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R. Herriot (editor)
T. Hastings
M. Shepherd
Xerox Corporation
R. deBry
Utah Valley State College
S. Isaacson
Novell, Inc.
J. Martin
Underscore
R. Bergman
Hitachi Koki Imaging Solutions
August 20, 2001~~January 24, 2000~~

Internet Printing Protocol (IPP):
IPP Event Notifications and Subscriptions Specification

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28 **Abstract**

29 This document describes an OPTIONAL extension to the Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP)
30 [RFC2566, RFC2565], and IPP/1.1 [RFC2911, RFC2910], ~~and future versions~~. This extension allows
31 a client to subscribe to printing related Events. Subscriptions are modeled as *Subscription Objects*.
32 The Subscription Object specifies that when one of the specified *Events* occurs, the Printer sends an
33 asynchronous *Event Notification* to the specified *Notification Recipient* via the specified *Delivery*
34 *Method* (i.e., protocol). A client associates Subscription Objects with a particular Job by performing
35 the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation or by submitting a Job with subscription information. A client
36 associates Subscription Objects with the Printer by performing a Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation.
37 Four other operations are defined for Subscription Objects: Get-Subscriptions-Attributes, Get-
38 Subscriptions, Renew-Subscription, and Cancel-Subscription.

39

40 The basic set of IPP documents includes:

41 ~~Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]~~42 ~~Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]~~43 ~~Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics [RFC2911]~~44 ~~Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]~~45 ~~Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IG]~~46 ~~Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]~~

47

48 The “Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol” document takes a broad look at distributed
49 printing functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to
50 be included in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users:
51 end users, Operators, and Administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are
52 satisfied in IPP/1.0. Operator and Administrator requirements are out of scope for version 1.0. A few
53 OPTIONAL Operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

54 The “Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol” document
55 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
56 IPP specifications, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major decisions.

57 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics”, describes a simplified model with abstract
58 objects, their attributes, and their operations that are independent of encoding and transport. It
59 introduces a Printer object and a Job object. The Job object optionally supports multiple documents per
60 Job. It also addresses security, internationalization, and directory issues.

61 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport” document is a formal mapping of the
62 abstract operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1. It defines the
63 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called “application/ipp”. This document also
64 defines the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content Type is “application/ipp”.
65 This document defines a new scheme named ‘ipp’ for identifying IPP printers and jobs. Finally, this
66 document defines interoperability rules for supporting IPP/1.0 clients.

67 The “Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide” document gives insight and advice to
68 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.0 and some
69 of the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object
70 implementations. For example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking.
71 Motivation for some of the specification decisions is also included.

72 The “Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols” document gives some advice to implementers of
73 gateways between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

74

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231

232 1 Introduction

233 This IPP notification specification is an OPTIONAL extension to Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP)
234 [RFC2566~~8~~, RFC2565~~9~~] and IPP/1.1 [RFC2911, RFC2910]. See Appendix G for a description of the
235 base IPP documents. This document in combination with the following documents is intended to meet
236 the notification requirements described in [ipp-not-req]:

237 Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): “Job Progress Attributes” [ipp-prog]
238 One or more Delivery Method Documents registered with IANA (see section 10).

239
240 Note: this document does not define any Delivery Methods, but it does define the rules for conformance
241 for Delivery Method Documents. Delivery Method Documents are in preparation (see section 10) and
242 will be registered with IANA (see section 13.7.3).

243 Refer to the Table of Contents for the layout of this document.

244 1.1 Notification Overview

245 This document defines operations that a client can perform in order to create *Subscription Objects* in a
246 Printer and carry out other operations on them. A Subscription Object represents a Subscription
247 abstraction. The Subscription Object specifies that when one of the specified *Events* occurs, the Printer
248 sends an asynchronous *Event Notification* to the specified *Notification Recipient* via the specified
249 *Delivery Method* (i.e., protocol).

250 When a client (called a *Subscribing Client*) performs an operation that creates a Subscription Object,
251 the operation contains one or more *Subscription Template Attributes Groups*. Each such group holds
252 information used by the Printer to initialize a newly created Subscription Object. The Printer creates one
253 Subscription Object for each Subscription Template Attributes Group in the operation. This group is
254 like the Job Template Attributes group defined in [RFC2911]. The following is an example of the
255 information included in a Subscription Template Attributes Group (see section 5 for details on the
256 Subscription Object attributes):

- 257 1. The names of Subscribed Events that are of interest to the Notification Recipient.
- 258 2. The address (URL) of one Notification Recipient.
- 259 3. The Delivery Method (i.e., the protocol) which the Printer uses to send the Event Notification.
- 260 4. Some opaque data that the Printer sends to the Notification Recipient in the Event Notification.
261 The Notification Recipient might use this opaque data as a forwarding address for the Event
262 Notification.
- 263 5. The charset to use in text fields within an Event Notification
- 264 6. The natural language to use in the text fields of the Event Notification
- 265 7. The requested lease time in seconds for the Subscription Object

266 An operation that creates a Subscription Object is called a *Subscription Creation Operation*. These
267 operations include the following operations (see section 11.1 for further details):

268 ? **Job Creation operation:** When a client performs such an operation (Print-Job, Print-URI, and
269 Create-Job), a client can include zero or more Subscription Template Attributes Groups in the
270 request. The Printer creates one Subscription Object for each Subscription Template
271 Attributes Group in the request, and the Printer associates each such Subscription Object with
272 the newly created Job. This document extends these operations' definitions in [RFC2911] by
273 adding Subscription Template Attributes Groups in the request and Subscription Attributes
274 Groups in the response.

275 ? **Create-Job-Subscriptions operation:** A client can include one or more Subscription
276 Template Attributes Groups in the request. The Printer creates one Subscription Object for
277 each Subscription Template Attributes Group and associates each with the job that is the target
278 of this operation.

279 ? **Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation:** A client can include one or more Subscription
280 Template Attributes Groups in the request. The Printer creates one Subscription Object for
281 each Subscription Template Attributes Group and associates each with the Printer that is the
282 target of this operation.

283 For each of the above operations:

284 ? the Printer associates a Subscription Object with the Printer or a specific Job. When a
285 Subscription Object is associated with a Job Object, it is called a *Per-Job Subscription Object*.
286 When a Subscription Object is associated with a Printer Object, it is called a *Per-Printer*
287 *Subscription Object*.

288 ? the response contains one Subscription Attributes Group for each Subscription Template
289 Attributes Group in the request and in the same order. When the Printer successfully creates a
290 Subscription Object, its corresponding Subscription Attributes Group contains the "notify-
291 subscription-id" attribute. This attribute uniquely identifies the Subscription Object and is
292 analogous to a "job-id" for a Job object. Some operations described below use the "notify-
293 subscription-id" to identify the target Subscription Object.

294 This document defines the following additional operations (see section 11.2 for further details):

- 295 - **Restart-Job operation:** When a client performs the Restart-Job operation [RFC2911], the
296 Printer re-uses the same Job and its Subscription Objects.
- 297 - **Validate-Job operation:** When a client performs this operation, a client can include zero or
298 more Subscription Template Attributes Groups in the request. The Printer determines if it
299 could create one Subscription Object for each Subscription Template Attributes Group in the
300 request. This document extends this operation's definition in [RFC2911] by adding
301 Subscription Template Attributes Groups in the request and Subscription Attributes Groups in
302 the response.

- 303 - **Get-Subscription-Attributes operation:** This operation allows a client to obtain the specified
304 attributes of a target Subscription Object.
- 305 - **Get-Subscriptions operation:** This operation allows a client to obtain the specified attributes
306 of all Subscription Objects associated with the Printer or a specified Job.
- 307 - **Renew-Subscription operation:** This operation renews the lease on the target Per-Printer
308 Subscription Object before it expires. A newly created Per-Printer Subscription Object receives
309 an initial lease. It is the duty of the client to use this operation frequently enough to preserve a
310 Per-Printer Subscription Object. The Printer deletes a Per-Printer Subscription Object when its
311 lease expires. A Per-Job Subscription Object last exactly as long as its associated Job Object
312 and thus doesn't have a lease.
- 313 - **Cancel-Subscription operation:** This operation (1) cancels the lease on the specified Per-
314 Printer Subscription Object and thereby deletes the Per-Printer Subscription Object or (2)
315 deletes the Per-Job Subscription Object.

316 When an Event occurs, the Printer finds all Subscription Objects listening for the Event (see section 9
317 for details on finding such Subscription Objects). For each such Subscription Object, the Printer:

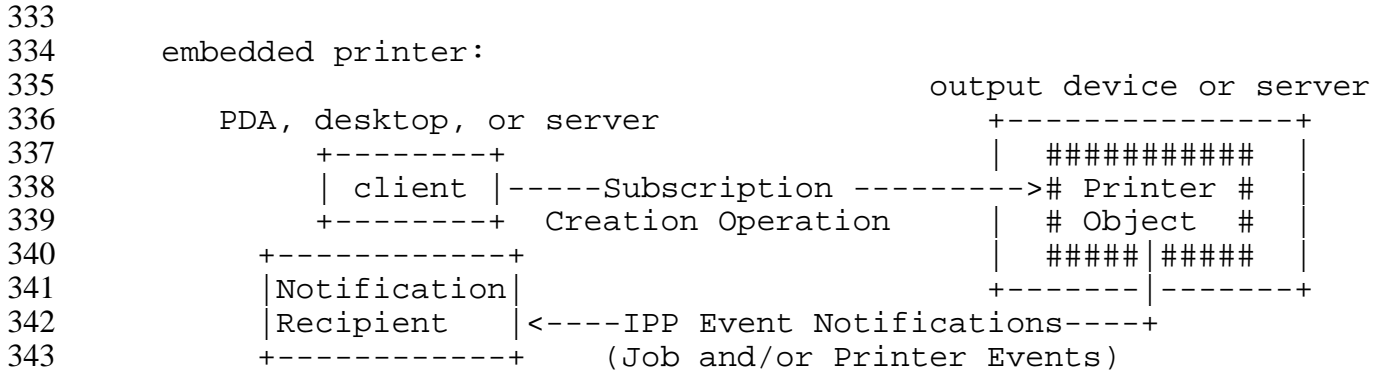
- 318 a) generates an Event Notification with information specified in section 9, AND
- 319 b) either:
- 320 i) delivers the Event Notification using the Delivery Method and target address identified in
321 the Subscription Object's "notify-recipient-uri" attribute if the Delivery Method is a "push",
322 OR
- 323 ii) saves Event Notification for a time period defined by the Delivery Method if the Delivery
324 Method is a "pull", i.e., the Notification Recipient is expected to fetch the Event
325 Notifications.

326 **2 Models for Notification**

327 **2.1 Model for Notification (Simple Case)**

328 As part of a Subscription Creation Operation, an IPP Printer (i.e., located in an output device or a
329 server) creates one or more Subscription Objects. In a Subscription Creation Operation, the client
330 specifies the Notification Recipient to which the Printer is to deliver Event Notifications. A Notification
331 Recipient can be the Subscribing Client or a third party.

332 Figure 1 shows the Notification model for a simple Client-Printer relationship.



344 **Figure 1 – Model for Notification**

345 2.2 Model for Notification with Cascading Printers

346 With this model, there is an intervening Print server between the human user and the Printer in the
 347 output device. If the Printer in the output device generates an Event, the system can be configured to
 348 send Event Notification either

- 349 - directly to the Notification Recipient specified by the Subscribing Client or
- 350 - via the Print Server to the Notification Recipient specified by the Subscribing Client.

351 See Appendix A for more details.

352 2.3 Distributed Model for Notification

353 The preceding sections (2.1 and 2.2) assume that the Notification software resides in the same device or
 354 Server box as the rest of the Printer software. In many implementations, the assumption is correct.
 355 However, the Notification model also permits a distributed implementation.

356 For example, the software that supports both Subscription Creation Operations and sending of Event
 357 Notifications could be on hardware that is separate from the output device. To make this work, there
 358 must be a symbiotic relationship between the output device software and the remote Notification
 359 software. Without the remote Notification software, the output device software is not a complete
 360 Printer.

361 The term “Printer” in this document includes the software on the output device or server box as well as
 362 Notification software that is local to or remote from the output device.

363 Appendix B describes this example in detail.

364 2.4 Extended Notification Recipient

365 The model allows for an extended Notification Recipient that is itself a Notification service that
 366 forwards each Event Notification to another recipient. The client contacts this Notification Recipient to

367 arrange for forwarding by means outside the scope of this document. The Printer need not be aware that
368 the Notification Recipient forwards Event Notifications.

369 Appendix C describes this example in detail.

370 **3 Terminology**

371 This section defines terminology used throughout this document. Other terminology is defined in
372 [RFC2911].

373 **3.1 Conformance Terminology**

374 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
375 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance ~~to this specification.~~
376 ~~These terms are defined in [RFC2911 section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken~~
377 ~~from as defined in RFC 2119 [RFC2119] and [RFC2911] section 12.1. If an implementation supports~~
378 ~~the extension defined in this document, then these terms apply; otherwise, they do not. These terms~~
379 ~~define conformance to this document only; they do not affect conformance to other documents, unless~~
380 ~~explicitly stated otherwise.~~ See Appendix D for complete details.

381 Note: a feature that is **OPTIONAL** in this document becomes **REQUIRED** if the Printer implements a
382 Delivery Method that **REQUIRES** the feature.

383 **READ-ONLY** – an adjective used in an attribute definition to indicate that an IPP Printer **MUST NOT**
384 allow the attribute's value to be modified with the Set-Job-Attributes or Set-Printer-Attributes
385 operations (see [ipp-set]). Note: there is no Set-Subscription operation so this term is not used for
386 Subscription object attributes.

387 **3.2 Other Terminology**

388 This document uses the same terminology as [RFC2911], such as “client”, “Printer”, “attribute”,
389 “attribute value”, “keyword”, “operation”, “request”, “response”, and “support”. In addition, the
390 following terms are defined for use in this document and the Delivery Method Documents:

391 **Administrator** – A human user who establishes policy for and configures the print system.

392 **Operator** – A human user who carries out the policy established by the Administrator and controls the
393 day to day running of the print system.

394 **IPP Client (or client)** – The software component (PDA, desktop, or server) that performs an IPP
395 operation directed at an IPP Printer (located in a server or output device).

396 **Job Creation operation** – One of the operations that creates a Job object: Print-Job, Print-URI and
397 Create-Job. The Restart-Job operation [RFC2911] is not considered a Job Creation operation.

398 [since the Printer re-uses the existing Job object.](#) The Validate-Job operation is not a Job Creation
399 operation because no Job object is created. Therefore, when a statement also applies to the
400 Validate-Job operation, it is mentioned explicitly.

401 **Event** – some occurrence (either expected or unexpected) within the printing system of a change of
402 state, condition, or configuration of a Job or Printer object. An Event occurs only at one instant in
403 time and does not span the time the physical Event takes place. For example, jam-occurred and
404 jam-cleared are two distinct, instantaneous Events, even though the jam may last for a while.

405 **Event Notification** – the information about an Event that the Printer sends when an Event occurs.

406 **Compound Event Notification** – two or more Event Notifications that a Printer sends together as a
407 single entity. The Delivery Method Document specifies whether the Delivery Method supports
408 Compound Event Notifications.

409 **Job Event** – an Event caused by some change in a particular job on the Printer, e.g., 'job-completed'.

410 **Printer Event** – an Event caused by some change in the Printer that is not specific to a job, e.g.,
411 'printer-state-changed'.

412 **Subscribed Event** – an Event that the Subscribing Client expresses interest in by making it a value of
413 the “notify-events” attribute on a Subscription Object.

414 **Subscribed Job Event** – a Subscribed Event that is a Job Event.

415 **Subscribed Printer Event** – a Subscribed Event that is a Printer Event.

416 **Notification Recipient** – the entity to which the Printer sends an Event Notification.

417 **Delivery Method** – the mechanism by which the Printer delivers the Event Notification, e.g., via email
418 or via [SNMP](#) [an Event Notification Delivery Method protocol defined for delivering IPP Event](#)
419 [Notifications](#).

420 **Delivery Method Document** – a document, separate from this document, that defines a Delivery
421 Method.

422 **Subscription Object** – An object containing a set of attributes that indicate: the Notification Recipient,
423 the Delivery Method, the Subscribed Events that cause the Printer to send an Event Notification,
424 and the information to send in an Event Notification.

425 **Per-Job Subscription Object** – A Subscription Object that is associated with a single Job. The Create-
426 Job-Subscriptions operation and Job Creation operations create such an object.

427 **Per-Printer Subscription Object** – A Subscription Object that is associated with the Printer as a
428 whole. The Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation creates such an object.

429 **Subscribing Client** – The client that creates the Subscription Object.

430 **Subscription Creation Operation** – An operation that creates a Subscription Object: Job Creation
431 operations, Create-Job-Subscriptions operation, ~~and~~ Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation. In the
432 context of a Job Creation operation, a Subscription Creation Operation is the part of the Job
433 Creation operation that creates a Subscription object. The Restart-Job operation [RFC2911] is not
434 considered a Subscription Creation Operation, since the Printer re-uses the Job's existing
435 Subscription Objects, rather than creating any new Subscription Objects.

436 **Subscription Creation Request** – The request portion of a Subscription Creation Operation.

437 **Subscription Template Attributes** – Subscription Object attributes that a client can supply in a
438 Subscription Creation Operation and associated Printer Object attributes that specify supported and
439 default values for the Subscription Object attributes.

440 **Subscription Description Attributes** – Subscription Object attributes that a Printer supplies during a
441 Subscription Creation Operation.

442 **Subscription Template Attributes Group** – The attributes group in a request that contains
443 Subscription Object attributes that are Subscription Template Attributes.

444 **Subscription Attributes Group** – The attributes group in a response that contains Subscription Object
445 attributes.

446 **Human Consumable Event Notification** – localized text for human consumption only. There is no
447 standardized format and thus programs should not try to parse this text.

448 **Machine Consumable Event Notification** – bytes for program consumption. The bytes are formatted
449 according to the Delivery Method document.

450 **Printer** – the software that supports an output device or print server (see IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] which
451 uses the terms Printer and Printer object interchangeably). This document extends the IPP/1.1
452 Printer definition to include the software that implements Subscription Creation Operations and the
453 sending of Event Notifications, even if the software for such a Printer would be distributed across a
454 network (see section 2.3).

455 **Notification** – when not in the phrases ‘Event Notification’ and ‘Notification Recipient’ — the
456 concepts of this specification, i.e., Events, Subscription Objects, and Event Notifications.

457 **4 Object Relationships**

458 This section defines the object relationships between the Printer, Job, and Subscription Objects. It does
459 not define the implementation. For an illustration of these relationships, see Appendix E.

460 **4.1 Printer and Per-Printer Subscription Objects**

461 1. A Printer object can be associated with zero or more Per-Printer Subscription Objects.

462 2. Each Per-Printer Subscription Object is associated with exactly one Printer object.

463 **4.2 Printer, Job and Per-Job Subscription Objects**

464 1. A Printer object is associated with zero or more Job objects.

465 2. Each Job object is associated with exactly one Printer object.

466 3. A Job object is associated with zero or more Per-Job Subscription Objects.

467 4. Each Per-Job Subscription Object is associated with exactly one Job object.

468 **5 Subscription Object**

469 A Subscribing Client creates a Subscription Object with a Subscription Creation Operation in order to
470 indicate its interest in certain Events. See section 11 for a description of these operations. When an
471 Event occurs, the Subscription Object specifies to the Printer where to send Event Notifications, how to
472 send them and what to put in them. See section 9 for details on the contents of an Event Notification.

