#### INTERNET-DRAFT

Robert Herriot (editor) 1 Sun Microsystems, Inc. 2 Tom Hastings 3 4 Xerox Corporation 5 Norm Jacobs Sun Microsystems, Inc. 6 Jay Martin 7 8 Underscore, Inc. November 20, 1997 9 10 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols 11 draft-ietf-ipp-lpd-ipp-map-02.txt 12 Copyright © The Internet Society (date). All Rights Reserved. 13 14 **Status of this Memo** 15 This document is an Internet-Draft. Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its 16 areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. 17 Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by 18 19 other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress." 20 To learn the current status of any Internet-Draft, please check the "1id-abstracts.txt" listing contained in the Internet-21 Drafts Shadow Directories on ftp.is.co.za (Africa), nic.nordu.net (Europe), munnari.oz.au (Pacific Rim), ds.internic.net 22 (US East Coast), or ftp.isi.edu (US West Coast). 23 **Abstract** 24 This Internet-Draft specifies the mapping between (1) the commands and operands of the "Line Printer Daemon (LPD) 25 Protocol" specified in RFC 1179 and (2) the operations and parameters of the Internet Printing Protocol (IPP). One of 26 27 the purposes of this document is to compare the functionality of the two protocols. Another purpose is to facilitate implementation of gateways between LPD and IPP. 28 This document is an informational document that is not on the standards track. It is intended to help implementors of 29 gateways between IPP and LPD. It also provides an example, which gives additional insight into IPP. 30 WARNING: RFC 1179 was not on standards track. While RFC 1179 was intended to record existing practice, it fell 31 short in some areas. However, this specification maps between (1) the actual current practice of RFC 1179 and (2) IPP. 32 This document does not attempt to map the numerous divergent extensions to the LPD protocol that have been made by 33 34 many implementers.

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# Mapping between the LPD and IPP Protocols

## 1. Introduction

- The reader of this specification is expected to be familiar with the IPP Model and Semantics specification [ipp-mod], the IPP
- Protocol specification [ipp-pro], and the Line Printer Daemon (LPD) protocol specification [rfc1179] as described in RFC 1179.
- 78 RFC 1179 was written in 1990 in an attempt to document existing LPD protocol implementations. Since then, a number of
- 79 undocumented extensions have been made by vendors to support functionality specific to their printing solutions. All of these
- 80 extensions consist of additional control file commands. This document does not address any of these vendor extensions. Rather
- it addresses existing practice within the context of the features described by RFC 1179. Deviations of existing practice from RFC
- 82 1179 are so indicated.
- 83 Other LPD control file commands in RFC 1179 are obsolete. They are intended to work on "text" only formats and are
- inappropriate for many contemporary document formats that completely specify each page. This document does not address the
- support of these obsolete features.
- In the area of document formats, also known as page description languages (PDL), RFC 1179 defines a fixed set with no
- 87 capability for extension. Consequently, some new PDL's are not supported, and some of those that are supported are sufficiently
- unimportant now that they have not been registered for use with the Printer MIB[rfc1759] and IPP[ipp-mod] [ipp-pro], though
- they could be registered if desired. See the Printer MIB specification [rfc1759] and/or the IPP Model specification [ipp-mod] for
- instructions for registration of document-formats with IANA. IANA lists the registered document-formats as "printer languages".
- This document addresses the protocol mapping for both directions: mapping of the LPD protocol to the IPP protocol and
- mapping of the IPP protocol to the LPD protocol. The former is called the "LPD-to-IPP mapper" and the latter is called the "IPP-
- 93 to-LPD mapper".

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- This document is an informational document that is not on the standards track. It is intended to help implementors of gateways
- between IPP and LPD. It also provides an example, which gives additional insight into IPP.

## 2. Terminology

- 97 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT",
- 98 "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [abnf].
- 99 RFC 1179 uses the word "command" in two contexts: for over-the-wire operations and for command file functions. This
- document SHALL use the word "command" for the former and the phrase "functions" for the latter. The syntax of the LPD
- commands is given using ABNF [abnf].
- The following tokens are used in order to make the syntax more readable:
- LF stands for %x0A (linefeed)
- SP stands for %x20. (space)
- DIGIT stands for %x30-39 ("0" to "9")

# 3. Mapping from LPD Commands to IPP Operations

This section describes the mapping from LPD commands to IPP operations. Each of the following sub-sections appear as subsections of section 5 of RFC 1179.

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The following table summarizes the IPP operation that the mapper uses when it receives an LPD command. Each section below gives more detail.

