1 The 'none' value for empty sets (Issue 1.37)
1827 1828 1829 1830 1831 1832 1833 1834	[ipp-mod]PP-MOD] states that the 'none' value should be used as the value of a 1setOf when the set is empty. In most cases, sets that are potentially empty contain keywords so the keyword 'none' is used, but for the 3 finishings attributes, the values are enums and thus the empty set is represented by the enum 3. Currently there are no other attributes with 1setOf values, which can be empty and can contain values that are not keywords. This exception requires special code and is a potential place for bugs. It would have been better if we had chosen an out-of-band value, either "no-value" or some new value, such as 'none'. Since we didn't, implementations have to deal with the different representations of 'none', depending on the attribute syntax.
1835	4.1.2 Multi-valued attributes (Issue 1.31)
1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841	What is the attribute syntax for a multi-valued attribute? Since some attributes support values in more than one data type, such as "media", "job-hold-until", and "job-sheets", IPP semantics associate the attribute syntax with each value, not with the attribute as a whole. The protocol associates the attribute syntax tag with each value. Don't be fooled, just because the attribute syntax tag comes before the attribute keyword. All attribute values after the first have a zero length attribute keyword as the indication of a subsequent value of the same attribute.
1842	4.1.3 Case Sensitivity in URIs (issue 1.6)
1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848	IPP client and server implementations must be aware of the diverse uppercase/lowercase nature of URIs. RFC 2396 defines URL schemes and Host names as case insensitive but reminds us that the rest of the URI may well demonstrate case sensitivity. When creating URL's for fields where the choice is completely arbitrary, it is probably best to select lower case. However, this cannot be guaranteed and implementations MUST NOT rely on any fields being case-sensitive or case-insensitive in the URL beyond the URL scheme and host name fields.
1849 1850 1851 1852	The reason that the IPP specification does not make any restrictions on URIs, is so that implementations of IPP may use off-the-shelf components that conform to the standards that define URIs, such as RFC 2396 and the HTTP/1.1 specifications [RFC2616]. See these specifications for rules of matching, comparison, and case-sensitivity.
1853 1854 1855	It is also recommended that System Administrators and implementations avoid creating URLs for different printers that differ only in their case. For example, don't have Printer1 and printer1 as two different IPP Printers.
1856	Example of equivalent URI's
1857	http://abc.com:80/~smith/home.html

http://ABC.com/%7Esmith/home.html

1859	http://ABC.com:/%7esmith/home.html
1860	Example of equivalent URI's using the IPP scheme
1861	ipp://abc.com:631/~smith/home.html
1862	ipp://ABC.com/%7Esmith/home.html
1863	http://ABC.com:631/%7esmith/home.html
1864	The HTTP/1.1 specification [RFC2616] contains more details on comparing URLs.
1865	4.1.4 Maximum length for xxxWithLanguage and xxxWithoutLanguage
1866 1867 1868 1869 1870	The 'textWithLanguage' and 'nameWithLanguage' are compound syntaxes that have two components. The first component is the 'language' component that can contain up to 63 octets. The second component is the 'text' or 'name' component. The maximum length of these are 1023 octets and 255 octets respectively. The definition of attributes with either syntax may further restrict the length. (e.g. printer-name (name(127)))
1871 1872	The length of the 'language' component has no effect on the allowable length of 'text' in 'textWithLanguage' or the length of 'name' in 'nameWithLanguage'
1873	4.2 Job Template Attributes
1874	4.2.1 multiple-document-handling(type2 keyword)
1875	4.2.1.1 Support of multiple document jobs
1876	
1877	ISSUE: IPP/1.0 is silent on which of the four effects an implementation would perform if it supports Create-Job, but does not support "multiple-document-handling".
1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885	