473 Using the IPP Job Template attributes as a model (see [RFC2911] section 4.2), the attributes of a
474 Subscription Object are divided into two categories: Subscription Template Attributes and Subscription
475 Description Attributes.

476 Subscription Template attributes are, in turn, like the Job Template attributes, divided into

- 477 1. Subscription Object attributes that a client can supply in a Subscription Creation Request and
478 2. their associated Printer Object attributes that specify supported and default values for the
479 Subscription Object attributes

480 The remainder of this section specifies general rules for Subscription Template Attributes and describes
481 each attribute in a Subscription Object.

482 **5.1 Rules for Support of Subscription Template Attributes**

483 Subscription Template Attributes are fundamental to the Notification model described in this
484 specification. The client supplies these attributes in Subscription Creation Operations and the Printer
485 uses these attributes to populate a newly created Subscription Object.

486 Subscription Objects attributes that are Subscription Template Attributes conform to the following
487 rules:

- 488 1. Each attribute's name starts with the prefix string "notify-" and this document calls such
489 attributes "notify-xxx".

- 490 2. For each “notify-xxx” Subscription Object attribute defined in column 1 of Table 1 in section 5.3,
491 Table 1 specifies corresponding Printer attributes: “notify-xxx-default”, “notify-xxx-supported”,
492 “yyy-supported” and “notify-max-xxx-supported” defined in column 2 of Table 1. Note “xxx”
493 stands for the same string in each case and “yyy” stands for some other string.
- 494 3. If a Printer supports “notify-xxx” in column 1 of Table 1, then the Printer MUST support all
495 associated attributes specified in column 2 of Table 1. For example, Table 1 shows that if the
496 Printer supports “notify-events”, it MUST support “notify-events-default”, “notify-events-
497 supported” and “notify-max-events-supported”.
- 498 4. If a Printer does not support “notify-xxx” in column 1 of Table 1, then the Printer MUST NOT
499 support any associated “notify-yyy” attributes specified in column 2 of Table 1. For example,
500 Table 1 shows that if the Printer doesn’t support “notify-events”, it MUST NOT support “notify-
501 events-default”, “notify-events-supported” and “notify-max-events-supported”. Note this rule
502 does not apply to attributes whose names do not start with the string “notify-” and are thus
503 defined in another object and used by other attributes.
- 504 5. Most “notify-xxx” attributes have a corresponding “yyy-supported” attribute that specifies the
505 supported values for “notify-xxx”. Column 2 of Table 1 specifies the name of each “yyy-
506 supported” attribute. The naming rules of IPP/1.1 (see [RFC2911]) are used when “yyy-
507 supported” is “notify-xxx-supported”.
- 508 6. Some “notify-xxx” attributes have a corresponding “notify-xxx-default” attribute that specifies
509 the value for “notify-xxx” if the client does not supply it. Column 2 of Table 1 specifies the name
510 of each “notify-xxx-default” attribute. The naming rules of IPP/1.1 (see [RFC2911]) are used.

511 If a client wishes to present an end user with a list of supported values from which to choose, the client
512 SHOULD query the Printer for its supported value attributes. The client SHOULD also query the
513 default value attributes. If the client then limits selectable values to only those values that are
514 supported, the client can guarantee that the values supplied by the client in the create request all fall
515 within the set of supported values at the Printer. When querying the Printer, the client MAY enumerate
516 each attribute by name in the Get-Printer-Attributes Request, or the client MAY just supply the
517 ‘subscription-template’ group name in order to get the complete set of supported attributes (both
518 supported and default attributes – [see section 11.2.3](#)).

519 **5.2 Rules for Processing Subscription Template Attributes**

520 This section defines a detailed set of rules that a Printer follows when it processes Subscription
521 Template Attributes in a Subscription Creation Request. These rules ~~for~~ are similar to the rules for
522 processing Operation attributes in [RFC2911]. That is, the Printer may or may not support an attribute
523 and a client may or may not supply the attribute. Some combinations of these cases are OK. Others
524 return warnings or errors, and perhaps a list of unsupported attributes.

525 A Printer MUST implement the following behavior for processing Subscription Template Attributes in a
526 Subscription Creation Request:

- 527 1. If a client supplies a “notify-xxx” attribute from column 1 of Table 1 and the Printer supports it and
528 its value, the Printer MUST populate the attribute on the created Subscription Object.
- 529 2. If a client supplies a “notify-xxx” attribute from column 1 of Table 1 and the Printer doesn’t support
530 it or its value, the Printer MUST NOT populate the attribute on the created Subscription Object
531 with it. The Printer MUST do one of the following:
- 532 a) If the value of the “notify-xxx” attribute is unsupported, the Printer MUST return the attribute
533 with its value in the Subscription Attributes Group of the response.
- 534 b) If “notify-xxx” is an unsupported attribute, the Printer MUST return the attribute in the
535 Subscription Attributes Group of the response with the ‘unsupported’ out-of-band value.
- 536 Note: The rules of this step are the same as for Unsupported Attributes [RFC2911] section 3.1.7.
537 except that the unsupported attributes are returned in the Subscription Attributes Group rather than
538 the Unsupported Attributes Group because Subscription Creation Operations can create more than
539 one Subscription Object).
- 540 3. If a client is REQUIRED to supply a “notify-xxx” attribute from column 1 of Table 1 and the Printer
541 doesn’t support the supplied value, the Printer MUST NOT create a Subscription Object. The rules
542 for Unsupported Attributes in step #2 still apply.
- 543 4. If a client does not supply a “notify-xxx” attribute from column 1 of Table 1 and the attribute is
544 REQUIRED for the client to supply, the Printer MUST reject the Subscription Creation Operation
545 (including Job Creation operations) without creating a Subscription Object, and MUST return in the
546 response:
- 547 c) the status code ‘client-error-bad-request’ AND
- 548 d) no Subscription Attribute Groups.
- 549 5. If a client does not supply a “notify-xxx” attribute from column 1 of Table 1 that is OPTIONAL for
550 the client to supply, and column 2 of Table 1 either:
- 551 a) specifies a “notify-xxx-default” attribute, the Printer MUST behave as if the client had supplied
552 the “notify-xxx-default” attribute (see step #1) and populate the Subscription object with the
553 value of the “notify-xxx-default” attribute as part of the Subscription Creation operation (unlike
554 Job Template attributes where the Printer does not populate the Job object with defaults – see
555 [RFC2911]) OR
- 556 b) does not specify a “notify-xxx-default” attribute, the Printer MUST populate the “notify-xxx”
557 attribute on the Subscription Object according to the definition of the “notify-xxx” attribute in a
558 section 5.3. For some attributes, the “notify-xxx” is populated with the value of some other
559 attribute, and for others, the “notify-xxx” is NOT populated on the Subscription object at all.
- 560 6. A Printer MUST create a Subscription Object for each Subscription Template Attributes group in a
561 request unless the Printer:

- 562 a) encounters some attributes in a Subscription Template Attributes Group that require the Printer
563 not to create the Subscription Object OR
- 564 b) would create a Per-Job Subscription Object when it doesn't have space for another Per-Job
565 Subscription Object OR
- 566 c) would create a Per-Printer Subscription Object when it doesn't have space for another Per-
567 Printer Subscription Object.
- 568 7. A response MUST contain one Subscription Attributes Group for each Subscription Template
569 Attributes Group in the request (and in the same order) whether the Printer creates a Subscription
570 Object from the Subscription Template Attributes Group or not. However, the attributes in each
571 Subscription Attributes Group can be in any order.
- 572 8. The Printer MUST populate each Subscription Attributes Group of the response such that each
573 contains:
- 574 a) the “notify-subscription-id” attribute (see section 5.4.1), if and only if the Printer creates a
575 Subscription Object.
- 576 b) the “notify-lease-duration” attribute (see section 5.3.7), if and only if the Printer creates a Per-
577 Printer Subscription Object. The value of this attribute is the value of the Subscription Object's
578 “notify-lease-duration” attribute. This value MAY be different from the client-supplied value
579 (see section 5.3.7). If a client supplies this attribute in the creation of a Per-Job Subscription
580 Object, it MUST appear in this group with the out-of-band value ‘unsupported’ to indicate that
581 the Printer doesn't support it in this context.
- 582 c) all of the unsupported Subscription Template Attributes from step #2. Note, they are not
583 returned in the Unsupported Attributes Group in order to separate the unsupported attributes
584 for each Subscription Object.
- 585 d) the “notify-status-code” attribute if the Printer does not create the Subscription Object or if
586 there are unsupported attributes from step #2. The possible values of the “notify-status-code”
587 attribute are shown below (see section 17 for more details). The Printer returns the first value in
588 the list below that describes the status.
- 589 ‘client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported’: the Subscription Object was not created because
590 the scheme of the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute is not supported. See section 17.1 for
591 more details about this status code. See step #3 in this section for the case that causes
592 this error, and the resulting step #6a) that causes the Printer not to create the
593 Subscription Object.
- 594 ‘client-error-too-many-subscriptions’: the Subscription Object was not created because the
595 Printer has no space for additional Subscription Objects. The client SHOULD try again
596 later. See section 17.2 for more details about this status code. See steps #6b) and #6c) in
597 this section for the cases that causes this error.

598 ‘successful-ok-too-many-events’: the Subscription Object was created without the “notify-
599 events” values included in this Subscription Attributes Group because the “notify-events”
600 attribute contains too many values. See section 17.3 for more details about this status
601 code. See step #2 in this section and section 5.3.2 for the cases that cause this status
602 code.

603 ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes’ : the Subscription Object was created but
604 some supplied Subscription Template Attributes are unsupported. These unsupported
605 attributes are also in the Subscription Attributes Group. See section 17.4 for more details
606 about this status code. See step #2 in this section for the cases that cause this status
607 code.

608 9. The Printer MUST validate all Subscription Template Attributes and MUST return all unsupported
609 attributes and values in the corresponding Subscription Attributes Group of the response (see step
610 #2) unless it determines that it could not create additional Subscription Objects because of condition
611 #6b) or condition #6c). Then, the Printer NEED NOT validate these additional Subscription
612 Template Attributes and the client MUST NOT expect to find unsupported attributes from step #2
613 in such additional Subscription Attribute Groups.

614 **5.3 Subscription Template Attributes**

615 This section contains the Subscription Template Attributes defined for the Subscription and Printer
616 objects.

617 Table 1 below shows the Subscription Template Attributes and has two columns:

- 618 - **Attribute in Subscription Object:** the name and attribute syntax of each Subscription Object
619 Attribute that is a Subscription Template Attribute
- 620 - **Default and Supported Printer Attributes:** the default attribute and supported Printer
621 attributes that are associated with the attribute in column 1.

622 A Printer MUST support all attributes in Table 1 below except for “notify-attributes” (and “notify-
623 attributes-supported”). A client MUST supply “notify-recipient-uri” and MAY omit any of the rest of
624 the attributes in column 1 of Table 1 in a Subscription Creation Request.

625 Note: The Default and Supported Printer attributes listed in column 2 of Table 1 do not have separate
626 sections in this specification defining their semantics. Instead, the section for the corresponding
627 Subscription Object attribute (column 1 of Table 1) contains the semantics of these Printer attributes.
628 This approach follows the precedence of the Job Template attributes in section 4.2 of [RFC2911] where
629 the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes are defined in the same section
630 as the “xxx” Job attribute.

631

Table 1 – Subscription Template Attributes

Attribute in Subscription Object	Default and Supported Printer Attributes
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	
notify-charset (charset)	charset-supported (1setOf charset)
notify-natural-languages (naturalLanguage)	generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:MAX))	notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863)) notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0: 67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	

632

633 **5.3.1 notify-recipient-uri (uri)**

634 This attribute's value is a URL, which is a special case of a URI. Its value consists of a scheme and an
 635 address. The address specifies the Notification Recipient and the scheme specifies the Delivery Method
 636 for each Event Notification associated with this Subscription Object.

637 A Printer MUST support this attribute and return the value as supplied by the client (no case conversion
 638 or other canonicalization) in any operation response that includes this attribute.

639 A client MUST supply this attribute in Subscription Creation Operation. Thus there is no need for a
 640 default Printer attribute.

641 The URI scheme of the value of this attribute on a Subscription object MUST be a value of the "notify-
 642 schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)" Printer attribute ~~MUST specify the schemes supported for this~~
 643 attribute. Note: According to [RFC1738RFC2396] the ":" terminates the scheme and so is not part of
 644 the scheme. Therefore, values of the is "notify-schemes-supported" Printer attribute do not include the
 645 ":" character.

646 If the client supplies an unsupported scheme in the value of this attribute, then the Printer MUST ~~not~~
 647 NOT create the Subscription Object and MUST return the "notify-status-code" attribute with the
 648 'client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported' value in the Subscription Attributes Group in the response.

649 The Printer MUST treat the address part of this attribute as opaque.

650 5.3.2 notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)

651 This attribute contains a set of Subscribed Events. When an Event occurs and it “matches” a value of
652 this attribute, the Printer sends an Event Notification using information in the Subscription Object. The
653 details of “matching” are described subsection 5.3.2.2.

654 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

655 A client MAY supply this attribute in a Subscription Creation Operation. If the client does not supply
656 this attribute in Subscription Creation Operation, the Printer MUST populate this attribute on the
657 Subscription Object with its “notify-events-default” attribute value.

658 Each keyword value of this attribute on a Subscription Object MUST be one-of-the-a values of the
659 “notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)” Printer attribute.

660 The number of values of this attribute MUST NOT exceed the value of the “notify-max-events-
661 supported” attribute. A Printer MUST support at least 2 values per Subscription Object. If the number
662 of values supplied by a client in a Subscription Creation Operation exceeds the value of this attribute,
663 the Printer MUST treat extra values as unsupported values and MUST use the value of ‘successful-ok-
664 too-many-events’ for the “notify-status-code” attribute in the Subscription Attributes Group of the
665 response.

666 5.3.2.1 Standard Values for Subscribed Events

667 Each value of this attribute is a keyword and it specifies a Subscribed Event that represents certain
668 changes. Some keywords represent a subset of changes of another keyword, e.g., ‘job-completed’ is an
669 Event value which is a sub-value of ‘job-state-change’. See section 5.3.2.2 for the case where this
670 attribute contains both a value and a sub-value.

671 The values in this section are divided into three categories: No Events, Job Events and Printer Events.

672 A Printer MUST support the Events indicated as “REQUIRED” and MAY support the Events indicated
673 as “OPTIONAL”.

674 5.3.2.1.1 No Events

675 The standard and only keyword value for No Events is:

676 **‘none’**: REQUIRED – no Event Notifications for any Events. As the sole value of “notify-events-
677 supported”, this value means that the Printer does not support the sending of Event Notifications.
678 As the sole value of “notify-events-default”, this value means that a client MUST specify the
679 “notify-events” attribute in order for a Subscription Creation Operation to succeed. If the Printer
680 receives this value as the sole value of a Subscription Creation Operation, it does not create a
681 Subscription Object. If a Printer receives this value with other values of a Subscription Creation
682 Operation, the Printer MUST treat this value as an unsupported value.

683 **5.3.2.1.2 Subscribed Printer Events**

684 The standard keyword values for Subscribed Printer Events are:

685 **‘printer-state-changed’**: REQUIRED – the Printer changed state from any state to any other state.
686 Specifically, the value of the Printer’s “printer-state”, “printer-state-reasons” or “printer-is-
687 accepting-jobs” attributes changed.

688
689 This Subscribed Event value has the following sub-values: ‘printer-restarted’ and ‘printer-
690 shutdown’. A client can listen for any of these sub-values if it doesn’t want to listen to all printer-
691 state changes:

692 **‘printer-restarted’**: OPTIONAL – when the printer is powered up .

693 **‘printer-shutdown’**: OPTIONAL – when the device is being powered down .

694 **‘printer-stopped’**: REQUIRED – when the printer stops printing, i.e. the value of the
695 “printer-state” Printer attribute becomes ‘stopped’.

696 **‘printer-config-changed’**: OPTIONAL – when the configuration of a Printer has changed, i.e., the
697 value of the “printer-message-from-operator” or any “configuration” Printer attribute has changed.
698 A “configuration” Printer attribute is an attribute which can change value because of some human
699 interaction either direct or indirect, and which is not covered by one of the other Events in this
700 section. Examples of “configuration” Printer attributes are any of the Job Template attributes, such
701 as “xxx-supported”, “xxx-ready” and “xxx-default”. Often, such a change is the result of a client
702 performing a Set-Printer-Attributes operation (see [ipp-set]) on the Printer. The client has to
703 perform a Get-Printer-Attributes to find out the new values of these changed attributes. This Event
704 is useful for GUI clients and drivers to update the available printer capabilities to the user.

705
706 This Event value has the following sub-values: ‘printer-media-changed’ and ‘printer-finishings-
707 changed’. A client can listen for any of these sub-values if it doesn’t want to listen to all printer-
708 configuration changes:

709 **‘printer-media-changed’**: OPTIONAL – when the media loaded on a printer has been
710 changed, i.e., the “media-ready” attribute has changed. This Event includes two cases:
711 an input tray that goes empty and an input tray that receives additional media of the same
712 type or of a different type. The client must check the “media-ready” Printer attribute
713 (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.11) separately to find out what changed.

714 **‘printer-finishings-changed’**: OPTIONAL – when the finisher on a printer has been
715 changed, i.e., the “finishings-ready” attribute has changed. This Event includes two
716 cases: a finisher that goes empty and a finisher that is refilled (even if it is not full). The
717 client must check the “finishings-ready” Printer attribute separately to find out what
718 changed.

719 **‘printer-queue-order-changed’**: OPTIONAL – the order of jobs in the Printer’s queue has changed,
720 so that an application that is monitoring the queue can perform a Get-Jobs operation to determine
721 the new order. This Event does not include when a job enters the queue (the ‘job-created’ Event
722 covers that) and does not include when a job leaves the queue (the ‘job-completed’ Event covers
723 that).

724 5.3.2.1.3 Subscribed Job Events

725 The standard keyword values for Subscribed Job Events are:

726 **‘job-state-changed’**: REQUIRED – the job has changed from any state to any other state.
727 Specifically, the Printer sends this Event whenever the value of the “job-state” attribute or “job-
728 state-reasons” attribute changes. When a Job is removed from the Job Retention or Job History
729 phases (see [RFC2911] section 4.3.7.1), no Event is generated.

730
731 This Event value has the following sub-values: ‘job-created’, ‘job-completed’ and ‘job-stopped’. A
732 client can listen for any of these sub-values if it doesn’t want to listen to all ‘job-state changes’.

733 **‘job-created’**: REQUIRED – the Printer has accepted a Job Creation operation, a Restart-
734 Job operation [RFC2911], or any job operation that creates a Job object from an existing
735 Job object. The Printer sets and the job’s “time-at-creation” attribute value is set (see
736 [RFC2911] section 4.3.14.1). The Printer puts the job in the ‘pending’, ‘pending-held’
737 or ‘processing’ states.-

738 **‘job-completed’**: REQUIRED – the job has reached one of the completed states, i.e., the
739 value of the job’s “job-state” attribute has changed to: ‘completed’, ‘aborted’, or
740 ‘canceled’. The Job’s “time-at-completed” and “date-time-at-completed” (if supported)
741 attributes are set (see [RFC2911] section 4.3.14).- When a Job completes, a Notification
742 Recipient MAY query the Job using the Get-Job-Attributes operation. To allow such a
743 query, the Printer retains the Job in the Job Retention and/or the Job History phases (see
744 [RFC2911] section 4.3.7.1) for a suitable amount of time that depends on
745 implementation and the Delivery Methods supported. The Printer also sends this Event
746 when a Job is removed with the Purge-Job operation (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.9). In
747 this case, the Event Notification MUST report the ‘job-state’ as ‘canceled’ and the Job
748 object is no longer present for query.