#### LPD command

#### **IPP** operation

print-any-waiting-jobs receive-a-printer-job send queue state (short or long) remove-jobs ignore
Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document
Get-Attributes (printer) and Get-Jobs
Cancel-Job

## 3.1 Print any waiting jobs

112 Command syntax:

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- print-waiting-jobs = %x01 printer-name LF
- This command causes the LPD daemon check its queue and print any waiting jobs. An IPP printer handles waiting jobs without
- such a nudge.
- 116 If the mapper receives this LPD command, it SHALL ignore it and send no IPP operation.

## 3.2 Receive a printer job

- 118 Command syntax:
- receive-job =  $\% \times 02$  printer-name LF
- 120 The control file and data files mentioned in the following paragraphs are received via LPD sub-commands that follow this
- command. Their mapping to IPP commands and attributes is described later in this section.
- The mapper maps the 'Receive a printer job' command to either:
  - the Print-Job operation which includes a single data file or
  - the Create-Job operation followed by one Send-Document operation for each data file.
- 125 If the IPP printer supports both Create-Job and Send-Document, and if a job consists of:
  - a single data file, the mapper SHOULD use the Print-Job operation, but MAY use the Create-Job and Send-Document operations.
  - more than one data file, the mapper SHALL use Create-Job followed by one Send-Document for each received LPD data file.
- 130 If the IPP printer does not support both Create-Job and Send-Document, and if a job consists of:
  - a single data file, the mapper SHALL use the PrintJob operation.
- more than one data file, the mapper SHALL submit each received LPD data file as a separate Print-Job operation (thereby converting a single LPD job into multiple IPP jobs).
- 134 If the mapper uses Create-Job and Send-Document, it MUST send the Create-Job operation before it sends any Send-Document 135 operations whether the LPD control file, which supplies attributes for Create-Job, arrives before or after all LPD data files.

- NOTE: This specification does *not* specify how the mapper maps: the LPD Printer-name operand to the IPP "printer-uri"
- 137 parameter.

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- The following 3 sub-sections gives further details about the mapping from LPD receive-a-printer-job sub-commands. Each of
- the following sub-sections appear as sub-sections of section 6 of RFC 1179.
- 140 ISSUE: the mapper needs to maintain information such as the mapping of each job-number to its corresponding job-URI. It
- would be nice for IPP to support an "scratch-pad" attribute for the mapper to encode such information. Then it wouldn't have to
- 142 maintain this information separately.

## 3.2.1 Abort job

144 Sub-command syntax:

```
abort-job = %x1 LF
```

- This sub-command of receive-a-printer-job is intended to abort any job transfer in process.
- 147 If the mapper receives this sub-command, it SHALL cancel the job that it is in the process of transmitting.
- 148 If the mapper is in the process of sending a Print-Job or Create-Job operation, it terminates the job either by closing the
- connection, or performing the Cancel-Job operation with the job-uri that it received from the Print-Job or Create-Job operation.
- NOTE: This sub-command is implied if at any time the connection between the LPD client and server is terminated before an
- entire print job has been transferred via an LPD Receive-a-printer-job request.

#### 3.2.2 Receive control file

153 Sub-command syntax:

```
receive-control-file = %x2 number-of-bytes SP name-of-control-file LF
```

- number-of-bytes = 1\*DIGIT
- name-of-control-file = "cfA" job-number client-host-name
- ; e.g. "cfA123woden"
- iob-number = 3DIGIT
- client-host-name = <a host name>
- This sub-command is roughly equivalent to the IPP Create-Job operation.
- 161 The mapper SHALL use the contents of the received LPD control file to create IPP parameter and attribute values to transmit
- with the Print-Job or Create-Job operation.

### 3.2.3 Receive data file

Sub-command syntax: %x3 number-of-bytes-in-data-file Name-of-data-file

```
receive-data-file = \% x03 number-of-bytes SP name-of-data-file LF
```