The time-at-creation, time-at-processing, and time-at-completed attributes may be returned in integer time 1887 ticks or absolute dateTime syntax. There are various ways for a Printer to get the time of day. Some 1888 suggestions: 1889 A Printer can get time from an NTP timeserver if there's one reachable on the network . See 1890 1. RFC 1305. Also DHCP option 32 in RFC 2132 returns the IP address of the NTP server. 1891 2. Get the date and time at startup from a human operator 1892 3. 1893 Have an operator set the date and time using a web administrative interface 1894 4. Get the date and time from incoming HTTP requests, though the problems of spoofing need to be considered. Perhaps comparing several HTTP requests could reduce the chances of spoofing. 1895 5. Internal date time clock battery driven. 1896 6. Query "http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/cgi-bin/timer.pl" 1897 Printer Description Attributes 1898 4.4 1899 4.4.1 queued-job-count 1900 4.4.1.1 Why is "queued-job-count" RECOMMENDED (Issue 1.14)? 1901 The reason that "queued-job-count" is RECOMMENDED, is that some clients look at that attribute alone 1902 when summarizing the status of a list of printers, instead of doing a Get-Jobs to determine the number of 1903 jobs in the queue. Implementations that fail to support the "queued-job-count" will cause that client to display 0 jobs when there are actually queued jobs. 1904 1905 We would have made it a REQUIRED Printer attribute, but some implementations had already been 1906 completed before the issue was raised, so making it a SHOULD was a compromise. 4.4.1.2 Is "queued-job-count" a good measure of how busy a printer is (Issue 1.15)? 1907 The "queued-job-count" is not a good measure of how busy the printer is when there are held jobs. A future 1908 1909 registration could be to add a "held-job-count" (or an "active-job-count") Printer Description attribute if experience shows that such an attribute (combination) is needed to quickly indicate how busy a printer 1910 1911 really is. 1912 printer-current-time (dateTime) 4.4.2

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A Printer implementation MAY support this attribute by obtaining the date and time by any number of

implementation-dependent means at startup or subsequently. Examples include:

(1) an internal date time clock, 1915 (2) from the operator at startup using the console, 1916 1917 (3) from an operator using an administrative web page, 1918 (4) from HTTP headers supplied in client requests, (5) use HTTP to query "http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/cgi-bin/timer.pl" 1919 1920 (6) from the network, using NTP [RFC1305] or DHCP option 32 [RFC2132] that returns the IP address of the NTP server. 1921 1922 If an implementation supports this attribute by obtaining the current time from the network (at startup or later), but the time is not available, then the implementation MUST return the value of this attribute using 1923 1924 the out-of-band 'no-value' meaning not configured. See the beginning of section 4.1. 1925 Since the new "date-and-time-at-xxx" Job Description attributes refer to the "printer-current-time", they 1926 will be covered also. 1927 4.4.3 'Printer-uri Must the operational attribute for printer-uri match one of the values in printer-uri-supported? 1928 1929 A forgiving printer implementation would not reject the operation. But the implementation has its rights to 1930 reject a printer or job operation if the operational attribute printer-uri is not a value of the printer-uri-1931 supported. The printer may not be improperly configured. The request obviously reached the printer. The 1932 printer could treat the printer-uri as the logical equivalent of a value in the printer-uri-supported. It would 1933 be implementation dependent for which value, and associated security policy, would apply. This does also apply to a job object specified with a printer-uri and job-id, or with a job-uri. See section 4.1.3 for how to 1934 1935 compare URI's. 1936 4.5 Empty Jobs The IPP object model does not prohibit a job that contains no documents. Such a job may be created in a 1937 1938 number of ways including a 'create-job' followed by an 'add-document' that contains no data and has the 'last-document' flag set. 1939 1940 An empty job is processed just as any other job. The operation that "closes" an empty job is not rejected 1941 because the job is empty. If no other conditions exist, other than the job is empty, the response to the operation will indicate success. After the job is scheduled and processed, the job state SHALL be 1942 1943 'completed'

1944 1945 There will be some variation in the value(s) of the 'job-state-reasons' attribute. It is required that if no

conditions, other than the job being empty, exist the 'job-state-reasons' SHALL include the 'completd-