749 **‘job-stopped’**: OPTIONAL – when the job stops printing, i.e. the value of the “job-state”
750 Job attribute becomes ‘processing-stopped’.

751 **‘job-config-changed’**: OPTIONAL – when the configuration of a job has changed, i.e., the value of
752 the “job-message-from-operator” or any of the “configuration” Job attributes have changed. A
753 “configuration” Job attribute is an attribute that can change value because of some human
754 interaction either direct or indirect. Examples of “configuration” Job attributes are any of the job
755 template attributes and the “job-name” attribute. Often, such a change is the result of the user or
756 the Operator performing a Set-Job-Attributes operation (see [ipp-set]) on the Job object. The

757 client performs a Get-Job-Attributes to find out the new values of the changed attributes. This
758 Event is useful for GUI clients and drivers to update the job information to the user.

759 **'job-progress'**: OPTIONAL – when the Printer has completed Printing a sheet. See the separate [ipp-
760 prog] specification for additional attributes that a Printer MAY send in an Event Notification
761 caused by this Event. The “notify-time-interval” attribute affects this Event by causing the Printer
762 NOT to send an Event Notification every time a ‘job-progress’ Events occurs. See section 5.3.8 for
763 full details.

764 **5.3.2.2 Rules for Matching of Subscribed Events**

765 When an Event occurs, the Printer MUST find each Subscription object whose “notify-events” attribute
766 “matches” the Event. The rules for “matching” of Subscribed Events are described separately for
767 Printer Events and for Job Events. This section also describes some special cases.

768 **5.3.2.2.1 Rules for Matching of Printer Events**

769 Suppose that the Printer causes Printer Event E to occur. For each Per-Job or Per-Printer Subscription
770 S in the Printer, if E equals a value of this attribute in S or E is a sub-value of a value of this attribute in
771 S, the Printer MUST generate an Event Notification.

772 Consider the example. There are three Subscription Objects each with the Subscribed Printer Event
773 ‘printer-state-changed’. Subscription Object A is a Per-Printer Subscription Object. Subscription Object
774 B is a Per-Job Subscription Object for Job 1, and Subscription Object C is a Per-Job Subscription
775 Object for Job 2. When the Printer enters the ‘stopped’ state, the Printer sends an Event Notification to
776 the Notification Recipients of Subscription Objects A, B, and C because this is a Printer Event. Note if
777 Job 1 has already completed, the Printer would not send an Event Notification for its Subscription
778 Object, even if Job 1 is retained in the Job Retention and/or the Job History phases (see [RFC2911]
779 section 4.3.7.1).

780 **5.3.2.2.2 Rules for Matching of Job Events**

781 Suppose that Job J causes Job Event E to occur.

- 782 1. For each Per-Printer Subscription S in the Printer, if E equals a value of this attribute in S or E is
783 a sub-value of a value of this attribute in S, the Printer MUST generate an Event Notification.
- 784 2. For each Per-Job Subscription S associated with Job J, if E equals a value of this attribute in S or
785 E is a sub-value of a value of this attribute in S, the Printer MUST generate an Event
786 Notification.
- 787 3. For each Per-Job Subscription S that is NOT associated Job J, if E equals a value of this attribute
788 in S or E is a sub-value of a value of this attribute in, the Printer MUST NOT generate an Event
789 Notification from S.

790 Consider the example: There are three Subscription Objects listening for the Job Event ‘job-completed’.
791 Subscription Object A is a Per-Printer Subscription Object. Subscription Object B is a Per-Job
792 Subscription Object for Job 1, and Subscription Object C is a Per-Job Subscription Object for Job 2. In
793 addition, Per-Printer Subscription Object D is listening for the Job Event ‘job-state-changed’. When Job
794 1 completes, the Printer sends an Event Notification to the Notification Recipient of Subscription
795 Object A (because it is Per-Printer) and Subscription Object B because it is a Per-Job Subscription
796 Object associated with the Job generating the Event. The Printer also sends an Event Notification to
797 the Notification Recipient of Subscription Object D because ‘job-completed’ is a sub-value of ‘job-
798 state-changed’ – the value that Subscription Object D is listening for. The Printer does not send an
799 Event Notification to the Notification Recipients of Subscription Object C because it is a Per-Job
800 Subscription Object associated with some Job other than the Job generating the Event.

801 **5.3.2.2.3 Special Cases for Matching Rules**

802 This section contains rule for special cases.

803 If an Event matches Subscribed Events in two different Subscription Objects and the Printer would send
804 two identical Event Notifications (except for the “notify-subscription-id” attribute) to the same
805 Notification Recipient using the same Delivery Method, the Printer **MUST** send both Event
806 Notifications. That is, the Printer **MUST NOT** try to consolidate seemingly identical Event Notifications
807 that occur in separate Subscription objects. Incidentally, the Printer **MUST NOT** reject Subscription
808 Creation Operations that would create this scenario.

809 If an Event matches two values of this “notify-events” attribute in a single Subscription object (e.g., a
810 value and its sub-value), a Printer **MAY** send one Event Notification for each matched value in the
811 Subscription Object or it **MAY** send only one Event Notification per Subscription Object. The rules in
812 sections 5.3.2.2.1 and 5.3.2.2.2 are purposefully ambiguous about the number of Event Notification
813 sent when Event E matches two or more values in a Subscription Object.

814 Consider the example: There are two Per-Printer Subscription Objects when a Job completes.
815 Subscription Object A has the Subscribed Job Event ‘job-state-changed’. Subscription Object B has the
816 Subscribed Job Events ‘job-state-changed’ and ‘job-completed’. The Printer sends an Event
817 Notification to the Notification Recipient of Subscription Object A with the value of ‘job-state-
818 changed’ for the “notify-subscribing-event” attribute. The Printer sends either one or two Event
819 Notifications to the Notification Recipient of Subscription Object B, depending on implementation. If it
820 sends two Event Notifications, one has the value of ‘job-state-changed’ for the “notify-subscribing-
821 event” attribute, and the other has the value of ‘job-completed’ for the “notify-subscribing-event”
822 attribute. If it sends one Event Notification, it has the value of either ‘job-state-changed’ or ‘job-
823 completed’ for the “notify-subscribing-event” attribute, depending on implementation. The algorithm for
824 choosing such a value is implementation dependent.

825 **5.3.3 notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)**

826 This attribute contains a set of attribute names. When a Printer sends a Machine Consumable Event
827 Notification, it includes a fixed set of attributes (see section 9.1). If this attribute is present and the
828 Event Notification is Machine Consumable, the Printer also includes the attributes specified by this
829 attribute.

830 A Printer MAY support this attribute.

831 A client MAY supply this attribute in a Subscription Creation Operation. If the client does not supply
832 this attribute in Subscription Creation Operation or the Printer does not support this attribute, the
833 Subscription Object either (1) MUST NOT MAY contain the “notify-attributes” attribute with a ‘none’
834 value or (2) NEED NOT contain the attribute at all. There is no “notify-attributes-default” Printer
835 attribute.

836 Each keyword value of this attribute on a Subscription Object MUST be a value of the “notify-
837 attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)” Printer attribute. The “notify-attributes-supported”
838 MAY contain any Printer attribute, Job attribute or Subscription Object attribute that the Printer
839 supports in an Event Notification. It MUST NOT contain any of the attributes in Section 9.1 that a
840 Printer automatically puts in an Event Notification; it would be redundant. If a client supplies an
841 attribute in Section 9.1, the Printer MUST treat it as an unsupported attribute value of the “notify-
842 attributes” attribute.

843 The following rules apply to each keyword value N of the “notify-attributes” attribute: If the value N
844 names:

- 845 a) a Subscription attribute, the Printer MUST use the attribute N in the Subscription Object that is
846 being used to generate the Event Notification.
- 847 b) a Job attribute and the Printer is generating an Event Notification from a Per-Job Subscription
848 Object S, the Printer MUST use the attribute N in the Job object associated with S.
- 849 c) a Job attribute and the Printer is generating an Event Notification from a Per-Printer Subscription
850 Object and the Event is:
- 851 • a Job Event, the Printer MUST use the attribute N in the Job object that caused the Event.
 - 852 • a Printer Event, the Printer MUST use the attribute N in the active Job.

853 If a Printer supports this attribute and a Subscription Object contains this attribute and the Delivery
854 Method generates a Machine Consumable Event Notification, the Printer MUST include in each Event
855 Notification:

- 856 a) the attributes specified in section 9.1 and
- 857 b) each attribute named by this attribute.

858 The Printer MUST NOT use this attribute to generate a Human Consumable Event Notification.

859 **5.3.4 notify-user-data (octetString(63))**

860 This attribute contains opaque data that some Delivery Methods include in each Machine Consumable
861 Event Notification. The opaque data might contain, for example:

- 862 - the identity of the Subscriber
- 863 - a path or index to some Subscriber information
- 864 - a key that identifies to the Notification Recipient the ultimate recipient of the Event
865 Notification
- 866 - the id for a Notification Recipient that had previously registered with an Instant Messaging
867 Service

868 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

869 A client MAY supply this attribute in a Subscription Creation Operation. If the client does not supply
870 this attribute in the Subscription Creation Operation, the Subscription Object either (1) MUST NOT
871 MAY contain the “notify-user-data” attribute with a zero length value or (2) NEED NOT contain the
872 attribute at all. There is no “notify-user-data-default” Printer attribute.

873 There is no “notify-user-data-supported” Printer attribute. Rather, any octetString whose length does
874 not exceed 63 octets is a supported value. If the length exceeds 63 octets, the Printer MUST treat it as
875 an unsupported value.

876 **5.3.5 notify-charset (charset)**

877 This attribute specifies the charset to be used in the Event Notification content sent to the Notification
878 Recipient, whether the Event Notification content is Machine Consumable or Human Consumable.

879 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

880 A client MAY supply this attribute in a Subscription Creation Operation. If the client does not supply
881 this attribute in Subscription Creation Operation or supplies an unsupported value, the Printer MUST
882 populate this attribute in the Subscription Object with the value of the “attributes-charset” operation
883 attribute, which is a REQUIRED attribute in all IPP requests (see [RFC2911]). If the value of the
884 “attributes-charset” attribute is unsupported, the Printer MUST populate this attribute in the
885 Subscription Object with the value of the Printer’s “charset-configured” attribute. There is no “notify-
886 charset-default” Printer attribute.

887 The value of this attribute on a Subscription Object MUST be a value of the “charset-supported (1setOf
888 charset)” Printer attribute.

889 **5.3.6 notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)**

890 This attribute specifies the natural language to be used in any human consumable text in the Event
891 Notification content sent to the Notification Recipient, whether the Event Notification content is
892 Machine Consumable or Human Consumable.

893 A Printer **MUST** support this attribute.

894 A client **MAY** supply this attribute in a Subscription Creation Operation. If the client does not supply
895 this attribute in Subscription Creation Operation or supplies an unsupported value, the Printer **MUST**
896 populate this attribute in the Subscription Object with the value of the “attributes-natural-language”
897 operation attribute, which is a **REQUIRED** attribute in all IPP requests (see [RFC2911]). If the value of
898 the “attributes-natural-language” attribute is unsupported, the Printer **MUST** populate this attribute in
899 the Subscription Object with the value of the Printer’s “natural-language-configured” attribute. There is
900 no “notify-natural-language-default” [Printer](#) attribute.

901 The value of this attribute on a Subscription Object **MUST** be a value of the “generated-natural-
902 language-supported (1setOf type2 naturalLanguage)” [Printer](#) attribute.

903 **5.3.7 notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))**

904 This attribute specifies the duration of the lease (in seconds) associated with the Per-Printer
905 Subscription Object at the time the Subscription Object was created or the lease was renewed. The
906 duration of the lease is infinite if the value is 0, i.e., the lease never expires. See section 5.4.3 on
907 “notify-lease-expiration-time (integer(0:MAX))” for more details.

908 This attribute is not present on a Per-Job Subscription Object because the Subscription Object lasts
909 exactly as long as the associated Job object. [See discussion of the ‘job-completed’ event in section](#)
910 [5.3.2.1.3 about retention of the Job object after completion.](#)

911 A Printer **MUST** support this attribute.

912 For a Subscription Object Creation operation of a Per-Job Subscription Object, the client **MUST NOT**
913 supply this attribute. If the client does supply this attribute, the Printer **MUST** treat it as an unsupported
914 attribute.

915 For a Subscription Creation Operation of a Per-Printer Subscription Object or a Renew-Subscription
916 operation, a client **MAY** supply this attribute. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer
917 **MUST** populate this attribute with its “notify-lease-duration-default” (0:67108863) attribute value. If
918 the client supplies this attribute with an unsupported value, the Printer **MUST** populate this attribute
919 with a supported value, and this value **SHOULD** be as close as possible to the value requested by the
920 client. Note: this rule implies that a Printer doesn’t assign the value of 0 (infinite) unless the client
921 requests it.

922 After the Printer has populated this attribute with a supported value, the value represents the “granted
923 duration” of the lease in seconds and the Printer sets the value of the Subscription Object’s “notify-
924 lease-expiration-time” attribute as specified in section 5.4.3.

925 The value of this attribute on a Subscription Object MUST be a value of the “notify-lease-duration-
926 supported” (1setOf (integer(0:67108863) | rangeOfInteger(0:67108863))) Printer attribute.

927 A Printer MAY require authentication in order to return the value of 0 (the lease never expires) as one
928 of the values of “notify-lease-duration-supported”, and to allow 0 as a value of the “notify-lease-
929 duration” attribute.

930 Note: The maximum value 67,108,863 is 2 raised to the 26 power minus 1 and is about 2 years in
931 seconds. The value is considerably less than MAX so that there is virtually no chance of an overflow
932 when it is added to “printer-up-time” to produce “notify-lease-expiration-time”.

933 **5.3.8 notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))**

934 The ‘job-progress’ Event occurs each time that a Printer completes a sheet. Some Notification
935 Recipients do not want to receive an Event Notification every time this Event occurs. This attribute
936 allows a Subscribing Client to request how often it wants to receive Event Notifications for ‘job-
937 progress’ Events. The value of this attribute MAY be any nonnegative integer (0,MAX) indicating the
938 minimum number of seconds between ‘job-progress’ Event Notifications.

939 The Printer MUST support this attribute if and only if the Printer supports the ‘job-progress’ Event.

940 A client MAY supply this attribute in a Subscription Creation Operation. If the client does not supply
941 this attribute in the Subscription Creation Operation, the Subscription Object either (1) MAY contain
942 the “notify-time-interval” attribute with a ‘0’ value or (2) NEED NOT contain this attribute at all.
943 Printer MUST not populate this attribute on the Subscription Object. There is no “notify-time-interval-
944 default” Printer attribute.

945 There is no “notify-time-interval-supported” Printer attribute.

946 If the ‘job-progress’ Event occurs and a Subscription Object contains the ‘job-progress’ Event as a
947 value of the ‘notify-events’ attribute, there are two cases to consider:

948 1. This attribute is not present on the Subscription Object or has the value of 0. The Printer MUST
949 generate and send an Event Notification (as is the case with other Events).

950 2. This attribute is present with a nonzero value of N:

951 a) If the Printer has not sent an Event Notification for the ‘job-progress’ Event for the associated
952 Subscription Object within the past N seconds, the Printer MUST send an Event Notification for
953 the Event that just occurred. Note when the Printer completes the first page of a Job, this rule
954 implies that the Printer sends an Event Notification for a Per-Job Subscription Objects.

978 The Printer ~~SHOULD NOT~~**MAY** assign the value of this attribute sequentially as it creates Subscription
979 Objects. However, if there is no security on Subscription objects, Squential assignment exposes the
980 system to a passive traffic monitoring threat~~makes it easy for rogue clients to guess the value of this~~
981 ~~attribute on other Subscription Objects.~~

982 The Printer SHOULD avoid re-using recent values of this attribute during continuous operation of the
983 Printer as well as across power cycles. Then a Subscribing Client is unlikely to find that a stale reference
984 accesses a new Subscription Object.

985 The 0 value is not permitted in order to allow for compatibility with “job-id” and with SNMP index
986 values, which also cannot be 0.

987 **5.4.2 notify-sequence-number (integer (0:MAX))**

988 The value of this attribute indicates the number of times that the Printer has generated and attempted to
989 send an Event Notification for this Subscription object. When an Event Notification contains this
990 attribute, the Notification Recipient can determine whether it missed some Event Notifications (i.e.,
991 numbers skipped) or received duplicates (i.e., same number twice).

992 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

993 When the Printer creates a Subscription Object, it MUST set the value of this attribute to 0. This value
994 indicates that the Printer has not sent any Event Notifications for this Subscription Object.

995 Each time the Printer sends a newly generated Event Notification, it MUST increase the value of this
996 attribute by 1. For some Delivery Methods, the Printer MUST include this attribute in each Event
997 Notification, and the value MUST be the value after it is increased by 1. That is, the value of this
998 attribute in the first Event Notification after Subscription object creation MUST be 1, the second
999 MUST be 2, etc. If a Delivery Method is defined such that the Notification Recipient returns a
1000 response, the Printer can re-try sending an Event Notification a certain number of times with the same
1001 sequence number when the Notification Recipient fails to return a response.

1002 If a Subscription Object lasts long enough to reach the value of MAX, its next value MUST be 0, i.e., it
1003 wraps.

1004 **5.4.3 notify-lease-expiration-time (integer(0:MAX))**

1005 This attribute specifies the time in the future when the lease on the Per-Printer Subscription Object will
1006 expire, i.e. the “printer-up-time” value at which the lease will expire. If the value is 0, the lease never
1007 expires.

1008 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

1009 When the Printer creates a Per-Job Subscription Object, this attribute MUST NOT be present – the
1010 Subscription Object lasts exactly as long as the associated Job object. See also the discussion of the

1011 'job-completed' event in section 5.3.2.1.3 about retention of the Job object after completion so that a
1012 Notification Recipient can query the Job object after receiving the 'job-completed' Event Notification.

1013 When the Printer creates a Per-Printer Subscription Object, it populates this attribute with a value that is
1014 the sum of the values of the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute and the Subscription Object's "notify-
1015 lease-duration" attribute with the following exception. If the value of the Subscription Object's "notify-
1016 lease-duration" attribute is 0 (i.e., no expiration time), then the value of this attribute MUST be set to 0
1017 (i.e., no expiration time).

1018 When the Printer powers up, it MUST set the value of this attribute in each persistent Subscription
1019 Object using the algorithm in the previous paragraph.

1020 When the "printer-up-time" equals the value of this attribute, the Printer MUST delete the Subscription
1021 Object. A client can extend a lease of a Per-Printer Subscription Object with the Renew-Subscription
1022 operation (see section 11.2.6).

1023 Note: In order to compute the number of seconds remaining in a lease for a Per-Printer Subscription
1024 Object, a client can subtract the Subscription's "notify-printer-up-time" attribute (see section 5.4.4)
1025 from the Subscription's "notify-lease-expiration-time" attribute.

1026 **5.4.4 notify-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))**

1027 This attribute is an alias for the Printer's "printer-up-time" attribute " (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.29).
1028 In other words, when this attribute is queried with the Get-Subscriptions or Get-Subscription-Attributes
1029 operations (see sections 11.2.4 and 11.2.5), the value returned is the current value of the Printer's
1030 "printer-up-time" attribute, rather than the time at which the Subscription Object was created.

1031 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

1032 When the Printer creates a Per-Job Subscription Object, this attribute MUST NOT be present. When
1033 the Printer creates a Per-Printer Subscription Object, this attribute MUST be present.