number-of-bytes = 1\*DIGIT

name-of-data-file = "df" letter job-number client-host-name

; e.g. "dfA123woden for the first file

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```
letter = \% x41-5A / \% x61-7A; "A" to "Z", "a" to "z"
169
                             ; first file is "A".
170
                             ; second "B", and 52nd file is "z"
171
172
          job-number = 3DIGIT
          client-host-name = <a host name>
173
```

- This sub-command is roughly equivalent to the IPP Send-Document operation. 174
- The mapper SHALL use the contents of the received LPD data file as the data to transmit with the IPP Print-Job or Send-175
- Document operation. 176
- Although RFC-1179 alludes to a method for passing an unspecified length data file by using an octet-count of zero, no 177
- implementations support this feature.. The mapper SHALL reject a job that has a value of 0 in the number-of-bytes field. 178

## 3.3 Send queue state (short)

180 Command syntax:

179

199 200

203

- send-queue-short = %x03 printer-name \*(SP(user-name / job-number)) LF 181
- The mapper's response to this command includes information about the printer and its jobs. RFC 1179 specifies neither the 182
- information nor the format of its response. This document requires the mapper to follow existing practice as specified in this 183
- document. 184
- The mapper SHALL produce a response in the following format which consists of a printer-status line optionally followed by a 185
- heading line, and a list of jobs. This format is defined by examples below. Appendix A contains the ABNF syntax. 186
- For an printer with no jobs, the response starts in column 1 and is: 187
- no entries 188
- For a printer with jobs, an example of the response is: 189

190	killtre	ee is ready	and printing		
191	Rank	Owner	Job	Files	Total Size
192	active	fred	123	stuff	1204 bytes
193	1st	smith	124	resume, foo	34576 bytes
194	2nd	fred	125	more	99 bytes
195	3rd	mary	126	mydoc	378 bytes
196	4th	jones	127	statistics.ps	4567 bytes
197	5th	fred	128	data.txt	9 bytes
198					

The column numbers of above headings and job entries are:

201					
202	01	08	19	35	63

IDD attailanta

204 The mapper SHALL produce each field above from the following IPP attribute:

LPD Heid	IPP altribute	special conversion details
printer-status	printer-state and printer-state-reasons	For a printer-state of idle or processing, the mapper SHALL use the formats above. For stopped, the mapper SHALL use
		printer-state-reasons to produce an unspecified format for the

amagial consumsion datails

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I DD field

			error.
i	rank	number-of-intervening-jobs	the mapper SHALL the format above
	owner	job-originating-user <u>-name</u>	unspecified conversion; job-originating-user-name-may be
Ì			the mapper's user-name
	job	job- <u>id</u> uri	the mapper shall use the job-id unspecified conversion
	files	document-name	the mapper shall create a comma separated list of the document-names and then truncate this list to the first 24
			characters
	total-size	job-k-octets*copies*1024	the mapper shall multiple the value of job-k-octets by 1024
205			and by the value of the "copies" attribute.
203			
206			g-jobs rather than the job's position in a list of jobs to determine
207			et. If a printer doesn't support the job attribute number-of-
208	intervening-jobs, a map	oper MAY use the job's position.	
209	ISSUE: is job-k-octets	the sum of the bytes of each document ti	mes the number of copies? If so, "total-size" is 1024 times job-k-
210		ument needs clarification.	1
	ICCLUS 4 1 C' 1		1 ' IDD
211		-	murky in IPP especially where the IPP client is a proxy for some
212	user coming from elsew	mere.	
213	In order to obtain the in	nformation specified above, The LPD-to-	IPP mapper SHALL use the Get-Attributes operation of the
214	printer to get printer-sta	atus and SHOULD use the Get-Jobs operatus	ation to get information about all of the jobs. If the LPD
215	command contains job-	numbers or user-names, the mapper MA	Y handles the filtering of the response because Get-Jobs has no
216			and contains job-numbers but no user-names, the mapper MAY
217			et-Jobs. If the LPD command contains a single user-name but no
218			jobs option if the server supports this option and if the server
219	allows the client to be a	a proxy for the LPD user.	
220	NOTE: This specificat	ion does <i>not</i> define how the mapper map	s the LPD Printer-name operand to the IPP "printer-uri"
221	parameter.	11 1	
	246 1	4.4	
222	3.4 Send queue st	ate (long)	
223	Command syntax:		
224	send-queue-long = 9	%x04 printer-name *(SP(user-name / job	-number)) LF
225	The manner's manner	to this command includes informed and	sout the minten and its iche DEC 1170ifiithitititititititit
225			pout the printer and its jobs. RFC 1179 specifies neither the res the mapper to follow existing practice as specified in this
226 227	document.	mat of its response. This document requir	es the mapper to follow existing practice as specified in this
221	document.		
228	The mapper SHALL pr	oduce a response in the following format	which consists of a printer-status line optionally followed a list
229			e, and one line for each file. The description line contains the
230	user-name, rank, job-nu	imber and host. This format is defined by	examples below. Appendix B contain the ABNF syntax.
231	For an printer with no jo	obs the response is:	
222			
232	no entries		

For a printer with jobs, an example of the response is:

```
killtree is ready and printing
234
235
236
     fred: active
                                              [job 123 tiger]
237
               2 copies of stuff
                                              602 bytes
238
                                              [iob 124 snail]
239
     smith: 1st
               2 copies of resume
240
                                              7088 bytes
                                              10200 bytes
241
               2 copies of foo
242
243
     fred: 2nd
                                              [job 125 tiger]
                                              99 bytes
244
               more
```

The column numbers of above headings and job entries are:

247248249



250251252

253

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Although the format of the long form is different from the format of the short form, their fields are identical except for <u>a</u>) the copies and host fields which are only in the long form, and <u>b</u>) the "size" field contains the single copy size of each file. Thus the sum of the file sizes in the "size" field times the value of the "copies" field produces the value for the "Total Size" field in the short form. For fields other than the host and copies fields, see the preceding section. For the host field see the table below.

LPD field	IPP attribute	special conversion details
host	job-originating-host	unspecified conversion; job-originating-host may be the mapper's host
copies	copies	the mapper shall assume the value of copies precedes the string "copies of"; otherwise, the value of copies is 1.

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NOTE: This specification does *not* define how the mapper maps the LPD Printer-name operand to the IPP printer-uri parameter.

## 3.5 Remove jobs

258 Command syntax:

```
remove-jobs = %x05 printer-name SP agent *(SP(user-name / job-number)) LF
```

- The agent operand is the user-name of the user initiating the remove-jobs command. The special user-name 'root' indicates a privileged user who can remove jobs whose user-name differs from the agent.
- The mapper SHALL issue one Cancel-Job operation for each job referenced by the remove-jobs command. Each job-number in the remove-jobs command references a single job. Each user-name in the remove-jobs command implicitly references all jobs
- owned by the specified user. The active job is implicitly referenced when the remove-jobs command contains neither job-
- numbers nor user-names. The mapper MAY use Get-Jobs to determine the job-uri of implicitly referenced jobs.
- The mapper SHALL not use the agent name of 'root' when end-users cancel their own jobs. Violation of this rule creates a potential security violation, and it may cause the printer to issue a notification that misleads a user into thinking that some other
- person canceled the job.
- 270 If the agent of a remove-jobs command for a job J is the same as the user name specified with the 'P' function in the control file
- for job J, then the mapper SHALL ensure that the caller of the Cancel-Job command for job J is the same as job-originating-user
- for job J.

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- 273 Note: This requirement means that a mapper must be consistent in who the receiver perceives as the caller of IPP operations. The
- mapper either acts as itself or acts on behalf of another user. The latter is preferable if it is possible. This consistency is necessary 274
- between Print-Job/Create-Job and Cancel-Job in order for Cancel-Job to work, but it is also desirable for other operations. For 2.75
- 276 example, Get-Jobs may give more information about job submitted by the caller of this operation.
- NOTE: This specification does *not* define how the mapper maps: (1) the LPD printer-name to the IPP "printer-uri" or (2) the 277
- LPD job-number to the IPP "job-uri". 278
- NOTE: This specification does not specify how the mapper maps the LPD user-name to the IPP job-originating-user because the 279
- mapper may use its own user-name with jobs. 280

# 4. Mapping of LPD Control File Lines to IPP Parameters

- This section describes the mapping from LPD control file lines (called 'functions') to IPP operation input parameters. The 282
- mapper receives the control file lines via the LPD receive-control-file sub-command.. Each of the LPD functions appear as sub-283
- sections of section 7 of RFC 1179. 284

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- In LPD control file lines, the text operands have a maximum length of 31 or 99 while IPP input parameters have a maximum of 285
- 286 255 characters. Therefore, no data is lost.
- The mapper converts each supported LPD function to its corresponding IPP parameter as defined by tables in the subsections that 287
- follow. These subsections group functions according to whether they are: 288
- required with a job, 289
  - optional with a job
- required with each document. 291
- In the tables below, each LPD value is given a name, such as 'h'. If an IPP value uses the LPD value, then the IPP value column 292
- contains the LPD name, such as 'h' to denote this. Otherwise, the IPP value column specifies the literal value. 293

## 4.1 Required Job Functions

- The following LPD functions MUST be in a received LPD job. The mapper SHALL receive each of the following LPD functions 295 296 and SHALL include the information as a parameter with each IPP job. The functions SHOULD be in the order 'H', 'P' and they
- SHOULD be the first two functions in the control file, but they MAY be anywhere in the control file and in any order. 297

LPD function			IPP	
name	value	description	name	value
Н	h	Originating Host		h (in security layer)
P	и	User identification		<i>u</i> (in security layer and operation attribute)
·		none	best-effort	'true'

- 298 A mapper MAY sends its own host rather than the client's host, and a mapper MAY send its own user-name as user identification