1946 1947	successfully'. If other conditions existed, the 'completed-with-warnings' or 'completed-with-errors' values may be used."
1948	5 DNS Considerations
1949	5.1 IPP Printer with a DNS name
1950 1951	If the IPP printer has a DNS name should there be at least two values for the printer-uri-supported attribute. One URL with the fully qualified DNS name the other with the IP address in the URL?
1952	The printer may contain one or the other or both. It's up to the administrator to configure this attribute.
1953	6 Security Considerations
1954	This section corresponds to the IPP-MOD Section 8 "Security Considerations.
1955	6.1 Querying jobs with IPP that were submitted using other job submission protocols (Issue 1.32)
1956	The following clarification was added to [ipp mod IPP-MOD] section 8.5:
1957	8.5 Queries on jobs submitted using non-IPP protocols
1958 1959 1960 1961 1962	If the device that an IPP Printer is representing is able to accept jobs using other job submission protocols in addition to IPP, it is RECOMMEND that such an implementation at least allow such "foreign" jobs to be queried using Get-Jobs returning "job-id" and "job-uri" as 'unknown'. Such an implementation NEED NOT support all of the same IPP job attributes as for IPP jobs. The IPP object returns the 'unknown' out-of-band value for any requested attribute of a foreign job that is supported for IPP jobs, but not for foreign jobs.
1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970	It is further RECOMMENDED, that the IPP Printer generate "job-id" and "job-uri" values for such "foreign jobs", if possible, so that they may be targets of other IPP operations, such as Get-Job-Attributes and Cancel-Job. Such an implementation also needs to deal with the problem of authentication of such foreign jobs. One approach would be to treat all such foreign jobs as belonging to users other than the user of the IPP client. Another approach would be for the foreign job to belong to 'anonymous'. Only if the IPP client has been authenticated as an operator or administrator of the IPP Printer object, could the foreign jobs be queried by an IPP request. Alternatively, if the security policy were to allow users to query other users' jobs, then the foreign jobs would also be visible to an end-user IPP client using Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes.
1972 1973 1974	Thus IPP MAY be implemented as a "universal" protocol that provides access to jobs submitted with any job submission protocol. As IPP becomes widely implemented, providing a more universal access makes sense.
1975	7 Encoding and Transport

1976

This section discusses various aspects of IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO].

- 1977 A server is not required to send a response until after it has received the client's entire request. Hence, a
- 1978 client must not expect a response until after it has sent the entire request. However, we recommend that the
- server return a response as soon as possible if an error is detected while the client is still sending the data,
- 1980 rather than waiting until all of the data is received. Therefore, we also recommend that a client listen for an
- error response that an IPP server MAY send before it receives all the data. In this case a client, if chunking
- the data, can send a premature zero-length chunk to end the request before sending all the data (and so the
- client can keep the connection open for other requests, rather than closing it). If the request is blocked for
- some reason, a client MAY determine the reason by opening another connection to query the server using
- 1985 Get-Printer-Attributes.
- 1986 IPP, by design, uses TCP's built-in flow control mechanisms [RFC 793] to throttle clients when Printers are
- busy. Therefore, it is perfectly normal for an IPP client transmitting a Job to be blocked for a really long
- 1988 time. Accordingly, socket timeouts must be avoided. Some socket implementations have a timeout option,
- 1989 which specifies how long a write operation on a socket can be blocked before it times out and the blocking
- 1990 ends. A client should set this option for infinite timeout when transmitting Job submissions.
- Some IPP client applications might be able to perform other useful work while a Job transmission is
- blocked. For example, the client may have other jobs that it could transmit to other Printers simultaneously.
- 1993 A client may have a GUI, which must remain responsive to the user while the Job transmission is blocked.
- These clients should be designed to spawn a thread to handle the Job transmission at its own pace, leaving
- the main application free to do other work. Alternatively, single-threaded applications could use non-
- 1996 blocking I/O.
- Some Printer conditions, such as jam or lack of paper, could cause a client to be blocked indefinitely.
- 1998 Clients may open additional connections to the Printer to Get-Printer-Attributes, determine the state of the
- device, alert a user if the printer is stopped, and let a user decide whether to abort the job transmission or
- 2000 not.
- 2001 In the following sections, there are tables of all HTTP headers, which describe their use in an IPP client or
- server. The following is an explanation of each column in these tables.
- the "header" column contains the name of a header
- the "request/client" column indicates whether a client sends the header.
- the "request/ server" column indicates whether a server supports the header when received.
- the "response/ server" column indicates whether a server sends the header.
- the "response /client" column indicates whether a client supports the header when received.
- the "values and conditions" column specifies the allowed header values and the conditions for the
- 2009 header to be present in a request/response.
- The table for "request headers" does not have columns for responses, and the table for "response headers"
- does not have columns for requests.
- The following is an explanation of the values in the "request/client" and "response/ server" columns.
- must: the client or server MUST send the header.
- must-if: the client or server MUST send the header when the condition described in the "values and
- 2015 conditions" column is met,