1034 Note: this attribute exists in a Per-Printer Subscription Object so that a client using the Get-
1035 Subscription-Attributes or Get-Subscription operations can convert the Per-Printer Subscription's
1036 "notify-lease-expiration-time" attribute to wall clock time with one request. If the value of the "notify-
1037 lease-expiration-time" attribute is not 0 (i.e., no expiration time), then the difference between the
1038 "notify-lease-expiration-time" attribute and the "notify-printer-up-time" is the remaining number of
1039 seconds on the lease from the current time.

1040 **5.4.5 notify-printer-uri (uri)**

1041 This attribute identifies the Printer object that created this Subscription Object.

1042 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

1043 During a Subscription Creation Operation, the Printer MUST populate this attribute with the value of
1044 the “printer-uri” operation attribute in the request. From the Printer URI, the client can, for example,
1045 determine what security scheme was used.

1046 **5.4.6 notify-job-id (integer(1:MAX))**

1047 This attribute specifies whether the containing Subscription Object is a Per-Job or Per-Printer
1048 Subscription Object, and for Per-Job Subscription Objects, it specifies the associated Job.

1049 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

1050 If this attribute is not present, the Subscription Object MUST be a Per-Printer Subscription. If this
1051 attribute is present, the Subscription Object MUST be a Per-Job Subscription Object and this attribute
1052 MUST identify the Job with which the Subscription Object is associated.

1053 Note: This attribute could be useful to a Notification Recipient that receives an Event Notification
1054 generated from a Per-Job Subscription Object and caused by a Printer Event. The Event Notification
1055 gives access to the Printer and the Subscription Object. The Event Notification gives access to the
1056 associated Job only via this attribute. [See discussion of the ‘job-completed’ event in section 5.3.2.1.3](#)
1057 [about retention of the Job object after completion so that a Notification Recipient can query the Job](#)
1058 [object after receiving the ‘job-completed’ Event Notification.](#)

1059 **5.4.7 notify-subscriber-user-name (name(MAX))**

1060 This attribute contains the name of the user who performed the Subscription Creation Operation.

1061 A Printer MUST support this attribute.

1062 The Printer sets this attribute to the most authenticated printable name that it can obtain from the
1063 authentication service over which the Subscription Creation Operation was received. The Printer uses
1064 the same mechanism for determining the value of this attribute as it does for a Job’s “job-originating-
1065 user-name” (see [RFC2911] section 4.3.6).

1066 Note: To help with authentication, a Subscription Object may have additional private attributes about
1067 the user, e.g., a credential of a principal. Such private attributes are implementation-dependent and not
1068 defined in this document.

1069 **6 Printer Description Attributes Related to Notification**

1070 This section defines the Printer Description attributes that are related to Notification. Table 3 lists the
1071 Printer Description attributes, indicates the Printer support required for conformance, and whether or
1072 not the attribute is READ-ONLY (see section 3.1):

1073 **Table 3 – Printer Description Attributes Associated with Notification**

Printer object attributes:	REQUIRED	READ-ONLY
printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	No	Yes
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	No	Yes

1074

1075 **6.1 printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))**

1076 This **OPTIONAL** attribute records the most recent time at which the ‘printer-state-changed’ Printer
 1077 Event occurred whether or not any Subscription objects were listening for this event. This attribute
 1078 helps a client or operator to determine how long the Printer has been in its current state.

1079 A Printer MAY support this attribute and if so, the attribute MUST be READ-ONLY.

1080 On power-up, the Printer MUST set the value of this attribute to be the value of its “printer-up-time”
 1081 attribute, so that it always has a value. Whenever the ‘printer-state-changed’ Printer Event occurs, the
 1082 Printer MUST set this attribute to the value of the Printer’s “printer-up-time” attribute.

1083 **6.2 printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)**

1084 This **OPTIONAL** attribute records the most recent time at which the ‘printer-state-changed’ Printer
 1085 Event occurred whether or not there were any Subscription Objects listening for this event. This
 1086 attribute helps a client or operator to determine how long the Printer has been in its current state.

1087 A Printer MAY support this attribute and if so, the attribute MUST be READ-ONLY.

1088 On power-up, the Printer MUST set the value of this attribute to be the value of its “printer-current-
 1089 time” attribute, so that it always has a value (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.30 on “printer-current-time”).
 1090 Whenever the ‘printer-state-changed’ Printer Event occurs, the Printer MUST set this attribute to the
 1091 value of the Printer’s “printer-current-time” attribute.

1092 **7 New Values for Existing Printer Description Attributes**

1093 This section contains those attributes for which additional values are added.

1094 **7.1 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)**

1095 The following “operation-id” values are added in order to support the new operations defined in this
 1096 document:

1097

Table 4 – Operation-id assignments

Value	Operation Name
0x0016	Create-Printer-Subscriptions
0x0017	Create-Job-Subscriptions
0x0018	Get-Subscription-Attributes
0x0019	Get-Subscriptions
0x001A	Renew-Subscription
0x001B	Cancel-Subscription

1098 **8 Attributes Only in Event Notifications**

1099 This section contains those attributes that exist only in Event Notifications and do not exist in any
1100 objects.

1101 **8.1 notify-subscribed-event (type2 keyword)**

1102 This attribute indicates the Subscribed Event that caused the Printer to send this Event Notification.
1103 This attribute exists only in Event Notifications.

1104 This attribute **MUST** contain one of the values of the “notify-events” attribute in the Subscription
1105 Object, i.e., one of the Subscribed Event values. Its value is the Subscribed Event that “matches” the
1106 Event that caused the Printer to send this Event Notification. This Subscribed Event value may be
1107 identical to the Event or the Event may be a sub-value of the Subscribed Event. For example, the ‘job-
1108 completed’ Event (which is a sub-event of the ‘job-state-changed’ event) would cause the Printer to
1109 send an Event Notification for either the ‘job-completed’ or ‘job-state-changed’ Subscribed Events and
1110 to send the ‘job-completed’ or ‘job-state-changed’ value for this attribute, respectively,. See section
1111 5.3.2.2 for the “matching” rules of Subscribed Events and for additional examples.

1112 The Delivery Method Document specifies whether the Printer includes the value of this attribute in an
1113 Event Notification.

1114 **8.2 notify-text (text(MAX))**

1115 This attribute contains a Human Consumable text message (see section 9.2). This message describes the
1116 Event and is encoded as plain text, i.e., ‘text/plain’ with the charset specified by Subscription Object’s
1117 “notify-charset” attribute.

1118 The Delivery Method Document specifies whether the Printer includes this attribute in an Event
1119 Notification.

1120 9 Event Notification Content

1121 This section defines the Event Notification content that the Printer sends when an Event occurs.

1122 When an Event occurs, the Printer MUST find each Subscription object whose “notify-events” attribute
1123 “matches” the Event. See section 5.3.2.2 for details on “matching”. For each matched Subscription
1124 Object, the Printer MUST create an Event Notification with the content and format that the Delivery
1125 Method Document specifies. The content contains the value of attributes specified by the Delivery
1126 Method Document. The Printer obtains the values immediately after the Event occurs. For example, if
1127 the “printer-state” attribute changes from ‘idle’ to ‘processing’, the Event ‘printer-state-changed’
1128 occurs and the Printer puts various attributes into the Event Notification, including “printer-up-time”
1129 and “printer-state” with the values that they have immediately after the Event occurs, i.e., the value of
1130 “printer-state” is ‘processing’.

1131 Event Notification Ordering:

1132 When a Printer sends Event Notifications, the Event Notifications from any given Subscription Object
1133 MUST be in time stamp order, i.e., in order of increasing “printer-up-time” attribute value in the Event
1134 Notification (see Table 5). These Event Notifications MAY be interleaved with those from other
1135 Subscription Objects, as long as those others are also in time stamp order. The Printer MUST observe
1136 these ordering requirements whether sending multiple pending Events as multiple separate Event
1137 Notifications or together in a single Compound Event Notification.

1138 If a Subscribing Client wants the Printer to send certain Event Notifications in time stamp order, the
1139 Subscribing Client uses a single Subscription Object. Even so, depending on the underlying transport,
1140 the actual order that a Notification Recipient receives separate Event Notifications may differ from the
1141 order sent by the Printer (e.g., email).

1142 Example: Consider two Per-Printer Subscription Objects: SO1 and SO2. SO1 requests ‘job-state-
1143 changed’ events and SO2 requests ‘printer-state-changed’ events. The number in parens is the time
1144 stamp. The following Event Notification sequences are the only ones that conform to the ordering
1145 requirements for the Printer to send the Event Notifications:

1146 (a) SO1: ‘job-created’ (1000), SO1: ‘job-stopped’ (1005), SO1: ‘job-completed’ (1009), SO2: ‘printer-
1147 stopped’ (1005)

1148 (b) SO1: ‘job-created’ (1000), SO1: ‘job-stopped’ (1005), SO2: ‘printer-stopped’ (1005), SO1: ‘job-
1149 completed’ (1009)

1150 (c) SO1: ‘job-created’ (1000), SO2: ‘printer-stopped’ (1005), SO1: ‘job-stopped’ (1005), SO1: ‘job-
1151 completed’ (1009)

1152 (d) SO2: ‘printer-stopped (1005), SO1: ‘job-created’ (1000), SO1: ‘job-stopped’ (1005), SO1: ‘job-
1153 completed’ (1009)

1154 Examples (b) and (c) are interleaved; examples (a) and (d) are not interleaved and are not appropriate
1155 for some Delivery Methods.

1156 If two different Events occur simultaneously, or nearly so (e.g., “printer-up-time” has the same value for
1157 both), the Printer MUST create a separate Event Notification for each Event, even if the associated
1158 Subscription Object is the same for both Events. However, the Printer MAY combine these distinct
1159 Event Notifications into a single Compound Event Notification if the Delivery Method supports
1160 Compound Event Notifications. For example, suppose that two nearly-simultaneously Events represent
1161 two successive ‘printer-state-changed’ Events, one from ‘idle’ to ‘processing’ and another from
1162 ‘processing’ to ‘stopped’. These two Events have the same name but are different instances of the
1163 Event. Then the Printer MUST create a separate Event Notification for each Event and SHOULD
1164 accurately report the “printer-state” of the first Event as ‘processing’ and the second Event as
1165 ‘stopped’.

1166 If a Subscription Object contains more than one Subscribed Event, and several Events occur in quick
1167 succession each matching a different Subscribed Event in the Subscription Object, the Printer MUST
1168 NOT generate a single Event Notification from several of these Events, but MAY combine distinct
1169 Event Notifications into a single Compound Event Notification if the Delivery Method supports
1170 Compound Event Notifications.

1171 After the Printer has created the Event Notification, the Printer delivers it via either a:

1172 Push Delivery Method: The Printer sends the Event Notification shortly after an Event occurs.
1173 For some Push Delivery Methods, the Notification Recipient MUST send a response; for others
1174 it MUST NOT send a response.

1175 Pull Delivery Method: The Printer saves Event Notifications for some event-lease time and
1176 expects the Notification Recipient to request Event Notifications. The Printer returns the Event
1177 Notifications in a response to such a request.

1178 If an error that meets the following conditions occurs, the Printer MUST cancel the Subscription
1179 Object.

1180 a) the error occurs during the sending of an Event Notification generated from Subscription Object S
1181 AND

1182 b) the error would continue to occur every time the Printer sends an Event Notification generated from
1183 Subscription Object S in the future.

1184 ~~For~~ example, if the address of the “notify-recipient-uri” of Subscription Object A references a non-
1185 existent target and the Printer determines ~~that~~ this fact, it MUST delete Subscription Object A.

1186 The next two sections describe the values that a Printer sends in the content of Machine Consumable
1187 and Human Consumable Event Notifications, respectively.

1188 The tables in the sub-sections of this section contain the following columns:

1189 a) **Source Value:** the name of the attribute that supplies the value for the Event Notification.
1190 Asterisks in this field refer to a note below the table.

1191 b) **Sends:** if the Printer supports the value (column 1) on the Source Object (column 3) the Delivery
1192 Method **MUST** specify:

1193 **MUST:** that the Printer **MUST** send the value.

1194 **SHOULD:** either that the Printer **MUST** send the value or that the value is incompatible with
1195 the Delivery Method.

1196 **MAY:** that the Printer **MUST**, **SHOULD**, **MAY**, **MUST NOT**, **SHOULD NOT**, or **NEED**
1197 **NOT** send the value. The Delivery Method specifies the level of conformance for the Printer.

1198 c) **Source Object:** the object from which the source value comes. If the object is “Event
1199 Notification”, the Printer fabricates the value when it sends the Event Notification. See section 8.

1200 **9.1 Content of Machine Consumable Event Notifications**

1201 This section defines the attributes that a Delivery Method **MUST** mention in a Delivery Method
1202 Document when specifying the Machine Consumable Event Notification’s contents.

1203 This document does not define the order of attributes in Event Notifications. However, Delivery
1204 Method Documents **MAY** define the order of some or all of the attributes.

1205 A Delivery Method Document **MUST** specify additional attributes (if any) that a Printer implementation
1206 sends in a Machine Consumable Event Notification.

1207 Notification Recipients **MUST** be able to accept Event Notifications containing attributes they do not
1208 recognize. What a Notification Recipient does with an unrecognized attribute is implementation-
1209 dependent. Notification Recipients **MAY** attempt to display unrecognized attributes anyway or **MAY**
1210 ignore them.

1211 The next three sections define the attributes in Event Notification Contents that are:

1212 1. for all Events

1213 2. for Job Events only

1214 3. for Printer Events only

1215 **9.1.1 Event Notification Content Common to All Events**

1216 This section lists the attributes that a Delivery Method Document **MUST** specify for all Events.

1217 Table 5 lists potential values in each Event Notification.

1218

Table 5 – Attributes in Event Notification Content

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
notify-subscription-id (integer(1:MAX))	MUST	Subscription
notify-printer-uri (uri)	MUST	Subscription
notify-subscribed-event (type2 keyword)	MUST	Event Notification
printer-up-time (integer(MIN:MAX))	MUST	Printer
printer-current-time (dateTime) *	MUST	Printer
notify-sequence-number (integer (0:MAX))	SHOULD	Subscription
notify-charset (charset)	SHOULD	Subscription
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	SHOULD	Subscription
notify-user-data (octetString(63)) **	SHOULD	Subscription
notify-text (text)	SHOULD	Event Notification
attributes from the “notify-attributes” attribute ***	MAY	Printer
attributes from the “notify-attributes” attribute ***	MAY	Job
attributes from the “notify-attributes” attribute ***	MAY	Subscription

1219

1220

1221

*A Printer MUST send this value only if and only if it supports the Printer’s “printer-current-time” attribute.

1222

1223

1224

** If the Subscription Object does not contain a “notify-user-data” attribute and the Delivery Method [Document](#) REQUIRES the Printer to send the “notify-user-data” source value in the Event Notification, the Printer MUST send an octet-string of length 0.

1225

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1231

*** The last three rows represent additional attributes that a client MAY request via the “notify-attributes” attribute. A Printer MAY support the “notify-attributes” attribute. The Delivery Method MUST say that the Printer MUST, SHOULD, MAY, MUST NOT, SHOULD NOT, or NEED NOT support the “notify-attributes” attribute and specific values of this attribute. The Delivery Method MAY say that support for the “notify-attributes” is conditioned on support of the attribute by the Printer or it MAY say that Printer MUST support the “notify-attributes” attribute if the Printer supports the Delivery Method.

1232

9.1.2 Additional Event Notification Content for Job Events

1233

1234

This section lists the additional attributes that a Delivery Method Document MUST specify for Job Events. See Table 6.

1235

Table 6 – Additional Event Notification Content for Job Events

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
job-id (integer(1:MAX))	MUST	Job
job-state (type1 enum)	MUST	Job
job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	Job
job-impressions-completed (integer(0:MAX)) *	MUST	Job

1236

1237

1238

* The Printer MUST send the “job-impressions-completed” attribute in an Event Notification only for the combinations of Events and Subscribed Events shown in Table 7.

1239

Table 7 – Combinations of Events and Subscribed Events for “job-impressions-completed”

Job Event	Subscribed Job Event
‘job-progress’	‘job-progress’
‘job-completed’	‘job-completed’
‘job-completed’	‘job-state-changed’

1240

1241

9.1.3 Additional Event Notification Content for Printer Events

1242

1243

This section lists the additional attributes that a Delivery Method Document MUST specify for Printer Events. See Table 8.

1244

Table 8 – Additional Event Notification Content for Printer Events

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
printer-state (type1 enum)	MUST	Printer
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	Printer
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)	MUST	Printer

1245

1246

9.2 Content of Human Consumable Event Notification

1247

1248

1249

This section defines the information that a Delivery Method MUST mention in a Delivery Method Document when specifying the Human Consumable Event Notifications contents or the value of the “notify-text” attribute.

1250

Such a Delivery Method MUST specify the following information and a Printer SHOULD send it:

1251

a) the Printer name (see Table 9)

1252

b) the time of the Event (see Table 11)

- 1253 c) for Printer Events only:
1254 i) the Event (see Table 10) and/or Printer state information (see Table 14)
1255 d) for Job Events only:
1256 i) the job identity (see Table 12)
1257 ii) the Event (see Table 10) and/or Job state information (see Table 13)
1258
1259

The subsections of this section specify the attributes that a Printer **MUST** use to obtain this information.

1260 A Delivery Method Document **MUST** specify additional information (if any) that a Printer
1261 implementation sends in a Human Consumable Event Notification or in the “notify-text” attribute.

1262 A client **MUST NOT** request additional attributes via the “notify-attributes” attribute because this
1263 attribute works only for Machine Consumable Event Notifications.

1264 Notification Recipients **MUST NOT** expect to be able to parse the Human Consumable Event
1265 Notification contents or the value of the “notify-text” attribute.

1266 The next three sections define the attributes in Event Notification Contents that are:

- 1267 a) for all Events
1268 b) for Job Events only
1269 c) for Printer Events only
1270

1271 **9.2.1 Event Notification Content Common to All Events**

1272 This section lists the source of the information that a Delivery Method **MUST** specify for all Events.

1273 There is a separate table for each piece of information. Each row in the table represents a source value
1274 for the information and the values are listed in order of preference, with the first one being the preferred
1275 one. An implementation **SHOULD** use the source value from the earliest row in each table. It **MAY** use
1276 the source value from another row instead, or it **MAY** combine the source values from several rows. An
1277 implementation is free to determine the best way to present this information.

1278 In all tables of this section, all rows contain a “**MAY**” in order to state that the Delivery Method
1279 specifies the conformance.

1280 Table 9 lists the source of the information for the Printer Name. The “printer-name” is more user-
1281 friendly unless the Notification Recipient is in a place where the Printer name is not meaningful. For
1282 example, an implementation could have the intelligence to send the value of the “printer-name” attribute
1283 to a Notification Recipient that can access the Printer via value of the “printer-name” attribute and
1284 otherwise send the value of the “notify-printer-uri” attribute.

1285

Table 9 – Printer Name in Event Notification Content

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
printer-name (name(127))	MAY	Printer
notify-printer-uri (uri)	MAY	Subscription

1286

1287

1288

Table 10 lists the source of the information for the Event name. A Printer MAY combine this information with state information described for Jobs in Table 13 or for Printers in Table 14.

1289

Table 10 – Event Name in Event Notification Content

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
notify-subscribed-event (type2 keyword)	MAY	Subscription

1290

1291

1292

1293

1294

Table 11 lists the source of the information for the time that the Event occurred. A Printer can send this value only if it supports the Printer’s “printer-current-time” attribute. If a Printer does not support the “printer-current-time” attribute, it MUST NOT send the “printer-up-time” value instead, since it is not an allowed option for human consumable information.