- 299 rather than the client user. But in any case, the values sent SHALL be compatible with the Cancel-Job operation. The IPP
- operation MAY have no way to specify an originating host-name. 300
- ISSUE: what do we do about job-orginating-host? 301
- The mapper SHALL include best-effort=true so that it doesn't have to determine which attributes a printer supports. 302

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## 4.2 Optional Job Functions

The following LPD functions MAY be in a received job. These function SHOULD follow the required job functions and precede 304 the document functions, but they MAY be anywhere in the control file. 305

If the mapper receives such an LPD function, the mapper SHALL include the corresponding IPP attribute with the value converted as specified in the table below. If the mapper does not receive such an LPD attribute, the mapper SHALL NOT include the corresponding IPP attribute, except the 'L' LPD function whose absence has a special meaning as noted in the table.

LPD function		IPP		
name	value	description	name	value
J	j	Job name for banner page	job-name	j
L	l	Print banner page	job-sheets	'standard' if 'L' is present 'none' if 'L' is present
M	m	Mail When Printed	notification-events notification-method	IPP has no notification mechanism. To support this LPD feature, the gateway must poll 'job-completion' 'mailto://'m'@'h

Note: 'm' is the user name and not an email address. The mapper can fabricate an email address with the source host. This email 309 address mail fail when the 'h' is some intermediary host that doesn't know about user 'm'. But there is no better solution. 310

## **4.3 Required Document Functions**

The mapper SHALL receive one set of the required document functions with each copy of a document, and SHALL include the 312 converted information as parameters with each IPP document 313

If the control file contains required and recommended document functions, the required functions SHOULD precede the recommended ones and if the job contains multiple documents, all the functions for each document are grouped together as shown in the example of section 6.3 "Required Document Functions". However, the document functions MAY be in any order.

LPD function		IPP		
name	value	description	name	value
f	fff	Print formatted file	document-format	'application/octet-stream'37 (langAutomatic)
1	fff	Print file leaving control characters	document-format	'application/octet-stream'37 (langAutomatic)
0	fff	Print Postscript output file	document-format	'application/PostScript'6 (langPS).

see note

copies 318 Note: In practice, the 'f' LPD function is often overloaded. It is often used with any format of document data including PostScript and PCL data. 319

Note: In practice, the '1' LPD function is often used as a rough equivalent to the 'f' function. 320

Note: When RFC 1179 was written, no implementation supported the 'o' function; instead 'f' was used for PostScript. Windows 321 322 NT now sends 'o' function for a PostScript file.

Note: the value 'fff' of the 'f', 'l' and 'o' functions is the name of the data file as transferred, e.g. "dfA123woden".

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- 324 If the mapper receives any other lower case letter, the mapper SHALL reject the job because the document contains a format that
- 325 the mapper does not support.
- The mapper determines the number of copies by counting the number of occurrences of each 'fff' file with one of the lower-case
- functions above. For example, if 'f dfA123woden' occurs 4 times, then copies has a value of 4. Although the LPD protocol
- 328 allows the value of copies to be different for each document, the commands and the receiving print systems don't support this.
- 329 ISSUE: should we register DVI, ditroff and troff. At least DVI and one of the troff is still in use.

### 4.4 Recommended Document Functions

- The mapper SHOULD receive one set of the recommended document functions with each document, and SHOULD include the
- converted information as parameters with each IPP document. The functions SHOULD be received in the order 'U' and 'N', but
- they MAY arrive in any order.

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LPD function			IPP	
name	value	description	name	value
**	ccc			
U	fff		ignored	
N	n	Name of source file	document-name	n

Note: the value 'fff' of the 'U' function is the name of the data file as transferred, e.g. "dfA123woden".

# 5. Mapping from IPP operations to LPD commands

- 337 If the IPP-to-LPD mapper receives an IPP operation, the following table summarizes the LPD command that it uses. Each section
- below gives the detail. Each of the following sub-sections appear as sub-sections of section 3 in the document "Internet Printing
- Protocol/1.0: Model and Semantics" [ipp-mod].

#### **IPP** operation

#### LPD command

Print-Job or Print-URI or Create-Job/Send-Document/Send-URI Validate-Job Cancel-Job Get-Attributes (printer or job) or Get-Jobs receive-a-printer-job and then print-any-waiting-jobs implemented by the mapper remove-jobs send queue state (short or long)

## 5.1 Get-Operations

The mapper SHALL return a list of the operations that it supports. It SHALL support at least those operations that are mandatory according to the IPP model document [ipp-mod].

## 5.1 Print-Job

- The mapper SHALL send the following commands in the order listed below:
- receive-a-printer-job command

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- both receive-control-file sub-command and receive-data-file sub-command
   (unspecified order, see Note below)
  - print-any-waiting-jobs command,
     except that if the mapper is sending a sequence of receive-a-printer-job commands, it MAY omit sending print-any-waiting-jobs after any receive-a printer-job command that is neither the first nor last command in this sequence