- may: the client or server MAY send the header
- **not:** the client or server SHOULD NOT send the header. It is not relevant to an IPP implementation.
- The following is an explanation of the values in the "response/client" and "request/ server" columns.
- **must:** the client or server MUST support the header,
- 2020 may: the client or server MAY support the header
- **not:** the client or server SHOULD NOT support the header. It is not relevant to an IPP
- 2022 implementation.
- 2023 7.1 General Headers
- The following is a table for the general headers.

General-Header	Request		Response	<u> </u>	Values and Conditions
Cache-Control	Client must	Server not	Server must	Client not	"no-cache" only
Connection	must-if	must	must-if	must	"close" only. Both client and server SHOULD keep a connection for the duration of a sequence of operations. The client and server MUST include this header for the last operation in such a sequence.
Date	may	may	must	may	per RFC 1123 [RFC1123] from RFC 2616 [RFC2616]
Pragma	must	not	must	not	"no-cache" only
Transfer- Encoding	must-if	must	must-if	must	"chunked" only . Header MUST be present if Content-Length is absent.
Upgrade	not	not	not	not	
Via	not	not	not	not	

2025 7.2 Request Headers

The following is a table for the request headers.

Request-Header	Client	Server	Request Values and Conditions
Accept	may	must	"application/ipp" only. This value is the default if the client omits it
Accept-Charset	not	not	Charset information is within the application/ipp

Request-Header	Client	Server	Request Values and Conditions entity
Accept-Encoding	may	must	empty and per RFC 2616 [RFC2616] and IANA registry for content-codings
Accept-Language	not	not	language information is within the application/ipp entity
Authorization	must-if	must	per RFC 2616. A client MUST send this header when it receives a 401 "Unauthorized" response and does not receive a "Proxy-Authenticate" header.
From	not	not	per RFC 2616. Because RFC recommends sending this header only with the user's approval, it is not very useful
Host	must	must	per RFC 2616
If-Match	not	not	
If-Modified-Since	not	not	
If-None-Match	not	not	
If-Range	not	not	
If-Unmodified-Since	not	not	
Max-Forwards	not	not	
Proxy-Authorization	must-if	not	per RFC 2616. A client MUST send this header when it receives a 401 "Unauthorized" response and a "Proxy-Authenticate" header.
Range	not	not	
Referrer	not	not	
User-Agent	not	not	

2027 7.3 Response Headers

2028 The following is a table for the request headers.

Response-Header	Server	Client	Response Values and Conditions
Accept-Ranges	not	not	
Age	not	not	

Response-Header Location	Server must-if	Client may	Response Values and Conditions per RFC 2616. When URI needs redirection.
Proxy-Authenticate	not	must	per RFC 2616
Public	may	may	per RFC 2616
Retry-After	may	may	per RFC 2616
Server	not	not	
Vary	not	not	
Warning	may	may	per RFC 2616
WWW- Authenticate	must-if	must	per RFC 2616. When a server needs to authenticate a client.

2029 7.4 Entity Headers

2030 The following is a table for the entity headers.

Entity-Header	Request	Response			Values and Conditions	
Allow	Client not	Server not	Server not	Client not		
Content-Base	not	not	not	not		
Content-Encoding	may	must	must	must	per RFC 2616 and IANA registry for content codings.	
Content-Language	not	not	not	not	Application/ipp handles language	
Content-Length	must-if	must	must-if	must	the length of the message-body per RFC 2616. Header MUST be present if Transfer- Encoding is absent	
Content-Location	not	not	not	not		
Content-MD5	may	may	may	may	per RFC 2616	
Content-Range	not	not	not	not		
Content-Type	must	must	must	must	"application/ipp" only	
ETag	not	not	not	not		