1295

Table 11 – Event Time in Event Notification Content

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
printer-current-time (dateTime)	MAY	Printer

1296

1297

9.2.2 Additional Event Notification Content for Job Events

1298

1299

This section lists the source of the additional information that a Delivery Method MUST specify for Job Events.

1300

1301

Table 12 lists the source of the information for the job name. The “job-name” is likely more meaningful to a user than “job-id”.

1302

Table 12 – Job Name in Event Notification Content

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
job-name (name(MAX))	MAY	Job
job-id (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	Job

1303

1304 Table 13 lists the source of the information for the job state. If a Printer supports the “job-state-
 1305 message” and “job-detailed-state-message” attributes, it SHOULD use those attributes for the job state
 1306 information, otherwise, it should fabricate such information from the “job-state” and “job-state-
 1307 reasons”. For some Events, a Printer MAY combine this information with Event information.

1308 **Table 13 – Job State in Event Notification Content**

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
job-state-message (text(MAX))	MAY	Job
job-detailed-status-messages (1setOf text(MAX))	MAY	Job
job-state (type1 enum)	MAY	Job
job-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	Job

1309

1310 9.2.3 Additional Event Notification Content for Printer Events

1311 This section lists the source of the additional information that a Delivery Method MUST specify for
 1312 Printer Events.

1313 Table 14 lists the source of the information for the printer state. If a Printer supports the “printer-state-
 1314 message”, it SHOULD use that attribute for the job state information, otherwise it SHOULD fabricate
 1315 such information from the “printer-state” and “printer-state-reasons”. For some Events, a Printer MAY
 1316 combine this information with Event information.

1317 **Table 14 – Printer State in Event Notification Content**

Source Value	Sends	Source Object
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	MAY	Printer
printer-state (type1 enum)	MAY	Printer
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	Printer
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)	MAY	Printer

1318 10 Delivery Methods

1319 A Delivery Method is the mechanism, i.e., protocol, by which the Printer delivers an Event Notification
 1320 to a Notification Recipient. There are several potential Delivery Methods for Event Notifications,
 1321 standardized, as well as proprietary. This document does not define any of these delivery mechanisms.
 1322 Each Delivery Method MUST be defined in a Delivery Method Document that is separate from this
 1323 document. New Delivery Methods will be created as needed using an extension to the registration
 1324 procedures defined in [RFC2911]. Such documents are registered with IANA (see section 13.7.3).

1325 The following sorts of Delivery Methods are expected:

a Printer sends in an Event Notification content and the conformance requirements thereof?	
12. What are the additional Subscription Template and/or Subscription Description attributes and the conformance requirements thereof?	
13. What are the additional Printer Description attributes and the conformance requirements thereof?	

1337

1338 **11 Operations for Notification**

1339 This section defines all of the operations for Notification. Section 7.1 assigns the “operation-id” for
 1340 each operation. The following two sub-sections define Subscription Creation Operations, and other
 1341 operations.

1342 **11.1 Subscription Creation Operations**

1343 This section defines the Subscription Creation Operations. The first section on Create-Job-Subscriptions
 1344 gives most of the information. The other Subscription Creation Operations refer to the section on
 1345 Create-Job-Subscriptions, even though the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation is the only OPTIONAL
 1346 operation in this document (see section 12).

1347 A Printer MUST support Create-Printer-Subscriptions and the Subscription Template Attributes Group
 1348 in Job Creation operations. It MAY support Create-Job-Subscriptions operations.

1349 **11.1.1 Create-Job-Subscriptions Operation**

1350 The operation creates one or more Per-Job Subscription Objects. The client supplies one or more
 1351 Subscription Template Attributes Groups each containing one or more of Subscription Template
 1352 Attributes (defined in section 5.3).

1353 Except for errors, the Printer MUST create exactly one Per-Job Subscription Object from each
 1354 Subscription Template Attributes Group in the request, even if the newly created Subscription Object
 1355 would have identical behavior to some existing Subscription Object. The Printer MUST associate each
 1356 newly created Per-Job Subscription Object with the target Job, which is specified by the “notify-job-id”
 1357 operation attribute.

1358 The Printer MUST accept the request in any of the target job’s ‘not-completed’ states, i.e., ‘pending’,
 1359 ‘pending-held’, ‘processing’, or ‘processing-stopped’. The Printer MUST NOT change the job’s “job-
 1360 state” attribute because of this operation. If the target job is in any of the ‘completed’ states, i.e.,
 1361 ‘completed’, ‘canceled’, or ‘aborted, then the Printer MUST reject the request and return the ‘client-
 1362 error-not-possible’ status code; the response MUST NOT contain any Subscription Attribute Groups.

1363 Access Rights: To create Per-Job Subscription Objects, the authenticated user (see [RFC2911] section
 1364 8.3) performing this operation MUST either be the job owner or have Operator or Administrator access

1365 rights for this Printer (see [RFC2911] sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise the Printer MUST reject the
1366 operation and return: the ‘client-error-forbidden’, ‘client-error-not-authenticated’, or ‘client-error-not-
1367 authorized’ status code as appropriate.

1368 **11.1.1.1 Create-Job-Subscriptions Request**

1369 The following groups of attributes are part of the Create-Job-Subscriptions Request:

1370 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1371 Natural Language and Character Set:

1372 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1373 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.1.

1374

1375 Target:

1376 The “printer-uri” attribute which defines the target for this operation as described in
1377 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5.

1378

1379 Requesting User Name:

1380 The “requesting-user-name” attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1381 [RFC2911] section 8.3.

1382

1383 notify-job-id (integer(1:MAX)):

1384 The client MUST supply this attribute and it MUST specify the Job object to associate the Per-
1385 Job Subscription with. The value of “notify-job-id” MUST be the value of the “job-id” of the
1386 associated Job object. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST reject this
1387 request with a ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code.

1388

1389 Group 2-N: Subscription Template Attributes

1390 For each occurrence of this group:

1391

1392 The client MUST supply one or more Subscription Template Attributes in any order. See
1393 section 5.3 for a description of each such attribute. See section 5.2 for details on processing
1394 these attributes.

1395 **11.1.1.2 Create-Job-Subscriptions Response**

1396 The Printer MUST return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of a Create-Job-
1397 Subscriptions response:

1398 Group 1: Operation Attributes

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Status Message:

In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in [RFC2911] sections 13 and 3.1.6.

In this group, the Printer can return any status codes defined in [RFC2911] and section 16. The following is a description of the important status codes:

successful-ok: the Printer created all Subscription Objects requested ([see \[RFC2911\]](#)).

successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions: the Printer created some Subscription Objects requested but some failed. The Subscription Attributes Groups with a "notify-status-code" attribute are the ones that failed ([see section 16.1](#)).

client-error-ignored-all-subscriptions: the Printer created no Subscription Objects requested and all failed. The Subscription Attributes Groups with a "notify-status-code" attribute are the ones that failed ([see section 16.2](#)).

client-error-not-possible: For this operation and other Per-Job Subscription operations, this error can occur because the specified Job has already completed ([see \[RFC2911\], whether or not the Job is retained in the Job Retention and/or Job History phases \(see \[RFC2911\] section 4.3.7.1\)](#)).

Natural Language and Character Set:

The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2.

Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

See [RFC2911] section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes. This group does not contain any unsupported Subscription Template Attributes; they are returned in the Subscription Attributes Group (see below).

Group 3-N: Subscription Attributes

These groups MUST be returned unless the Printer is unable to interpret the entire request, e.g., the "status-code" parameter returned in Group 1 has the value: 'client-error-bad-request'.

"notify-status-code" (type2 enum):

Indicates the status of this subscription (see section 17 for the status code definitions). Section 5.2 defines when this attribute MUST be present in this group.

See section 5.2 for details on the contents of each occurrence of this group.

11.1.2 Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation

The operation is identical to Create-Job-Subscriptions with exceptions noted in this section.

1440 The operation creates Per-Printer Subscription Objects instead of Per-Job Subscription Objects, and
1441 associates each newly created Per-Printer Subscription Object with the Printer specified by the
1442 operation target rather than with a specific Job.

1443 The Printer **MUST** accept the request in any of its states, i.e., ‘idle’, ‘processing’, or ‘stopped’. The
1444 Printer **MUST NOT** change its “printer-state” attribute because of this operation.

1445 Access Rights: To create Per-Printer Subscription Objects, the authenticated user (see [RFC2911]
1446 section 8.3) performing this operation **MUST** have Operator or Administrator access rights for this
1447 Printer (see [RFC2911] sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the Printer **MUST** reject the operation and
1448 return: the ‘client-error-forbidden’, ‘client-error-not-authenticated’, or ‘client-error-not-authorized’
1449 status code as appropriate.

1450 **11.1.2.1 Create-Printer-Subscriptions Request**

1451 The groups are identical to the Create-Job-Subscriptions (see section 11.1.1.1) except that the
1452 Operation Attributes group **MUST NOT** contain the “notify-job-id” attribute. If the client does supply
1453 the “notify-job-id” attribute, then the Printer **MUST** treat it as any other unsupported Operation
1454 attribute and **MUST** return it in the Unsupported Attributes group.

1455 **11.1.2.2 Create-Printer-Subscriptions Response**

1456 The groups are identical to the Create-Job-Subscriptions (see section 11.1.1.2).

1457 **11.1.3 Job Creation Operations – Extensions for Notification**

1458 This document extends the Job Creation operations (see section 3.2) to create Subscription Objects as a
1459 part of the operation.

1460 The Job Creation operations ~~is~~are identical to Create-Job-Subscriptions operation with exceptions
1461 noted in this section.

1462 Unlike the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation, ~~this~~a Job Creation operation associates the newly
1463 created Subscription Objects with the Job object created by this operation. The operation succeeds if
1464 and only if the Job creation succeeds. If the Printer does not create some or all of the requested
1465 Subscription Objects, the Printer **MUST** return a ‘successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions’ status-code
1466 instead of a ‘successful-ok’ status-code, but the Printer **MUST NOT** reject the operation because of a
1467 failure to create Subscription Objects.

1468 If the Job Creation operation includes a Job Template group, the client **MUST** supply it after the
1469 Operation Attributes group and before the first Subscription Template Attributes Group.

1470 If a Printer does not support this Notification specification, then it **MUST** treat the Subscription
1471 Attributes Group like an unknown group and ignore it (see [RFC2911] section 5.2.2). Because the

1472 Printer ignores the Subscription Attributes Group, it doesn't return them in the response either, thus
1473 indicating to the client that the Printer doesn't support Notification.

1474 After completion of a successful Job Creation operation, the Printer generates a 'job-created' event (see
1475 section 5.3.2.1.3).

1476 Access Rights: To create Per-Job Subscription Objects, the authenticated user (see [RFC2911] section
1477 8.3) performing this operation MUST either have permission to create Jobs on the Printer or have
1478 Operator or Administrator access rights for this Printer (see [RFC2911] sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise
1479 the Printer MUST reject the operation and return: the 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-
1480 authenticated', or 'client-error-not-authorized' status code as appropriate.

1481 **11.1.3.1 Job Creation Request**

1482 The groups for this operation are sufficiently different from the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation that
1483 they are all presented here. The following groups of attributes are supplied as part of a Job Creation
1484 Request:

1485 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1486 Same as defined in [RFC2911] for Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests.

1487

1488 Group 2: Job Template Attributes

1489 The client OPTIONALLY supplies a set of Job Template attributes as defined in [RFC2911]
1490 section 4.2.

1491

1492 Group 3 to N: Subscription Template Attributes

1493 The same as Group 2-N in Create-Job-Subscriptions. See section 11.1.1.1.

1494 Group N+1: Document Content (Print-Job only)

1495 The client MUST supply the document data to be processed.

1496

1497 **11.1.3.2 Job Creation Response**

1498 The Printer MUST return to the client the following sets of attributes as part of a Print-Job, Print-URI,
1499 and Create-Job Response:

1500 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1501 Status Message:

1502

1503 As defined in [RFC2911] for Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job requests.

1504

1505 In this group, the Printer can return any status codes defined in [RFC2911] and section 16.
1506 The following is a description of the important status codes:

1507
1508 **successful-ok:** the Printer created the Job and all Subscription Objects requested (see
1509 [RFC2911]).

1510 **successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions:** the Printer created the Job and not all of the
1511 Subscription Objects requested (see section 16.1). This status-code hides ‘successful-
1512 ok-xxx’ status-codes that could reveal problems in Job creation. The Printer **MUST**
1513 ~~not~~ **NOT** return the ‘client-error-ignored-all-subscriptions’ status code for Job
1514 Creation operations because the Printer returns an error status-code only when it fails
1515 to create a Job.

1516
1517 Natural Language and Character Set:
1518 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1519 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2.

1520
1521 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1522 See [RFC2911] section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes. This group does
1523 not contain any unsupported Subscription Template Attributes; they are returned in the
1524 Subscription Attributes Group (see below).

1525
1526 Group 3: Job Object Attributes

1527 The “job-id” of the Job Object just created, etc., As defined in [RFC2911] for Print-Job,
1528 Print-URI, and Create-Job requests.

1529
1530 Group 4 to N: Subscription Attributes

1531 These groups **MUST** be returned if and only if the client supplied Subscription Template
1532 Attributes and the operation was accepted.
1533 See section 5.2 for details on the contents of each occurrence of this group.

1534

1535 11.2 Other Operations

1536 This section defines other operations on Subscription objects.

1537 11.2.1 Restart-Job Operation – Extensions for Notification

1538 The Restart-Job operation [RFC2911] is neither a Job Creation operation nor a Subscription Creation
1539 operation (see section 3.2). For the Restart-Job operation, the client MUST NOT supply any Job
1540 Subscription Attributes Groups. The Printer MUST treat any supplied Job Subscription Attributes as
1541 unsupported attributes.

1542 For this operation, the Printer does not return a job-id or any Subscription Attributes groups because
1543 the Printer reuses the existing Job object with the same job-id and the existing Per-Job Subscription
1544 Objects with the same subscription-ids. However, after successful completion of this operation, the
1545 Printer generates a ‘job-created’ event (see section 5.3.2.1.3).

1546 **11.2.2 Validate-Job Operation – Extensions for Notification**

1547 A client can test whether one or more Subscription Objects could be created using the Validate-Job
1548 operation. The client supplies one or more Subscription Template Attributes Groups (defined in section
1549 5.3), just as in a Job Creation request.

1550 A Printer MUST support this extension to this operation.

1551 The Printer MUST accept requests that are identical to the Job Creation request defined in section
1552 11.1.3.1, except that the request MUST ~~not~~NOT contain document data.

1553 The Printer MUST return the same groups and attributes as the Print-Job operation (section 11.1.3.1)
1554 with the following exceptions. The Printer MUST NOT return a Job Object Attributes Group because
1555 no Job is created. The Printer MUST NOT return the “notify-subscription-id” attribute in any
1556 Subscription Attribute Group because no Subscription Object is created.

1557 If the Printer would succeed in creating a Subscription Object, the corresponding Subscription
1558 Attributes Group either has no ‘status-code’ attribute or a ‘status-code’ attribute with a value of
1559 ‘successful-ok-too-many-events’ or ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes’ (see sections 5.2
1560 and 17). The status-codes have the same meaning as in Job Creation except the results state what
1561 “would happen”.

1562 The Printer MUST validate Subscription Template Attributes Groups in the same manner as the Job
1563 Creation operations.

1564 **11.2.3 Get-Printer-Attributes – Extensions for Notification**

1565 This operation is extended so that it returns Printer attributes defined in this document.

1566 A Printer MUST support this extension to this operation.

1567 In addition to the requirements of [RFC2911] section 3.2.5, a Printer MUST support the following
1568 additional values for the “requested-attributes” Operation attribute in this operation and return such
1569 attributes in the Printer Object Attributes group of its response.

1570 1. **Subscription Template Attributes:** Each supported attribute in column 2 of Table 1.

1571 2. **New Printer Description Attributes:** Each supported attribute in section 6.

- 1572 3. **New Group Name:** The ‘subscription-template’ group name, which names all supported
1573 Subscription Template Attribute in column 2 of Table 1. This group name is also used in the Get-
1574 Subscription-Attributes and Get-Subscriptions operation with an analogous meaning.
- 1575 4. **Extended Group Name:** The ‘all’ group name, which names all Printer attributes according to
1576 [RFC2911] section 3.2.5. In this extension ‘all’ names all attributes specified in [RFC2911] plus
1577 those named in items 1 and 2 of this list.

1578 **11.2.4 Get-Subscription-Attributes operation**

1579 This operation allows a client to request the values of the attributes of a Subscription Object.

1580 A Printer **MUST** support this operation.

1581 This operation is almost identical to the Get-Job-Attributes operation (see [RFC2911] section 3.3.4).
1582 The only differences are that the operation is directed at a Subscription Object rather than a Job object,
1583 and the returned attribute group contains Subscription Object attributes rather than Job object
1584 attributes.

1585 **11.2.4.1 Get-Subscription-Attributes Request**

1586 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Subscription-Attributes request:

1587 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1588 Natural Language and Character Set:

1589 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in section
1590 [RFC2911] 3.1.4.1.

1591 Target:

1592 The “printer-uri” attribute which defines the target for this operation as described in
1593 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5.

1594 “notify-subscription-id” (integer (1:MAX)):

1595 The client **MUST** supply this attribute. The Printer **MUST** support this attribute. This attribute
1596 specifies the Subscription Object from which the client is requesting attributes. If the client
1597 omits this attribute, the Printer **MUST** reject this request with the ‘client-error-bad-request’
1598 status code.

1599 Requesting User Name:

1600 The “requesting-user-name” attribute **SHOULD** be supplied by the client as described in
1601 [RFC2911] section 8.3.

1602

1606 “requested-attributes” (1setOf keyword):
1607 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer MUST support this attribute.
1608 This attribute specifies the attributes of the specified Subscription Object that the Printer
1609 MUST return in the response. Each value of this attribute is either an attribute name (defined
1610 in sections 5.3 and 5.4) or an attribute group name. The attribute group names are:
1611
1612 - ‘subscription-template’: all attributes that are both defined in section 5.3 and present on
1613 the specified Subscription Object (column 1 of Table 1).
1614 - ‘subscription-description’: all attributes that are both defined in section 5.4 and present
1615 on the specified Subscription Object (Table 2).
1616 - ‘all’: all attributes that are present on the specified Subscription Object.
1617
1618 A Printer MUST support all these group names.

1619 If the client omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if this attribute had been
1620 supplied with a value of ‘all’.
1621

1622 **11.2.4.2 Get-Subscription-Attributes Response**

1623 The Printer returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Subscription-Attributes Response:

1624 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1625 Status Message:
1626 Same as [RFC2911].
1627

1628 Natural Language and Character Set:
1629 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1630 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2. The “attributes-natural-language” MAY be the natural language
1631 of the Subscription Object, rather than the one requested.
1632

1633 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1634 See [RFC2911] section 3.1.7 and section 3.2.5.2 for details on returning Unsupported
1635 Attributes.
1636

1637 The response NEED NOT contain the "requested-attributes" operation attribute with any
1638 supplied keyword values (~~attribute keywords~~) that were requested by the client but are not
1639 supported by the IPP object. If the Printer object does return unsupported attributes referenced
1640 in the "requested-attributes" operation attribute, the values of the “requested-attributes”
1641 attribute returned MUST include only the unsupported keywords that were requested by the
1642 client. If the client had requested a ~~and that attribute included~~ group names, such as 'all', the
1643 resulting unsupported attributes returned MUST NOT include attribute keyword names
1644 described in the standard but not supported by the implementation.
1645

1646 Group 3: Subscription Attributes

1647 This group contains a set of attributes with their current values. Each attribute in this group:

1648

1649 a) MUST be specified by the “requested-attributes” attribute in the request, AND

1650 b) MUST be present on the specified Subscription Object AND

1651 c) MUST NOT be restricted by the security policy in force. For example, a Printer MAY
1652 prohibit a client who is not the creator of a Subscription Object from seeing some or all of
1653 its attributes. See [RFC2911] section 8.1654 The Printer can return the attributes of the Subscription Object in any order. The client MUST
1655 accept the attributes in any order.
16561657 **11.2.5 Get-Subscriptions operation**1658 This operation allows a client to retrieve the values of attributes of all Subscription Objects belonging to
1659 a Job or Printer.