- Note: it is recommended that the order of the receive-control-file sub-command and the receive-data-file sub-command be
- configurable because either order fails for some print systems. Some print systems assume that the control file follows all data
- files and start printing immediately on receipt of the control file. When such a print system tries to print a data file that has not
- arrived, it produces an error. Other print systems assume that the control file arrives before the data files and start printing when
- the first data file arrives. Such a system ignores the control information, such as banner page or copies.
- NOTE: This specification does not define the mapping between the IPP printer-uri and the LPD printer-name.
- 358 The mapper SHALL send the IPP parameters and attributes received from the operation to the LPD printer by using the LPD
- receive-control-file sub-command. The mapper SHALL create the <u>LPD</u> job-number for use in the control file name, but the
- receiving printer MAY, in some circumstances, assign a different job-number to the job. The mapper SHALL create the IPP job-
- 361 <u>id and IPP</u> job-uri returned in the Print-Job response.
- NOTE: This specification does not specify how the mapper determines the <u>LPD</u> job-number, the <u>IPP</u> job-id or the <u>IPP</u> job-uri of
- a job that it creates nor does it specify the relation ship between the <u>IPP</u> job-uri, <u>IPP the job-id</u> and the <u>LPD</u> job-number, both of
- which the mapper creates. However, it is likely that the mapper will use the same integer value for both the LPD job-number and
- the IPP job-id, and that the IPP Job-uri is the printer's URI with the job-id concatenated on the end.
- The mapper SHALL send data received in the IPP operation to the LPD printer by using the LPD receive-data-file sub-command.
- 367 The mapper SHALL specify the exact number of bytes being transmitted in the number-of-bytes field of the receive-data-file sub-
- command. It SHALL NOT use a value of 0 in this field.
- 369 If the mapper, while it is transmitting a receive-a-printer-job command or sub-command, either detects that its IPP connection has
- closed or receives a Cancel-Job operation, the mapper SHALL terminate the LPD job either with the abort sub-command or the
- remove-jobs command.
- 372 ISSUE: error code conversion.

## **5.2 Print-URI**

- The mapper SHALL handle this operation in the same way as a Print-Job operation except that it SHALL obtain data referenced
- by the "document-uri" parameter and SHALL then treat that data as if it had been received via a Print-Job operation.

### 5.3 Validate-Job

- The mapper SHALL perform this operation directly. Because LPD supports very few attributes, this operation doesn't have much
- 378 to check.

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## 5.4 Create-Job

The mapper SHALL handle this operation like Print-Job, except

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- the mapper SHALL send the control file after it has received the last Send-Document or Send-URI operation because the control file contains all the document-name and document-format values specified in the Send-Document and Send-URI operations.
  - the mapper SHALL perform one receive-data-file sub-command for each Send-Document or Send-URI
    operation received and in the same order received.
  - the mapper SHALL send the control file either before all data files or after all data files.

    (See the note in the section on Print-Job about the dilemma of sending the control file either before or after the data files.

### 5.5 Send-Document

The mapper performs a receive-data-file sub-command on the received data. See the preceding section 5.4 "Create-Job" for the details.

### 5.6 Send-URI

- The mapper SHALL obtain the data referenced by the "document-uri" parameter, and SHALL then treat that data as if it had been received via a Send-Document operation. See the preceding section 5.5 "Send-Document" for the details.
  - 5.7 Cancel-Job
- The mapper SHALL perform a remove-jobs command with the following parameters:
  - the printer is the one to which the job was submitted, that is the IPP printer-uri is mapped to an LPD printername by the same mechanism as for all commands. containing the job specified by the IPP job-uri,
  - the agent is the authenticated user-name of the IPP client,
  - the job-number is the job-id returned by the Print-Job command, that is, the LPD job-number has the same value as the IPP job-id for likely implementations. one corresponding to the IPP job-uri parameter.
  - NOTE: This specification does not specify how the mapper maps the IPP "job-uri" to the LPD printer-name or LPD job-number.
- ISSUE: the model needs to offer a solution for mapping jobs to printers either with a new job attribute "printer-uri" or with all operation targets being a printer-uri.

### 5.8 Get-Attributes

- 406 LPD severely limits the set of attributes that the mapper is able to return in its response for this operation.
- When the mapper receives a Get-Attributes operation for a printer object, it SHALL support, at most, the following printer attributes:
- 409 printer-state
- printer-state-reasons
- When the mapper receives a Get-Attributes operation for a job object, it SHALL support, at most, the following job attributes:
- number-of-intervening-jobs
- job-originating-user-name

- 414 job-id<del>uri</del>
- 415 <u>→ job-originating-host</u>
- 416 document-name
- 417 job-k-octets
- 418 copies
- The mapper uses either the long or short form of the "send queue state" command. If it receives a request for the "job-originating-
- 420 host" or "job-k-octets" or "copies" and supports thethose attribute it SHALL use the long form; otherwise, it SHALL use the
- 421 short form.
- Note: the value of job-k-octets is the value in the short form divided by the number of "copies" which is on the long form only. Its