Entity-Header	Request		Response		Values and Conditions			
	Client	Server	Server	Client				
Expires	not	not	not	not				
Last-Modified	not	not	not	not				
7.5 Optional support for HTTP/1.0								
IPP implementations consist of an HTTP layer and an IPP layer. In the following discussion, the term "client" refers to the HTTP client layer and the term "server" refers to the HTTP server layer. The Encoding and Transport document [IPP-PRO] requires that HTTP 1.1 MUST be supported by all clients and all servers. However, a client and/or a server implementation may choose to also support HTTP 1.0.								
• This option means that a server may choose to communicate with a (non-conforming) client that only supports HTTP 1.0. In such cases the server should not use any HTTP 1.1 specific parameters or features and should respond using HTTP version number 1.0.								
• This option also means that a client may choose to communicate with a (non-conforming) server that only supports HTTP 1.0. In such cases, if the server responds with an HTTP 'unsupported version number' to an HTTP 1.1 request, the client should retry using HTTP version number 1.0.								
7.6 HTTP/1.1 Chunking								
7.6.1 Disabling IPP Server Response Chunking								
Clients MUST anticipate that the HTTP/1.1 server may chunk responses and MUST accept them in responses. However, a (non-conforming) HTTP client that is unable to accept chunked responses may attempt to request an HTTP 1.1 server not to use chunking in its response to an operation by using the following HTTP header:								
TE: identity								
This mechanism should not be used by a server to disable a client from chunking a request, since chunking of document data is an important feature for clients to send long documents.								
7.6.2 Warning About the Support of Chunked Requests								
This section describes some problems with the use of chunked requests and HTTP/1.1 servers.								
The HTTP/1.1 standard [RFC2616] requires that conforming servers support chunked requests for any method. However, in spite of this requirement, some HTTP/1.1 implementations support chunked responses in the GET method, but do not support chunked POST method requests. Some HTTP/1.1								

implementations that support CGI scripts [CGI] and/or servlets [Servlet] require that the client supply a Content-Length. These implementations might reject a chunked POST method and return a 411 status code

(Length Required), might attempt to buffer the request and run out of room returning a 413 status code 2058 (Request Entity Too Large), or might successfully accept the chunked request. 2059 2060 Because of this lack of conformance of HTTP servers to the HTTP/1.1 standard, the IPP standard [IPP-2061 PRO] REQUIRES that a conforming IPP Printer object implementation support chunked requests and that conforming clients accept chunked responses. Therefore, IPP object implementers are warned to seek 2062 HTTP server implementations that support chunked POST requests in order to conform to the IPP standard 2063 2064 and/or use implementation techniques that support chunked POST requests. References 2065 [CGI] 2066 CGI/1.1 (http://www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-coar-cgi-v11-00.txt). 2067 [IPP-MOD] 2068 2069 R. deBry, T. Hastings, R. Herriot, S. Isaacson, P. Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Model and 2070 Semantics", draft-ietf-ipp-model-v11-06.txt, March 1, 2000., 2000. 2071 [IPP-PRO] 2072 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Tuner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Encoding and Transport", draft-ietf-ipp-protocol-v11-05.txt, March 1, 2000. 2073 2074 [RFC 793] 2075 J. Postel, "Transmission Control Protocol", RFC 793. 2076 [RFC1123] 2077 Braden, S., "Requirements for Internet Hosts - Application and Support", RFC 1123, October, 1989. 2078 [RFC2026] 2079 S. Bradner, "The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3", RFC 2026, October 1996. 2080 [RFCrfe2119] S. Bradner, "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", RFC 2119, March 2081 2082 1997. 2083 [RFC2396] 2084 Berners-Lee, T., Fielding, R., Masinter, L., "Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic 2085 Syntax", RFC 2396, August 1998. 2086 [RFC2565] R. deBry, T. Hastings, R. Herriot, S. Isaacson, P. Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Model and 2087 Semantics", RFC 2566, April 1999. 2088 2089 [RFC2566] 2090 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Tuner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Encoding and 2091 Transport", RFC 2565, April 1999.