1660 A Printer MUST supported this operation.

1661 This operation is similar to the Get-Subscription-Attributes operation, except that this Get-
1662 Subscriptions operation returns attributes from possibly more than one object.1663 This operation is similar to the Get-Jobs operation (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.6), except that the
1664 operation returns Subscription Objects rather than Job objects.1665 **11.2.5.1 Get-Subscriptions Request**

1666 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Subscriptions request:

1667 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1668 Natural Language and Character Set:

1669 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1670 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.1.

1671

1672 Target:

1673 The “printer-uri” attribute which defines the target for this operation as described in
1674 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5.

1675

1676 Requesting User Name:

1677 The “requesting-user-name” attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1678 [RFC2911] section 8.3.

1679

1680

“notify-job-id” (integer(1:MAX)):

1681

If the client specifies this attribute, the Printer returns the specified attributes of all Per-Job Subscription Objects associated with the Job whose “job-id” attribute value equals the value of this attribute. If the client does not specify this attribute, the Printer returns the specified attributes of all Per-Printer Subscription Objects. Note: there is no way to get all Per-Job Subscriptions known to the Printer in a single operation. A Get-Jobs operation followed by a Get-Subscriptions operation for each Job will return all Per-Job Subscriptions.

1682

1683

1684

1685

1686

1687

1688

“limit” (integer(1:MAX)):

1689

The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer MUST support this attribute. It is an integer value that determines the maximum number of Subscription Objects that a client will receive from the Printer even if the “my-subscriptions” attribute constrains which Subscription Objects are returned. The limit is a “stateless limit” in that if the value supplied by the client is ‘N’, then only the first ‘N’ Subscription Objects are returned in the Get-Subscriptions Response. There is no mechanism to allow for the next ‘M’ Subscription Objects after the first ‘N’ Subscription Objects. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer responds with all applicable Subscription Objects.

1690

1691

1692

1693

1694

1695

1696

1697

1698

“requested-attributes” (1setOf type2 keyword):

1699

The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer MUST support this attribute.

1700

This attribute specifies the attributes of the specified Subscription Objects that the Printer MUST return in the response. Each value of this attribute is either an attribute name (defined in sections 5.3 and 5.4) or an attribute group name (defined in section 11.2.4.1). If the client omits this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had supplied this attribute with the one value: ‘notify-subscription-id’.

1701

1702

1703

1704

1705

1706

“my-subscriptions” (boolean):

1707

The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer MUST support this attribute. If the value is ‘false’, the Printer MUST consider the Subscription Objects from all users as candidates. If the value is ‘true’, the Printer MUST return the Subscription Objects created by the requesting user of this request. If the client does not supply this attribute, the Printer MUST respond as if the client had supplied the attribute with a value of ‘false’. The means for authenticating the requesting user and matching the Subscription Objects is similar to that for Jobs which is described in [RFC2911] section 8.

1708

1709

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1715

11.2.5.2 Get-Subscriptions Response

1716

The Printer returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Get-Subscriptions Response:

1717

Group 1: Operation Attributes

1718

Status Message:

1719

Same as [RFC2911].

1720

1721 Natural Language and Character Set:
1722 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1723 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2.
1724

1725 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1726 Same as for Get-Subscription-Attributes.
1727

1728 Groups 3 to N: Subscription Attributes

1729 The Printer responds with one Subscription Attributes Group for each requested Subscription
1730 Object (see the “notify-job-id” attribute in the Operation Attributes Group of this operation).
1731

1732 The Printer returns Subscription Objects in any order.
1733

1734 If the “limit” attribute is present in the Operation Attributes group of the request, the number
1735 of Subscription Attributes Groups in the response MUST NOT exceed the value of the “limit”
1736 attribute.
1737

1738 If there are no Subscription Objects associated with the specified Job or Printer, the Printer
1739 MUST return zero Subscription Attributes Groups and it MUST NOT treat this case as an
1740 error, i.e., the status-code MUST be ‘successful-ok’ unless something else causes the status
1741 code to have some other value.
1742

1743 See the Group 3 response (Subscription Attributes Group) of the Get-Subscription-Attributes
1744 operation (section 11.2.4.2) for the attributes that a Printer returns in this group.
1745

1746 **11.2.6 Renew-Subscription operation**

1747 This operation allows a client to request the Printer to extend the lease on a Per-Printer Subscription
1748 Object.

1749 The Printer MUST support this operation.

1750 The Printer MUST accept this request for a Per-Printer Subscription Object in any of the target
1751 Printer’s states, i.e., ‘idle’, ‘processing’, or ‘stopped’, but MUST NOT change the Printer’s “printer-
1752 state” attribute.

1753 The Printer MUST reject this request for a Per-Job Subscription Object because it has no lease (see
1754 section 5.4.3). The status code returned MUST be ‘client-error-not-possible’.

1755 *Access Rights:* The authenticated user (see [RFC2911] section 8.3) performing this operation MUST
1756 either be the owner of the Per-Printer Subscription Object or have Operator or Administrator access
1757 rights for the Printer (see [RFC2911] sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the Printer MUST reject the

1758 operation and return: the ‘client-error-forbidden’, ‘client-error-not-authenticated’, or ‘client-error-not-
1759 authorized’ status code as appropriate.

1760 **11.2.6.1 Renew-Subscription Request**

1761 The following groups of attributes are part of the Renew-Subscription Request:

1762 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1763 Natural Language and Character Set:

1764 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1765 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.1.

1766

1767 Target:

1768 The “printer-uri” attribute which defines the target for this operation as described in
1769 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5.

1770

1771 “notify-subscription-id” (integer (1:MAX)):

1772 The client MUST supply this attribute. The Printer MUST support this attribute. This attribute
1773 specifies the Per-Printer Subscription Object whose lease the Printer MUST renew. If the client
1774 omits this attribute, the Printer MUST reject this request with the ‘client-error-bad-request’
1775 status code.

1776

1777 Requesting User Name:

1778 The “requesting-user-name” (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1779 described in [RFC2911] section 8.3.

1780

1781 Group 2: Subscription Template Attributes

1782

1783 “notify-lease-duration” (integer(0:MAX)):

1784 The client MAY supply this attribute. It indicates the number of seconds to renew the lease for
1785 the specified Subscription Object. A value of 0 requests an infinite lease (which MAY require
1786 Operator access rights). If the client omits this attribute, the Printer MUST use the value of the
1787 Printer’s “notify-lease-duration-default” attribute. See section 5.3.7 for more details.

1788

1789 **11.2.6.2 Renew-Subscription Response**

1790 The Printer returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Renew-Subscription Response:

1791 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1792 Status Message:

1793 Same as [RFC2911].

1794

1795 The following are some of the status codes returned (see [RFC2911]):

1796

1797 **successful-ok:** The operation successfully renewed the lease on the Subscription Object
1798 for the requested duration.-

1799 **successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes:** The operation successfully renewed
1800 the lease on the Subscription Object for some duration other than the amount
1801 requested.

1802 **client-error-not-possible:** The operation failed because the “notify-subscription-id”
1803 Operation attribute identified a Per-Job Subscription Object.

1804 **client-error-not-found:** The operation failed because the “notify-subscription-id”
1805 Operation attribute identified a non-existent Subscription Object.

1806

1807 Natural Language and Character Set:

1808 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1809 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2. The “attributes-natural-language” MAY be the natural language
1810 of the Subscription Object, rather than the one requested.

1811

1812 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1813 See [RFC2911] section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1814

1815 Group 3: Subscription Attributes

1816 The Printer MUST return the following Subscription Attribute:

1817 “notify-lease-duration” (integer(0:MAX)):

1818 The value of this attribute MUST be the number of seconds that the Printer has granted for the
1819 lease of the Subscription Object (see section 5.3.7 for details, such as the value of this attribute
1820 when the Printer doesn’t support the requested value).

1821

1822

1823 11.2.7 Cancel-Subscription operation

1824 This operation allows a client to delete a Subscription Object and stop the Printer from sending more
1825 Event Notifications. Once performed, there is no way to reference the Subscription Object.

1826 A Printer MUST supported this operation.

1827 The Printer MUST accept this request in any of the target Printer’s states, i.e., ‘idle’, ‘processing’, or
1828 ‘stopped’, but MUST NOT change the Printer’s “printer-state” attribute.

1829 If the specified Subscription Object is a Per-Job Subscription Object, the Printer MUST accept this
1830 request in any of the target Job’s states, but MUST NOT change the Job’s “job-state” attribute or affect
1831 the Job.

1832 *Access Rights*: The authenticated user (see [RFC2911] section 8.3) performing this operation MUST
1833 either be the owner of the Subscription Object or have Operator or Administrator access rights for the
1834 Printer (see [RFC2911] sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the Printer MUST reject the operation and
1835 return: the ‘client-error-forbidden’, ‘client-error-not-authenticated’, or ‘client-error-not-authorized’
1836 status code as appropriate.

1837 Note: There is no way to change any attributes on a Subscription Object, except the “notify-lease-
1838 duration” attribute (using the Renew-Subscription operation). In order to change other attributes, a
1839 client performs a Subscription Creation Operation and Cancel-Subscription operation on the old
1840 Subscription Object. If the client wants to avoid missing Event Notifications, it performs the
1841 Subscription Creation Operation first. If this order would create too many Subscription Objects on the
1842 Printer, the client reverses the order.

1843 **11.2.7.1 Cancel-Subscription Request**

1844 The following groups of attributes are part of the Cancel-Subscription Request:

1845 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1846 Natural Language and Character Set:

1847 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in
1848 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.1.

1849 Target:

1850 The “printer-uri” attribute which defines the target for this operation as described in
1851 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5.

1852 “notify-subscription-id” (integer (1:MAX)):

1853 The client MUST supply this attribute. The Printer MUST support this attribute. This attribute
1854 specifies the Subscription Object that the Printer MUST cancel. If the client omits this
1855 attribute, the Printer MUST reject this request with the ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code.

1856 Requesting User Name:

1857 The “requesting-user-name” attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in
1858 [RFC2911] section 8.3.

1863 **11.2.7.2 Cancel-Subscription Response**

1864 The Printer returns the following sets of attributes as part of the Cancel-Subscription Response:

1865 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1866 Status Message:

1867 Same as [RFC2911].
1868

1869 The following are some of the status codes returned (see [RFC2911]):

1870

1871 **successful-ok:** The operation successfully canceled (deleted) the Subscription Object.

1872 **client-error-not-found:** The operation failed because the “notify-subscription-id”

1873 Operation attribute identified a non-existent Subscription Object.

1874

1875 Natural Language and Character Set:

1876 The “attributes-charset” and “attributes-natural-language” attributes as described in

1877 [RFC2911] section 3.1.4.2. The “attributes-natural-language” MAY be the natural language

1878 of the Subscription Object, rather than the one requested.

1879

1880 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1881 See [RFC2911] section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.

1882

1883 12 Conformance Requirements

1884 It is OPTIONAL for IPP clients and Printers to implement this Event Notification specification.

1885 If this Event Notification specification is implemented, Printers MUST:

1886 ?- meet the Conformance Requirements detailed in section 5 of [RFC2911].

1887 ?- support the Subscription Template Attributes Group in requests and the Subscription
1888 Attributes Group in responses.

1889 ?- support all of the following attributes:

1890 a. REQUIRED Subscription Object attributes in section 5.

1891 b. REQUIRED Printer Description object attributes in section 6.

1892 c. REQUIRED attributes in Event Notification content in section 8.

1893 ?- send Event Notifications that conform to the requirements of section 9 and the requirements of
1894 the Delivery Method Document for each supported Delivery Method (the conformance
1895 requirements for Delivery Method Documents is specified in section 10).

1896 ?- for all of the Job Creation Operations that the Printer supports, MUST support the
1897 REQUIRED extensions for notification defined in section 11.1.3.

1898 ?- support all-meet the conformance requirements for operations as described in Table 16 and
1899 meet the requirements for Printers as specified in the indicated sub-sections of section 11:

1900

Table 16 – Printer Conformance Requirements for Operations

Operation	<u>Printer</u> Conformance <u>Requirements</u>
Create-Printer-Subscriptions (section 11.1.2)	REQUIRED
Create-Job-Subscriptions (section 11.1.1)	OPTIONAL
Get-Subscription-Attributes (section 11.2.3)	REQUIRED
Get-Subscriptions (section 11.2.5)	REQUIRED
Renew-Subscription (section 11.2.6)	REQUIRED
Cancel-Subscription (section 11.2.7)	REQUIRED

1901

1902 **13 IANA Considerations**

1903 This section contains the exact registration information for IANA to add to the various IPP Registries
 1904 according to the procedures defined in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6 to cover the definitions in this
 1905 document. In addition, this section defines how Events and Delivery Methods will be registered when
 1906 they are defined in other documents.

1907

*Note to RFC Editors: Replace RFC NNNN below with the RFC number for this document, so that it
 1908 accurately reflects the content of the information for the IANA Registry.*

1909 **13.1 Attribute Registrations**

1910 The following table lists all ~~the~~ attributes defined in this document. will ~~These are to be registered~~ ~~be~~
 1911 published by IANA according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.2. ~~with the~~
 1912 following path:

1913

<ftp://isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/>

1914

~~The registry entry will contain the following information:~~

Subscription Template attributes:	Ref.	Section:
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	RFC NNNN	5.3.1
<u>notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)</u>	<u>RFC NNNN</u>	<u>5.3.1</u>
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	RFC NNNN	5.3.2
<u>notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	<u>RFC NNNN</u>	<u>5.3.2</u>
<u>notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	<u>RFC NNNN</u>	<u>5.3.2</u>
<u>notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))</u>	<u>RFC NNNN</u>	<u>5.3.2</u>
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	RFC NNNN	5.3.3
<u>notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	<u>RFC NNNN</u>	<u>5.3.3</u>
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	RFC NNNN	5.3.4
notify-charset (charset)	RFC NNNN	5.3.5
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	RFC NNNN	5.3.6
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	RFC NNNN	5.3.7

1928

1929	<u>notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863))</u>			
1930		RFC	NNNN	5.3.7
1931	<u>notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0: 67108863) </u>			
1932	<u>rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))</u>	RFC	NNNN	5.3.7
1933	notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.3.8
1934				
1935	Subscription Description Attributes:			
1936	notify-subscription-id (integer (1:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.4.1
1937	notify-sequence-number (integer (0:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.4.2
1938	notify-lease-expiration-time (integer(0:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.4.3
1939	notify-printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.4.4
1940	notify-printer-uri (uri)	RFC	NNNN	5.4.5
1941	notify-job-id (integer(1:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.4.6
1942	notify-subscriber-user-name (name(MAX))	RFC	NNNN	5.4.7
1943				
1944	Printer Description Attributes:			
1945	printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	RFC	NNNN	6.1
1946	printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	RFC	NNNN	6.2
1947				
1948	Attributes Only in Event Notifications			
1949	notify-subscribed-event (type2 keyword)	RFC	NNNN	8.1
1950	notify-text (text(MAX))	RFC	NNNN	8.2
1951				
1952	<u>The resulting attribute registrations will be published in the</u>			
1953	<u>ftp://ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attributes/</u>			
1954	<u>area.</u>			
1955				

1956 **13.2 Additional Keyword Enum Attribute Value Registrations for the “operations-**

1957 **supported” Printer Attribute**

1958 The following table lists all the new enum keyword attribute values defined in this document as
 1959 additional type2 enum values for use with the “operations-supported” Printer Description attribute. will
 1960 be published by IANA. These are to be registered according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
 1961 section 6.1. with the following path:

1962 <ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/>

1963 The registry entry will contain the following information:

1964	<u>type2 enum</u> Attribute Values:	<u>Value</u>	Ref.	Section:
1965	New Values for Existing Printer Description Attributes			
1966	operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)		RFC NNNN	7.1
1967	<u>Create-Printer-Subscriptions</u>	<u>0x0016</u>	RFC NNNN	7.1
1968	<u>Create-Job-Subscriptions</u>	<u>0x0017</u>	RFC NNNN	7.1
1969	<u>Get-Subscription-Attributes</u>	<u>0x0018</u>	RFC NNNN	7.1
1970	<u>Get-Subscriptions</u>	<u>0x0019</u>	RFC NNNN	7.1
1971	<u>Renew-Subscription</u>	<u>0x001A</u>	RFC NNNN	7.1
1972	<u>Cancel-Subscription</u>	<u>0x001B</u>	RFC NNNN	7.1

1973
 1974 The resulting enum attribute value registrations will be published in the
 1975 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/operations-supported/>
 1976 area.
 1977

1978 **13.3 Operation Registrations**

1979 The following table lists all of the operations defined in this document. will be published by IANA
 1980 These are to be registered according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.4. with the
 1981 following path:

1982 [ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/)

1983 The registry entry will contain the following information:

1984	Operations:	Ref.	Section:
1985	Create-Job-Subscriptions Operation	RFC NNNN	11.1.1
1986	Create-Printer-Subscriptions Operation	RFC NNNN	11.1.2
1987	Job Creation Operations - Extensions	RFC NNNN	11.1.3
1988	Validate-Job Operation - Extensions	RFC NNNN	0
1989	Get-Printer-Attributes - Extensions	RFC NNNN	11.2.3
1990	Get-Subscription-Attributes Operation	RFC NNNN	11.2.4
1991	Get-Subscriptions Operation	RFC NNNN	11.2.5
1992	Renew-Subscription Operation	RFC NNNN	11.2.6
1993	Cancel-Subscription Operation	RFC NNNN	11.2.7

1994
 1995 The resulting operation registrations will be published in the
 1996 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/operations/>
 1997 area.
 1998

1999 **13.4 Status code Registrations**

2000 The following table lists all the status codes defined in this document. will be published by IANA These
 2001 are to be registered according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.6. with the
 2002 following path:

2003 [ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/)

2004 The registry entry will contain the following information:

2005	Status codes:	Ref.	Section:
2006	successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions (0x0003)	RFC NNNN	16.1
2007	client-error-ignored-all-subscriptions (0x0414)	RFC NNNN	16.2
2008			
2009	Status Codes in Subscription Attributes Groups:		
2010	client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)	RFC NNNN	17.1
2011	client-error-too-many-subscriptions (0x0415)	RFC NNNN	17.2

2012	successful-ok-too-many-events (0x0005)	RFC NNNN	17.3
2013	successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)		
2014		RFC NNNN	17.4
2015			
2016	<u>The resulting status code registrations will be published in the</u>		
2017	<u>ftp://ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/status-codes/</u>		
2018	<u>area.</u>		
2019			

2020 **13.5 Attribute Group tag Registrations**

2021 The following table lists all the attribute group tags defined in this document. will be published by
 2022 IANA. These are to be registered according to the procedures in RFC 2911 [RFC2911] section 6.5. with
 2023 the following path:

2024 [ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/](ftp://ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/)

2025 The registry entry will contain the following information:

2026	Attribute Group Tags:	<u>Tag Value:</u>	Ref.	Section:
2027	subscription-attributes-tag	<u>0x06</u>	RFC NNNN	18
2028	event-notification-attributes-tag	<u>0x07</u>	RFC NNNN	18
2029				

2030 The resulting attribute group tag registrations will be published in the
 2031 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/isi.edu/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-group-tags/>
 2032 area.