- 423 value can also be determined by adding the "size" field values for each document in the job in the long form., but it can be
- 424 computed from the copies and file size fields in the long form.
- The mapper SHALL assume that the LPD response that it receives has the format and information specified in section 3.3 "Send
- 426 queue state (short)" and section 3.4 "Send queue state (long)". The mapper SHALL determine the value of each requested
- 427 attribute by using the inverse of the mapping specified in the two aforementioned sections.
- Note: when the mapper receives the Get-Attributes operation for a printer, it can determine the response from the printer-status
- 429 line without examining the rest of the LPD response. When the mapper receives the Get-Attributes operation for a job and uses
- 430 the LPD short form, it can determine the response from the single line that pertains to the job specified by the Get-Attributes
- 431 operation.
- NOTE: for Get-Attributes of a job, the mapper can use its correspondence between the IPP job-id, job-uri and the LPD job-
- 433 number.

- 434 NOTE: For Get-Attributes of a job, this specification does *not* specify how the mapper maps the IPP "job-uri" to the LPD
- 435 printer-name or LPD job-number.

## 436 **5.9 Get-Jobs**

- 437 The mapper SHALL perform this operation in the same way as Get-Attributes of a printer except that the mapper converts the
- iob-lines, and the IPP response contains one job object for each job in the LPD response..

# 6. Mapping of IPP Parameters to LPD Control File Lines

- This section describes the mapping from IPP operation input parameters to LPD control file lines (called 'functions'). The
- 441 mapper receives the IPP operation input parameters via the IPP operation. Each of the IPP operation input parameters appear as
- sub-sections of section 3 and 4.2 in the IPP model document [ipp-mod].
- In the context of LPD control file lines, the text operands have a maximum length of 31 or 99 while IPP input parameters have a
- maximum of 255 characters. Therefore, there may be some data loss if the IPP parameters exceed the maximum length of the
- LPD equivalent operands.
- The mapper converts each supported IPP parameter to its corresponding LPD function as defined by tables in the subsections that
- follow. These subsections group functions according to whether they are:
- required with a job,
- optional with a job
- required with each document.

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In the tables below, each IPP value is given a name, such as 'h'. If an LPD value uses the IPP value, then the LPD value column contains the IPP name, such as 'h' to denote this. Otherwise, the LPD value column specifies the literal value.

## **6.1 Required Job Functions**

The mapper SHALL include the following LPD functions with each job, and they SHALL have the specified value. They SHALL be the first functions in the control file and they SHALL be in the order "H" and then "P".

IPP	LPD fu	LPD function			
name	value	name	value	description	
(perhaps in security layer)	h	Н	gateway host	Originating Host	
(in security layer)	и	P	и	User identification	

- 456 A mapper SHALL sends its own host rather than the client's host, because some LPD systems require that it be the same as the
- 457 host from which the remove-jobs command comes. A mapper MAY send its own user name as user identification rather than the
- client user. But in any case, the values sent SHALL be compatible with the LPD remove-jobs operation.

## **6.2 Optional Job Functions**

- The mapper MAY include the following LPD functions with each job. They SHALL have the specified value if they are sent.
- These functions, if present, SHALL follow the require job functions, and they SHALL precede the required document functions.

IPP attribute		LPD fu	ınction	
name	value	name	value	description
job-name	j	J	j	Job name for banner page
job-sheets	'standard'	L	и	Print banner page
job-sheets	'none'			omit 'L' function

Note: 'L' has special meaning when it is omitted. If 'M' is omitted, there is no notification. If 'J' is omitted, some undefined behavior occurs with respect to the banner page.

Note: the 'user' for the 'M' function comes from a substring of the notification-method's value.

## **6.3 Required Document Functions**

The mapper SHALL include one set of the following LPD functions with each document, and they SHALL have the specified values. For each document, the order of the functions SHALL be 'f', 'U' and then 'N', where 'f' is replicated once for each copy.

IPP attribute name value		LPD function name value description		
name	value	Hanie	value	description
document-format	'application/octet-stream' or 'application/PostScript' '37' (langAutomatic) or '6' (langPS).	f	fff	Print formatted file

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IPP attribute		LPD function		
name	value	name	value	description
copies	c			replicate 'f' 'c' times
none		U	fff	Unlink data file
document-name	n	N	n	Name of source file
Note: the value 'fff' o	of the 'f' and 'U' functions is the name of the	he data fil	e as transferre	d, e.g. "dfA123woden".

- Note: the mapper SHALL not send the 'o' function
- 472 ISSUE: should we register DVI, troff or ditroff?
- 473 If the mapper receives no "best-effort" or it has a value of false, then the mapper SHALL reject the job if it specifies attributes or attribute values that are not among those supported in the above tables.
- Below is an example of the minimal control file for a job with three copies of two files 'foo' and 'bar':
- 476 H tiger

- 477 P jones
- 478 f dfA123woden
- f dfA123woden
- 480 f dfA123woden
- 481 U dfA123woden
- 482 N foo
- 483 f dfB123woden
- 484 f dfB123woden
- f dfB123woden
- 486 U dfB123woden
- 487 N bar

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# 10. Appendix A: ABNF Syntax for response of Send-queue-state (short)

The syntax in ABNF for the response to the LPD command 'send-queue-state (long)' is: 514