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2169 10 Change History (to be removed at time of RFC publishing)

- 2170 The change history is in *reverse* chronological order:
- 2171 10.1 Changes from 990914 to 990927
- 2172 1. Add comments about this document is also IPP/1.0 relevant.
- 2173 2. Section 4.1.3: Add more examples of URI's with the port 631 and the ipp scheme.
- 3. Section 4.4.3: Move the DNS stuff to the 'how to compare URI's.
- 4. Section 4.4.3.2: Swap lines, first tell about the forgiven printer and then what the printer is allowed to do.
- 5. Fixed some errors in the Summary Attribute tables 1-5 and broke them into five portrait tables, so that it can be made into plain text for INTERNET-DRAFTS.
- 2179 10.2 Changes from 990726 to 990914:
- 2180 1. Added IPP/1.1 operations and attributes to table 1.
- 2181 2. Validate version: Added text and table from issue 32
- 2182 3. Printer-uri-supported: Added section 4.4.3
- 2183 4. Added IPP/1.1 operations to section 3.1.2.1.4.3
- 5. Added answer to question "Should the server wait for the "last-document" operation attribute set to true' before starting to "process" the job?" in section 3.2.4
- 6. Changed 'server-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' to 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' in section 3.1.2.1.5 when talking about the 'document-uri' attribute.
- 7. Added 'Suggested Operation Processing Steps' and 'Suggested Additional Processing Steps for Operations that Create/Validate Jobs and Add Document' flow-chart overview.
- 2190 10.3 Changes to produce the February 12, 1999 version from the January 8, 1999 version:
- 1. Section 2.2.1.5: added check for document not found or accessible in Print-URI and Send-URI
- 2. Section 3.6.2: Clarified that the IPP standard requires that servers MUST accept chunked requests and that clients MUST accept chunked responses, in spite of the lack of conformance of HTTP servers to the HTTP/1.1 requirement to support chunking.

- 2195 10.4 Changes to produce the January 8, 1999 version from the December 6, 1998 version:
- 1. Added section 3.6.2: Warning About the Use of Chunked Requests with CGI Script Implementations
- 2. Section 2.2.1.2: changed "printer-operations-supported" to "operations-supported".
- 3. Section 2.2.1.6: changed "job-media-supported" to "job-media-sheets-supported"
- 4. Section 2.2.3: separated the validation checks for variable length attributes into two separate tests: one for correct attribute syntax and one for correct length.
- 5. Section 2.2.3: changed "multiple-document-handling-supported" to "printer-resolution-supported"
- 6. Section 2.6.1: recommended that an IPP object also support US-ASCII charset.
- 7. Section 3: Clarified that a server is not required to send a response until after it has received the client's entire request, but recommend that the server return a response as soon as possible if an error is detected while the client is still sending the data, rather than waiting until all of the data is received. Also recommended that a client listen for an error response that an IPP server MAY send before it receives all the data.
- 2209 10.5 Changes to produce the December 6, 1998 version from the November 16, 1998 version:
- 2210 Included all of the remaining agreed issues raised before the November 16, 1998 production of the Internet-
- 2211 Drafts for IPP/1.0 that included adding explanations to the Implementers Guide.
- 2212 Changes from 990422 to 990726:
- 1. Encoding and Transport: Address issues 4, 5, 20 from Issues-raised-at-Bake-Off2.doc
- 2214 2. Decide whether to accept or reject the request: discuss issues 6, 9, 10
- 3. Get-Printer-Attributes: add notes about printer-make-and-model and .INF files; issue 7
- 4. Create-Job: clarify job-incoming vs. data-insufficient; issue 13
- 2217 5. Get-Printer Attributes: polling -- issue 16
- 2218 6. Job Description Attributes: ways to get time; issue 17
- 2219 7. Validate the values of the Job Template Attributes: clarify zero-length keywords; issue 22
- 8. Validate Optional Operation Attributes: Note about checking for compression in IPP/1.0; issue 28
- 2221 9. Validate version number: advantages to backward compatibility; issue 33

2222 10. Note: examples for issue 2 seem to be covered sufficiently in the new MOD doc.