2034 **13.6 Registration of Events**

2035 When other document define additional type2 keywords to be used with the “notify-events”
 2036 Subscription Template attribute (see section 5.3.2)), these event keywords will be registered according
 2037 to the procedures of [RFC2911] section 7.1 as additional attribute values for use with the “notify-
 2038 events” Subscription Template attribute, i.e., the "notify-events", "notify-events-default", and "notify-
 2039 events-supported" attributes.

2040 Therefore, the IPP Registry entry for an Event will be of the form:

2041	<u>type2 enum Attribute Values:</u>	Ref.	Section:
2042	<u><scheme name></u>	<u>RFC xxxx</u>	<u>m.n</u>
2043			

2044 The resulting type2 keyword attribute values will be published in the
 2045 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/notify-events/>
 2046 area.

2047

2048 **13.7 Registration of Event Notification Delivery Methods**

2049 This section describes the requirements and procedures for registration and publication of Event
2050 Notification Delivery Methods and for the submission of such proposals.

2051 **13.7.1 Requirements for Registration of ~~Format for~~ **Event Notification Delivery Methods**
2052 **Registration proposals****

2053 Registered IPP Event Notification Delivery Methods are expected to follow a number of requirements
2054 described below. ~~This section describes the procedures for registering Event Notification Delivery~~
2055 ~~Method proposals with IANA to be used with this document.~~

2056 **13.7.1.1 Required Characteristics**

2057 ~~This section defines the format and requirements for an IPP Event Notification Delivery Method~~
2058 ~~Registration Proposal. A Delivery Method Registration Proposal:~~

2059 ~~1. MUST contain the following information:~~

2060 ~~2. MUST meet the conformance requirements for Delivery Method Documents specified in section 10.~~

2061 A Delivery Method Document MUST either (1) contain all of the semantics of the Delivery Method or
2062 (2) contain the IPP Delivery Method registration requirements and a profile of some other protocol that
2063 in combination is the Delivery Method (e.g., mailto). In either case, the Delivery Method Document
2064 (and any documents it requires) MUST define a URL and be a standards track, informational, or
2065 experimental RFC that the meets the requirements of [RFC2717].

2066
2067 IPP Event Notification Delivery Method Documents MUST meet the requirements of this document
2068 (see sections 9 and 10).

2069 In addition, a Delivery Method Document MUST contain the following information:

2070
2071 Type of registration: IPP Event Notification Delivery Method

2072 Name of this delivery method:

2073 Proposed URL scheme name of this delivery method:

2074 Name of proposer:

2075 Address of proposer:

2076 Email address of proposer:

2077 Is this delivery method REQUIRED or OPTIONAL for conformance to the IPP Event Notification
2078 Specification and Subscriptions document:

2079 Is this delivery method defining Machine Consumable and/or Human Consumable content:

2080

2081 **13.7.1.2 Naming Requirements**

2082 Exactly one name MUST be assigned to each Delivery Method.

2083 Each assigned name MUST uniquely identify a single Delivery Method. All Delivery Method names
2084 MUST conform to the rules for URL scheme names, according to [RFC2396] and [RFC2717] for
2085 schemes in the IETF tree. ~~Such Delivery Method proposals that require a new URL scheme MUST be~~
2086 ~~IETF standards track documents according to RFC 2717 [RFC2717].~~

2087 **13.7.1.3 Functionality Requirements**

2088 Delivery Methods MUST function as a protocol that is capable of delivering (push or pull) IPP Event
2089 Notifications to Notification Recipients.

2090 **13.7.1.4 Usage and Implementation Requirements**

2091 Use of a large number of Delivery Methods may hamper interoperability. However, the use of a large
2092 number of undocumented and/or unlabelled Delivery Methods hampers interoperability even more.

2093 A Delivery Method should therefore be registered ONLY if it adds significant functionality that is
2094 valuable to a large community, OR if it documents existing practice in a large community. Note that
2095 Delivery Methods registered for the second reason should be explicitly marked as being of limited or
2096 specialized use and should only be used with prior bilateral agreement.

2097 **13.7.1.5 Publication Requirements**

2098 Delivery Method Documents MUST be published in a standards track, informational, or experimental
2099 RFCs.

2100 **13.7.2 Registration Procedure**

2101 The IPP WG is developing a small number of Delivery Methods which are intended to be published as
2102 standards track RFCs. However, some parties may wish to register additional Delivery Methods in the
2103 future. This section describes the procedures for these additional Delivery Methods.

2104 **13.7.2.1 Present the proposal to the Community**

2105 First the Delivery Method Document MUST be an Internet-Draft with a target category of standards
2106 track, informational, or experimental. The same MUST be true for any documents that it references.

2107 Send the proposed Delivery Method Document proposal to the “ipp@pwg.org” mailing list. This
2108 mailing list has been established by [RFC2911] for reviewing proposed registrations and discussing

2109 other IPP matters. Proposed Delivery Method Documents are not formally registered and MUST NOT
 2110 be used until approved.

2111 The intent of the public posting is to solicit comments and feedback on the definition and suitability of
 2112 the Delivery Method and the name chosen for it over a four week period.

2113 **13.7.2.2 Delivery Method Reviewer**

2114 The Delivery Method Reviewer is the same person who has been appointed by the IETF Application
 2115 Area Director(s) as the IPP Designated Expert according to [RFC2911] and [IANA-CON]. When the
 2116 four week period is over and the IPP Designated Expert is convinced that consensus has been achieved,
 2117 the IPP Designated Expert either approves the request for registration or rejects it. Rejection may
 2118 occur because of significant objections raised on the list or objections raised externally.

2119 Decisions made by the Reviewer must be posted to the ipp@pwg.org mailing list within 14 days.
 2120 Decisions made by the Reviewer may be appealed to the IESG.

2121 **13.7.2.3 IANA Registration**

2122 Provided that the Delivery Method registration proposal has either passed review or has been
 2123 successfully appealed to the IESG, the IANA will register the Delivery Method and make it available to
 2124 the community.

2125 **13.7.3 Delivery Method Document Registrations**

2126 Each Delivery Method Document defines a URI scheme which is registered as an additional value of the
 2127 “notify-schemes-supported” Printer attribute. These uriScheme values will be registered according to
 2128 the procedures of [RFC2911] section 7.1 for additional attribute values. Therefore, the IPP Registry
 2129 entry for a Delivery Method will be of the form:

<u>uriScheme Attribute Values:</u>	<u>Ref.</u>	<u>Section:</u>
<u><scheme name></u>	<u>RFC xxxx</u>	<u>m.n</u>

2130
 2131
 2132
 2133 The resulting Delivery Method URI schemes will be published in the
 2134 <ftp://ftp.iana.org/in-notes/iana/assignments/ipp/attribute-values/notify-schemes-supported/>
 2135 area.
 2136

2137 **13.7.4 Registration Template**

2138 ~~13.7 Format and Requirements for IPP Delivery Method Registration Proposals~~

2139 To: ipp@pwg.org
 2140 Subject: Registration of a new Delivery Method

2141

2142

Delivery Method name:

2143

2144

(All names must be suitable for use as the value of a URL scheme in the IETF tree)

2145

2146

Published specification(s):

2147

2148

(A specification for the Delivery Method must be openly available that accurately describes what is being registered.)

2149

2150

2151

Person & email address to contact for further information:

2152 **14 Internationalization Considerations**

2153

This IPP Notification specification continues support for the internationalization of [RFC2911] of attributes containing text strings and names. Allowing a Subscribing Client to specify a different natural language and charset for each Subscription Object increases the internationalization support.

2154

2155

2156

The Printer MUST be able to localize the content of Human Consumable Event Notifications and to localize the value of “notify-text” attribute in Machine Consumable Event Notifications that it sends to Notification Recipients. For localization, the Printer MUST use the value of the “notify-charset” attribute and the “notify-natural-language” attribute in the Subscription Object supplied by the Subscribing Client.

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2161 **15 Security Considerations**

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By far the biggest security concern is the abuse of notification: sending unwanted Event Notifications to third parties (i.e., spam). The problem is made worse by notification addresses that may be redistributed to multiple parties (e.g., mailing lists). There exist scenarios where third party notification is required (see Scenario #2 and #3 in [ipp-not-req]). The fully secure solution would require active agreement of all recipients before sending out anything. However, requirement #9 in [ipp-req] (“There is no requirement for IPP Printer receiving the print request to validate the identity of an Event recipient”) argues against this. Certain systems may decide to disallow third party Event Notifications (a traditional fax model).

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Clients submitting Notification requests to the IPP Printer have the same security issues as submitting an IPP/1.1 print job request. The same mechanisms used by IPP/1.1 can therefore be used by the client Notification submission. Operations that require authentication can use the HTTP authentication. Operations that require privacy can use the HTTP/TLS privacy. As with IPP/1.1 Print Jobs, if there is no security on Subscription Objects, sequential assignment of subscription-ids exposes the system to a passive traffic monitoring threat.

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The Notification access control model should be similar to the IPP access control model for Jobs. Creating a Per-Printer Subscription Object is associated with a user. Only the creator or an Operator can cancel the Subscription Object. The system may limit the listing of items to only those items owned

2177

2178

2179 by the user. Some Subscription Objects (e.g., those that have a lifetime longer than a job) can be done
2180 only by privileged users (users having Operator and/or Administrator access rights), if that is the
2181 authorization policy.

2182 The standard security concerns (delivery to the right user, privacy of content, tamper proof content)
2183 apply to the Delivery Method. IPP should use the security mechanism of the Delivery Method used.
2184 Some delivery mechanisms are more secure than others. Therefore, sensitive Event Notifications should
2185 use the Delivery Method that has the strongest security.

2186 **16 Status Codes**

2187 The following status codes are defined as extensions for Notification and are returned as the value of
2188 the “status-code” parameter in the Operation Attributes Group of a response (see [RFC2911] section
2189 3.1.6.1). Operations in this document can also return the status codes defined in section 13 of
2190 [RFC2911]. The ‘successful-ok’ status code is an example of such a status code.

2191 **16.1 successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions (0x0003)**

2192 The Subscription Creation Operation was unable to create all requested Subscription Objects.

2193 For a Create-Job-Subscriptions or Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation, this status code means that
2194 the Printer created one or more Subscription Objects, but not all requested Subscription Objects.

2195 For a Job Creation operation, this status code means that the Printer created the Job along with zero or
2196 more Subscription Objects. The Printer returns this status code even if other job attributes are
2197 unsupported or in conflict. That is, if an IPP Printer finds a warning that would allow it to return
2198 ‘successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions’ and either ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes’
2199 and/or ‘successful-ok-conflicting-attributes’, it MUST return ‘successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions’.

2200 **16.2 client-error-ignored-all-subscriptions (0x0414)**

2201 This status code is the same as ‘successful-ok-ignored-subscriptions’ except that only the Create-Job-
2202 Subscriptions and Create-Printer-Subscriptions operation return it. They return this status code only
2203 when the Printer creates zero Subscription Objects.

2204 **17 Status Codes in Subscription Attributes Groups**

2205 This section contains values of the “notify-status-code” (type2 enum) attribute that the Printer returns in
2206 a Subscription Attributes Group in a response when the corresponding Subscription Object:

- 2207 1. is not created or
- 2208 2. is created and some of the client-supplied attributes are not supported.

2209 The following sections are ordered in decreasing order of importance of the status-codes.

2210 **17.1 client-error-uri-scheme-not-supported (0x040C)**

2211 This status code is defined in [RFC2911]. This document extends its meaning and allows it to be in a
2212 Subscription Attributes Group of a response.

2213 The scheme of the client-supplied URI in a “notify-recipient-uri” Subscription Template Attribute in a
2214 Subscription Creation Operation is not supported. See section 5.3.1.

2215 **17.2 client-error-too-many-subscriptions (0x0415)**

2216 The number of Subscription Objects supported by the Printer would be exceeded if this Subscription
2217 Object were created (see section 5.2).

2218 **17.3 successful-ok-too-many-events (0x0005)**

2219 The client supplied more Events in the “notify-events” operation attribute of a Subscription Creation
2220 Operation than the Printer supports, as indicated in its “notify-max-events-supported” Printer attribute
2221 (see section 5.3.2).

2222 **17.4 successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes (0x0001)**

2223 This status code is defined in [RFC2911]. This document extends its meaning to include unsupported
2224 Subscription Template Attributes and it can appear in a Subscription Attributes Group.

2225 **18 Encodings of Additional Attribute Tags**

2226 This section assigns values to two attributes tags as extensions to the encoding defined in [RFC2910]).

2227 The “subscription-attributes-tag” delimits Subscription Template Attributes Groups in requests and
2228 Subscription Attributes Groups in responses.

2229 The “event-notification-attributes-tag” delimits Event Notifications in Delivery Methods that use an
2230 IPP-like encoding.

2231 The following table specifies the values for the delimiter tags:

Tag Value (Hex)	Meaning
0x06	“subscription-attributes-tag”
0x07	“event-notification-attributes-tag”

2232 19 References

2233 [IANA-CON]

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 2236 1998.

2237 [ipp-not-req]

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2240 [ipp-prog]

2241 Hastings, T., Bergman, R., Lewis, H., “IPP: Job Progress Attributes”, <draft-ietf-ipp-job-prog-
 2242 03.txt> work in progress, January 23July 17, 2001.

2243 [ipp-set]

2244 Kugler, C., Hastings, T., Herriot, R., Lewis, H., “Internet Printing Protocol (IPP): Job and Printer Set
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2246 [RFC2026]

2247 S. Bradner, "The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3", RFC 2026, October 1996.

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 2252 RFC 2396, August 1998.

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2256 [RFC2566]

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2260 Wright, D., “Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol”, RFC 2567, April 1999.

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- 2264 [RFC2569]
2265 Herriot, R., Hastings, T., Jacobs, N., Martin, J., "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols", RFC
2266 2569, April 1999.
- 2267 [RFC2717]
2268 R. Petke and I. King, "Registration Procedures for URL Scheme Names", RFC 2717, November
2269 1999.
- 2270 [RFC2910]
2271 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Turner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and
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- 2273 [RFC2911]
2274 deBry, R., , Hastings, T., Herriot, R., Isaacson, S., Powell, P., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1:
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2276 **20 Author's Addresses**

- 2277 Robert Herriot
2278 Xerox Corporation
2279 3400 Hillview Ave., Bldg #1
2280 Palo Alto, CA 94304
2281
2282 Phone: 650-813-7696
2283 Fax: 650-813-6860
2284 Email: robert.herriot@pahv.xerox.com
2285
- 2286 Tom Hastings
2287 Xerox Corporation
2288 737 Hawaii St. ESAE 231
2289 El Segundo, CA 90245
2290
2291 Phone: 310-333-6413
2292 Fax: 310-333-5514
2293 e-mail: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com
2294
- 2295 Scott A. Isaacson
2296 Novell, Inc.
2297 122 E 1700 S
2298 Provo, UT 84606
2299

2300 Phone: 801-861-7366
2301 Fax: 801-861-2517
2302 e-mail: sisacson@novell.com
2303
2304 Roger deBry
2305 Utah Valley State College
2306 Orem, UT 84058
2307
2308 Phone: (801) 222-8000
2309 EMail: debryro@uvsc.edu
2310
2311 Jay Martin
2312 Underscore Inc.
2313 9 Jacqueline St.
2314 Hudson, NH 03051-5308
2315 603-889-7000
2316 fax: 775-414-0245
2317 e-mail: jkm@underscore.com
2318
2319 Michael Shepherd
2320 Xerox Corporation
2321 800 Phillips Road MS 128-51E
2322 Webster, NY 14450
2323
2324 Phone: 716-422-2338
2325 Fax: 716-265-8871
2326 e-mail: mshepherd@crt.xerox.com
2327
2328 Ron Bergman
2329 Hitachi Koki Imaging Solutions
2330 1757 Tapo Canyon Road
2331 Simi Valley, CA 93063-3394
2332
2333 Phone: 805-578-4421
2334 Fax: 805-578-4001
2335 Email: rbergma@hitachi-hkis.com
2336
2337 IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>
2338 IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org
2339
2340 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:
2341 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org
2342 2) leave the subject line blank
2343 3) put the following two lines in the message body:
2344 subscribe ipp

2345 end

2346

2347 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to
2348 participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional
2349 attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so you
2350 must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

2351 **A. Appendix - Model for Notification with Cascading Printers**

2352 With this model (see Figure 2), there is an intervening Print server between the human user and the
2353 output-device. So the system effectively has two Printers. There are two cases to consider.

2354 1. When the Printer 1 (in the server) generates Events, the system behaves like the client and Printer in
2355 Figure 1. In this case, Printer 1 sends Event Notifications that are shown as Event Notifications (A)
2356 of Figure 2,.

2357 2. When the Printer 2 (in the output-device) generates Events, there are two possible system
2358 configurations:

2359 a) Printer 1 forwards the client-supplied Subscription Creation Operations to the downstream
2360 Printer 2 and lets Printer 2 send the Event Notifications directly to the Notification Recipients
2361 supplied by the Client (Event Notifications(C) in the diagram).

2362 b) Printer 1 performs the client-supplied Subscription Creation Operations and also forwards the
2363 Subscription Creation Operations to Printer 2 with the Notification Recipient changed to be the
2364 Printer 1. When an Event occurs in Printer 2, Printer 2 sends the Event Notification (B) to
2365 Notification Recipient of Printer 1, which relays the received Event Notification (B) to the client-
2366 supplied Notification Recipient (as Event Notifications(A) in the diagram). Note, when a client
2367 performs a Subscription Creation Operation, Printer 1 need not forward the Subscription
2368 Creation Operation to Printer 2 if it would create a duplicate Subscription Object on Printer 2.

2369 Note: when Printer 1 is forwarding Subscription Creation Operations to Printer 2, it may request Printer
2370 2 to create additional Subscription Objects (called “piggy-backing”). Piggy-backing is useful when:

2371 ? Device A is configured to accept (IPP or non-IPP) requests from other servers.

2372 ? Server S wants to receive Job Events that the client didn't request and Server S wants these
2373 Events for jobs it submits and not for other jobs.