```
status-response = empty-queue / nonempty-queue
           empty-queue = "no-entries" LF
516
           nonempty-queue = printer-status LF heading LF *(job LF)
517
           printer-status = OK-status / error-status
518
519
           OK-status = printer-name SP "ready and printing" LF
           error-status = < implementation dependent status information >
520
           heading = "Rank" 3SP "Owner" 6SP "Job" 13SP "Files"
521
                     23SP "Total Size" LF
522
                       ; the column headings and their values below begin at the columns
523
                       ; 1, 8, 19, 35 and 63
524
           job = rank *SP owner *SP job *SP files *SP total-size "bytes"
525
                             ; jobs are in order of oldest to newest
526
           rank = "active" / "1st" / "2nd" / "3rd" / integer "th"
527
                       ; job that is printing is "active"
528
                       ; other values show position in the queue
529
```

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```
owner = <user name of person who submitted the job>
job = 1*3DIGIT ; job-number
files = <file name> *( "," <file name>); truncated to 24 characters
total-size = 1*DIGIT ; combined size in bytes of all documents
```

# 11. Appendix B: ABNF Syntax for response of Send-queue-state (long)

The syntax in ABNF for the response to the LPD command 'send-queue-state (long)' is:

```
empty-queue = "no-entries" LF
537
            nonempty-queue = printer-status LF *job
538
            printer-status = OK-status / error-status
539
            OK-status = printer-name SP "ready and printing" LF
540
            error-status = < implementation dependent status information >
541
            job = LF line-1 LF line-2 LF
542
            line-1 = owner ":" SP rank 1*SP "[job" job SP host "]"
543
            line-2 = file-name 1*SP document-size "bytes"
544
                     ; jobs are in order of oldest to newest
545
            rank = "active" / "1st" / "2nd" / "3rd" / integer "th"
546
                 ; job that is printing is "active"
547
                 ; other values show position in the queue
548
            owner = <user name of person who submitted the job>
549
            job = 1*3DIGIT
550
            file-name = [ 1*DIGIT "copies of" SP ] <file name>
551
                    ; truncated to 24 characters
552
            document-size = 1*DIGIT ; size of single copy of the document.
553
```

status-response = empty-queue / nonempty-queue

# 12. Appendix C: Unsupported LPD functions

The follow LPD functions have no IPP equivalent. The LPD-to-IPP mapper ignores them and the IPP-to-LPD mapper does not send them.

El D communa		
name	description	
~		
C	Class for banner page	
I	Indent Printing	
<u>H</u>	Host of client	
$\underline{\mathbf{M}}$	Mail when printed	
S	Symbolic link data	
T	Title for pr	
W	Width of output	
1	troff R font	
2	troff I font	
3	troff B font	
4	troff S font	

The follow LPD functions specify document-formats which have no IPP equivalent, unless someone registers them. The LPD-to-IPP mapper rejects jobs that request such a document format, and the IPP-to-LPD mapper does not send them.

#### LPD command

LPD command

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name	description
c	Plot CIF file
d	Print DVI file
g	Plot file
k	reserved for Kerberized clients and servers
n	Print ditroff output file
p	Print file with 'pr' format
r	File to print with FORTRAN carriage control
t	Print troff output file
V	Print raster file
Z	reserved for future use with the Palladium print system

ISSUE: we may move some of these to the supported list.