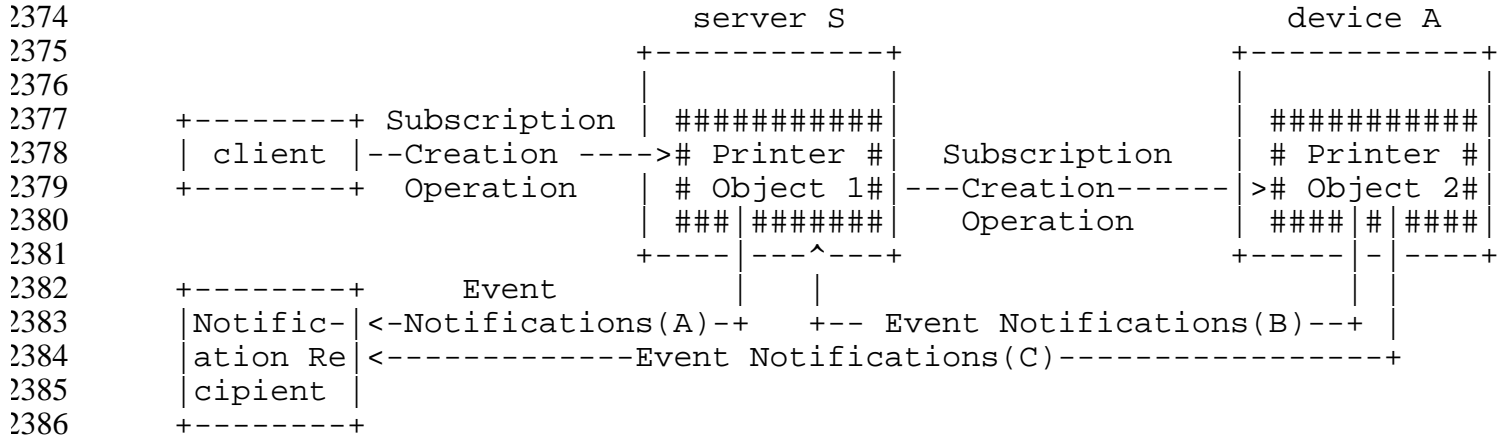


Figure 2 – Model for Notification with Cascading Printers

2387

B. Appendix - Distributed Model for Notification

2388

2389 A Printer implementation could use some other remote notification service to provide some or most of
2390 the service. For example, the remote notification service could send Event Notifications using Delivery
2391 Methods that are not directly supported by the output device or server. Or, the remote notification
2392 service could store Subscription Objects (passed to it from the output device in response to
2393 Subscription Creation requests), accept Events, format the Event Notification in the natural language of
2394 the Notification Recipient, and send the Event Notifications to the Notification Recipient(s).

2395 Figure 3 shows this partitioning. The interface between the output device (or server) and the remote
2396 notification service is outside the scope of this document and is intended to be transparent to the client
2397 and this document. The combination of the output device (or server) and the notification service
2398 together constitute an IPP Printer conforming to this Notification document.

2399

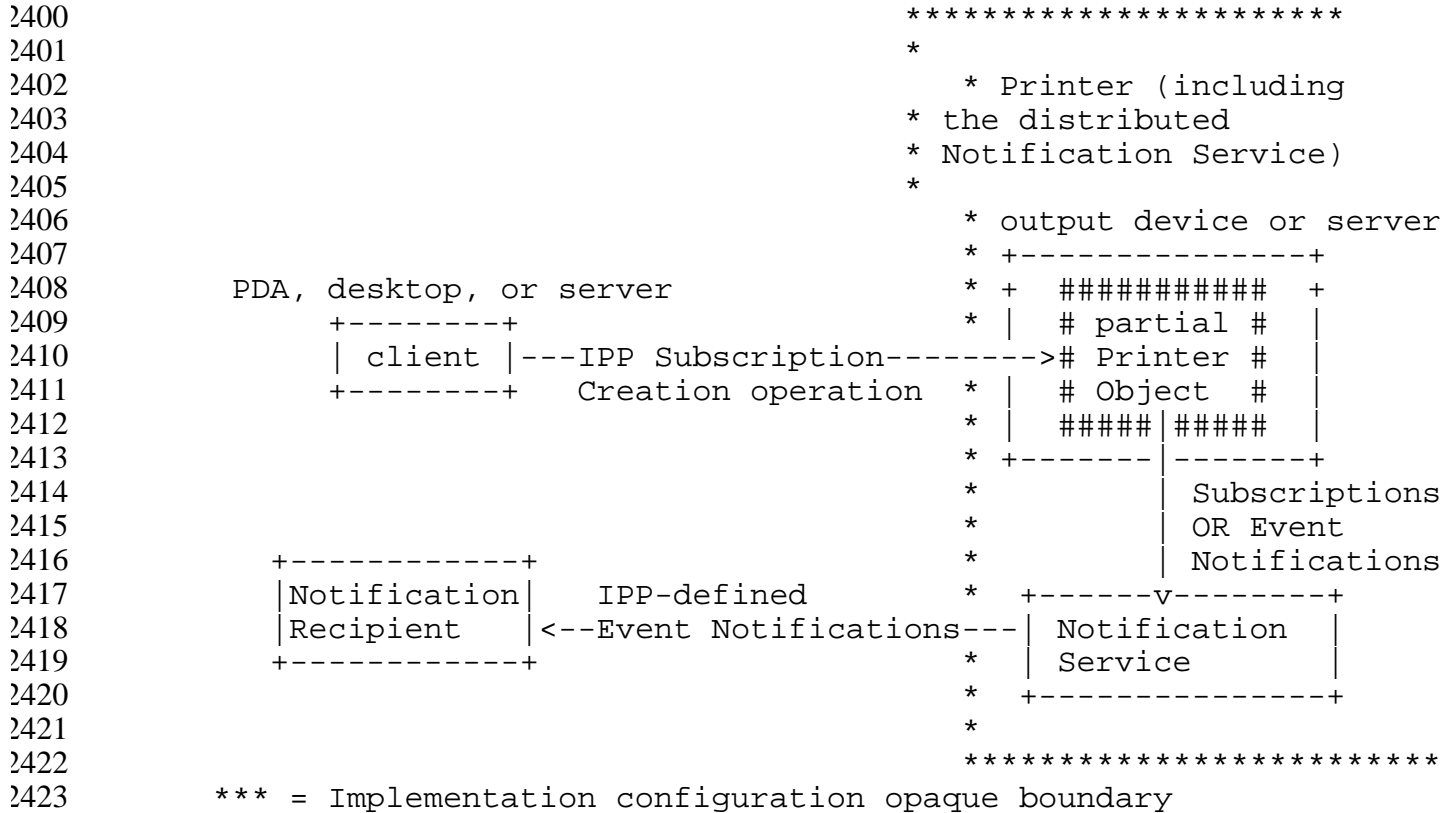


Figure 3 – Opaque Use of a Notification Service Transparent to the Client

C. Appendix - Extended Notification Recipient

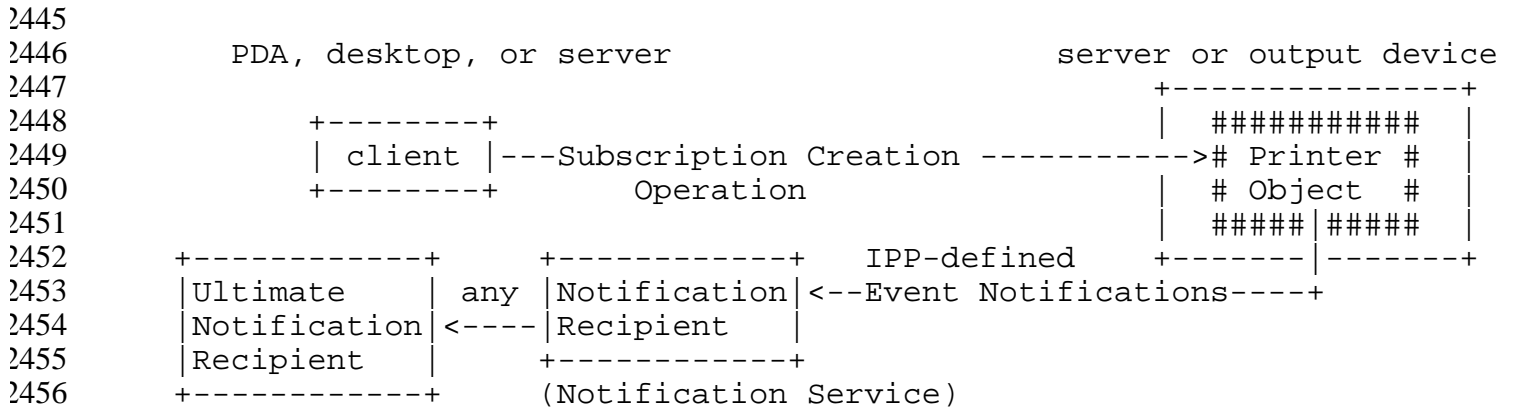
The model allows for an extended Notification Recipient that is itself a notification service that forwards each Event Notification to another recipient (called the Ultimate Notification Recipient in this section). The Delivery Method to the Ultimate Recipient is probably different from the Delivery Method used by the Printer to the extended Notification Recipient.

This extended Notification Recipient is transparent to the Printer but not to the client.

When a client performs a Subscription Creation Operation, it specifies the extended Notification Recipient as it would any Notification Recipient. In addition, the client specifies the Ultimate Notification Recipient in the Subscription Creation Operation in a manner specified by the extended Notification Recipient. Typically, it is either some bytes in the value of “notify-user-data” or some additional parameter in the value of “notify-recipient-uri”. The client also subscribes directly with the extended Notification Recipient (by means outside this document), since it is a notification service in its own right.

The IPP Printer treats the extended Notification Recipient like any other Notification Recipient and the IPP Printer is not aware of the forwarding. The Delivery Method that the extended Notification Recipient uses for delivering the Event Notification to the Ultimate Notification Recipient is beyond the scope of this document and is transparent to the IPP Printer.

2443 Examples of this extended Notification Recipient are paging, immediate messaging services, general
 2444 notification services, and NOS vendors' infrastructure. Figure 4 shows this approach.



2457 **Figure 4 – Use of an Extended Notification Recipient transparent to the Printer**

2458 D. Appendix - Details about Conformance Terminology

2459 The following paragraphs provide more details about conformance terminology.

2460 **REQUIRED** - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming IPP Printer implementation **MUST**
 2461 support the indicated operation, object, attribute, attribute value, status code, or out-of-band value
 2462 in requests and responses. See [RFC2911] "Appendix A - Terminology for a definition of
 2463 "support". *Since support of this entire Notification specification is OPTIONAL for*
 2464 *conformance to IPP/1.0 or IPP/1.1, the use of the term REQUIRED in this document means*
 2465 *"REQUIRED if this OPTIONAL Notification specification is implemented".*

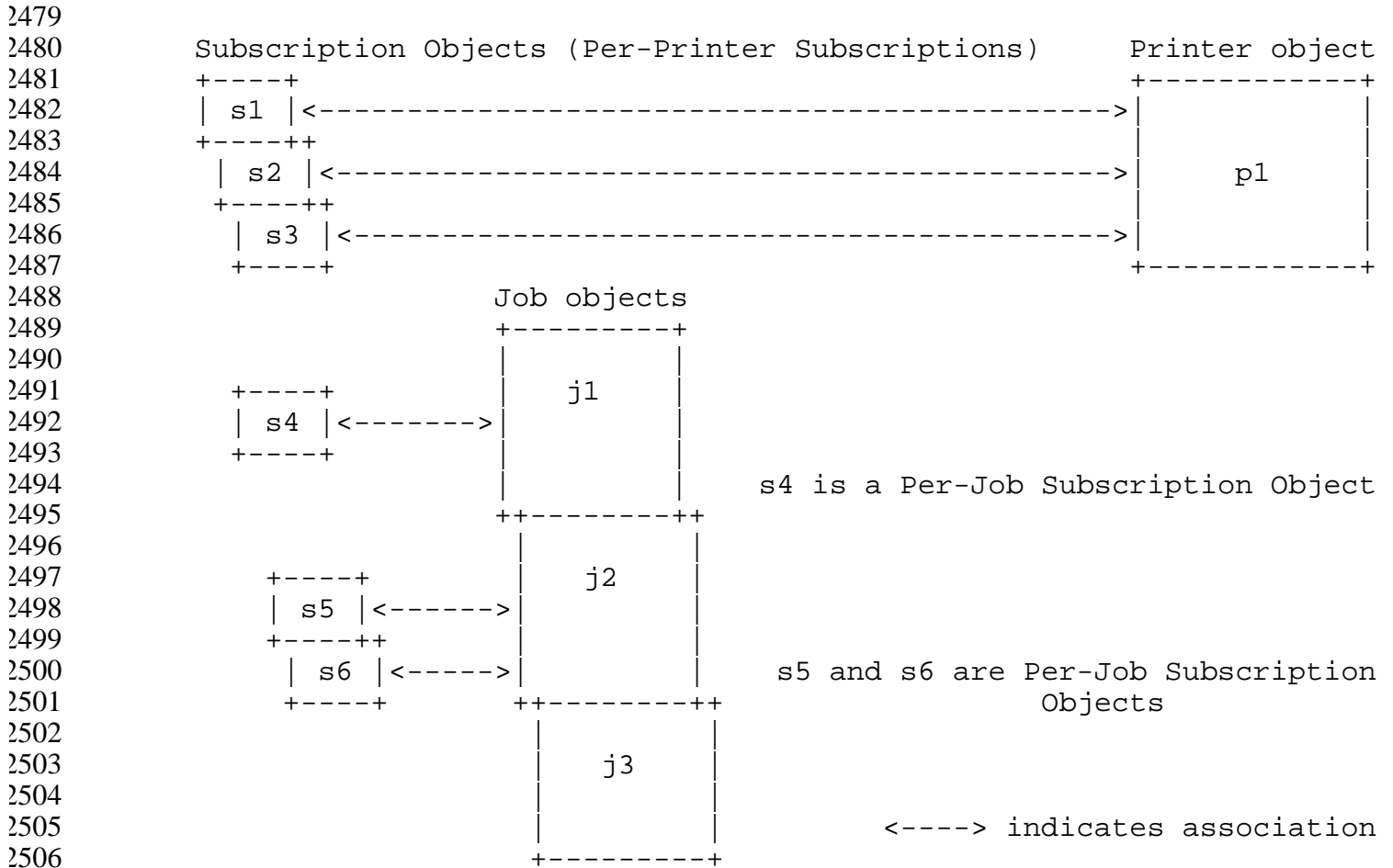
2466 **RECOMMENDED** - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming IPP Printer implementation is
 2467 recommended to support the indicated operation, object, attribute, attribute value, status code, or
 2468 out-of-band value in requests and responses. *Since support of this entire Notification*
 2469 *specification is OPTIONAL for conformance to IPP/1.0 or IPP/1.1, the use of the term*
 2470 *RECOMMENDED in this document means "RECOMMENDED if this OPTIONAL*
 2471 *Notification specification is implemented".*

2472 **OPTIONAL** - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming IPP Printer implementation **MAY**, but is
 2473 **NOT REQUIRED** to, support the indicated operation, object, attribute, attribute value, status
 2474 code, or out-of-band value in requests and responses.

2475 E. Appendix - Object Model for Notification

2476 This section describes the Notification object model that adds a Subscription Object which together
 2477 with the Job and Printer object provide the complete Notification semantics.

2478 The object relationships can be seen pictorially as:



2507 **Figure 5 – Object Model for Notification**

2508 s1, s2, and s3 are Per-Printer Subscription Objects and can identify Printer and/or Job Events.

2509 s4, s5, and s6 are Per-Job Subscription Objects and can identify Printer and/or Job Events.

2510 E.1 Appendix - Object relationships

2511 This sub-section defines the object relationships between the Printer, Job, and Subscription Objects by
 2512 example. Whether Per-Printer Subscription Objects are actually contained in a Printer object or are just
 2513 bi-directionally associated with them in some way is IMPLEMENTATION DEPENDENT and is
 2514 transparent to the client. Similarly, whether Per-Job Subscription Objects are actually contained in a
 2515 Job object or are just bi-directionally associated with them in some way is IMPLEMENTATION
 2516 DEPENDENT and is transparent to the client. The object relationships are defined as follows:

2517 E.2 Printer Object and Per-Printer Subscription Objects

- 2518 1. The Printer object contains (is associated with) zero or more Per-Printer Subscription Objects
 2519 (p1 contains s1-s3 Per-Printer Subscription Objects).

- 2520 2. Each Per-Printer Subscription Object (s1, s2, and s3) is contained in (or is associated with)
2521 exactly one Printer object (p1).

2522 **E.3 Job Object and Per-Job Subscription Objects**

- 2523 1. A Job object (j1, j2, j3) is associated with zero or more Per-Job Subscription Objects (s4-s6).
2524 Job j1 is associated with Per-Job Subscription Object s4, Job j2 is associated with Per-Job
2525 Subscription Objects s5 and s6, and Job j3 is not associated with any Per-Job Subscription
2526 Object.

- 2527 2. Each Per-Job Subscription Object is associated with exactly one Job object.

2528 **F. Appendix - Per-Job versus Per-Printer Subscription Objects**

2529 Per-Job and Per-Printer Subscription Objects are quite similar. Either type of Subscription Object can
2530 subscribe to Job Events, Printer Events, or both. Both types of Subscription Objects can be queried
2531 using the Get-Subscriptions and Get-Subscription-Attributes operations and canceled using the Cancel-
2532 Subscription operation. Both types of Subscription Objects create Subscription Objects which have the
2533 same Subscription Object attributes defined. However, there are some semantic differences between
2534 Per-Job Subscription Objects and Per-Printer Subscription Objects. A Per-Job Subscription Object is
2535 established by the client when submitting a job and after creating the job using the Create-Job-
2536 Subscriptions operation by specifying the “job-id” of the Job with the “notify-job-id” attribute. A Per-
2537 Printer Subscription Object is established between a client and a Printer using the Create-Printer-
2538 Subscriptions operation. Some specific differences are:

- 2539 1. A client usually creates one or more Per-Job Subscription Objects as part of the Job Creation
2540 operations (Create-Job, Print-Job, and Print-URI), rather than using the OPTIONAL Create-Job-
2541 Subscriptions operation, especially since Printer implementations NEED NOT support the
2542 Create-Job-Subscriptions operation, since it is OPTIONAL.
- 2543 2. For Per-Job Subscription Objects, the Subscription Object is only valid while the job is “not-
2544 complete” (see sections 5.4.3) while for the Per-Printer Subscription Objects, the Subscription
2545 Object is valid until the time (in seconds) that the Printer returned in the “notify-lease-expiration-
2546 time” operation attribute.
- 2547 3. Job Events in a Per-Job Subscription Object apply only to “one job” (the Job created by the Job
2548 Creation operation or references by the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation) while Job Events in
2549 a Per-Printer Subscription Object apply to ALL jobs contained in the IPP Printer.

2550 **G. Appendix - Description of the base IPP documents**

2551 The base set of IPP documents includes:

2552 [Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol \[RFC2567\]](#)
2553 [Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol \[RFC2568\]](#)
2554 [Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics \[RFC2911\]](#)
2555 [Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport \[RFC2910\]](#)
2556 [Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide \[IPP-IIG\]](#)
2557 [Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols \[RFC2569\]](#)
2558
2559 [The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed](#)
2560 [printing functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to](#)
2561 [be included in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users:](#)
2562 [end users, operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied](#)
2563 [in IPP/1.0 \[RFC2566, RFC2565\]. A few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1](#)
2564 [\[RFC2911, RFC2910\].](#)

2565 [The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document](#)
2566 [describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of](#)
2567 [IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF IPP working group's](#)
2568 [major decisions.](#)

2569 [The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics" document describes a simplified model with](#)
2570 [abstract objects, their attributes, and their operations. The model introduces a Printer and a Job. The](#)
2571 [Job supports multiple documents per Job. The model document also addresses how security,](#)
2572 [internationalization, and directory issues are addressed.](#)

2573 [The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the](#)
2574 [abstract operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 \[RFC2616\]. It also](#)
2575 [defines the encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document](#)
2576 [also defines the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is](#)
2577 ["application/ipp". This document defines the 'ipp' scheme for identifying IPP printers and jobs.](#)

2578 [The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to](#)
2579 [implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some](#)
2580 [of the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object](#)
2581 [implementations. For example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking.](#)
2582 [Motivation for some of the specification decisions is also included.](#)

2583 [The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of](#)
2584 [gateways between IPP and LPD \(Line Printer Daemon\) implementations.](#)

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